

**MODEL:  
PCIE-Q870-i2**

**Full-Size PICMG 1.3 CPU Card Supports LGA1150 Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3, Pentium® or Celeron® CPU, Intel® Q87 Chipset, DDR3, VGA, iDP, Dual Intel® PCIe GbE, SATA 6Gb/s, PCIe Mini, mSATA, RS-232, HD Audio, iRIS-2400 and RoHS**

## **User Manual**

# Revision

Date	Version	Changes
November 13, 2015	1.05	Updated Section 1.6: Technical Specifications Updated Section 2.4: Optional Items Updated Chapter 5: BIOS
March 23, 2015	1.04	Updated Section 4.3.3: Flash Descriptor Security Override Jumper
November 5, 2014	1.03	Updated PCIe specifications on page 7
June 16, 2014	1.02	Modified LAN pinouts Updated Chapter 2: Packing List
March 24, 2014	1.01	Deleted I <sup>2</sup> C information Updated Section 2.4: Optional Items
January 14, 2014	1.00	Initial release

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# Manual Conventions

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## **WARNING**

Warnings appear where overlooked details may cause damage to the equipment or result in personal injury. Warnings should be taken seriously.



## **CAUTION**

Cautionary messages should be heeded to help reduce the chance of losing data or damaging the product.



## **NOTE**

These messages inform the reader of essential but non-critical information. These messages should be read carefully as any directions or instructions contained therein can help avoid making mistakes.



## **HOT SURFACE**

This symbol indicates a hot surface that should not be touched without taking care.

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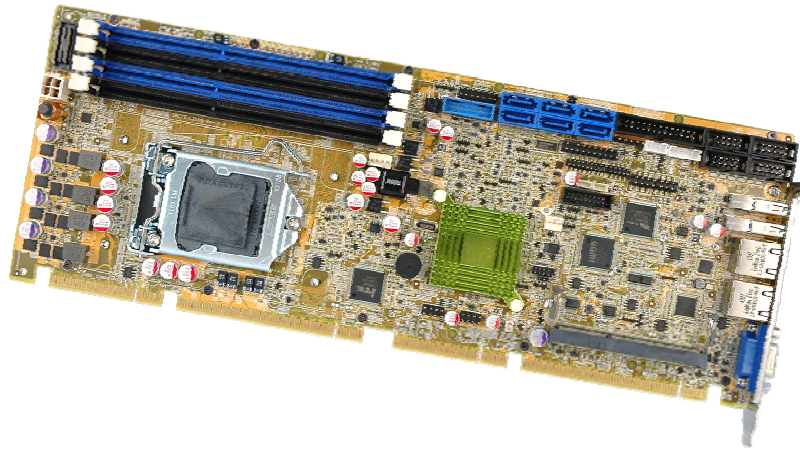
Chapter

1

# Introduction

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## 1.1 Introduction



**Figure 1-1: PCIE-Q870-i2**

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is a PICMG 1.3 CPU card. It accepts a Socket LGA1150 Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3, Pentium® or Celeron® processor and supports four 240-pin 1600/1333 MHz dual-channel DDR3 DIMM modules up to 32 GB.

The PCIE-Q870-i2 provides two GbE interfaces through the Intel® I217LM (with Intel® AMT 9.0 support) and the Intel® I210 PCIe controllers. The integrated Intel® Q87 chipset supports six SATA 6Gb/s drives. In addition, the PCIE-Q870-i2 includes VGA and iDP interfaces for dual independent display.

Two USB 3.0 on the rear panel, two USB 3.0 by pin header, four USB 2.0 by pin headers, four USB 2.0 by pin headers on backplane, four RS-232 and one PCIe Mini interface with mSATA support provide flexible expansion options. High Definition Audio (HDA) support ensures HDA devices can be easily implemented on the PCIE-Q870-i2.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 1.2 Features

Some of the PCIE-Q870-i2 motherboard features are listed below:

- PICMG 1.3 full-size solution
- LGA1150 Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3, Pentium® or Celeron® processor supported
- Intel® Q87 chipset
- Four 240-pin 1600/1333 MHz dual-channel DDR3 DIMMs support up to 32 GB
- Dual independent display by VGA and iDP interfaces
- Supports IPMI 2.0 via iRIS-2400 module
- One PCIe Mini slot with mSATA support
- Two Intel® PCIe GbE connectors (LAN1 with Intel® AMT 9.0 support)
- Six SATA 6Gb/s connectors support RAID 0, 1, 5, 10
- Stiffener bars prevent the PCB bending and damage of components on the solder side
- TPM V1.2 hardware security function supported by TPM module
- High Definition Audio
- RoHS compliant

### 1.3 Connectors

The connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2 are shown in the figure below.

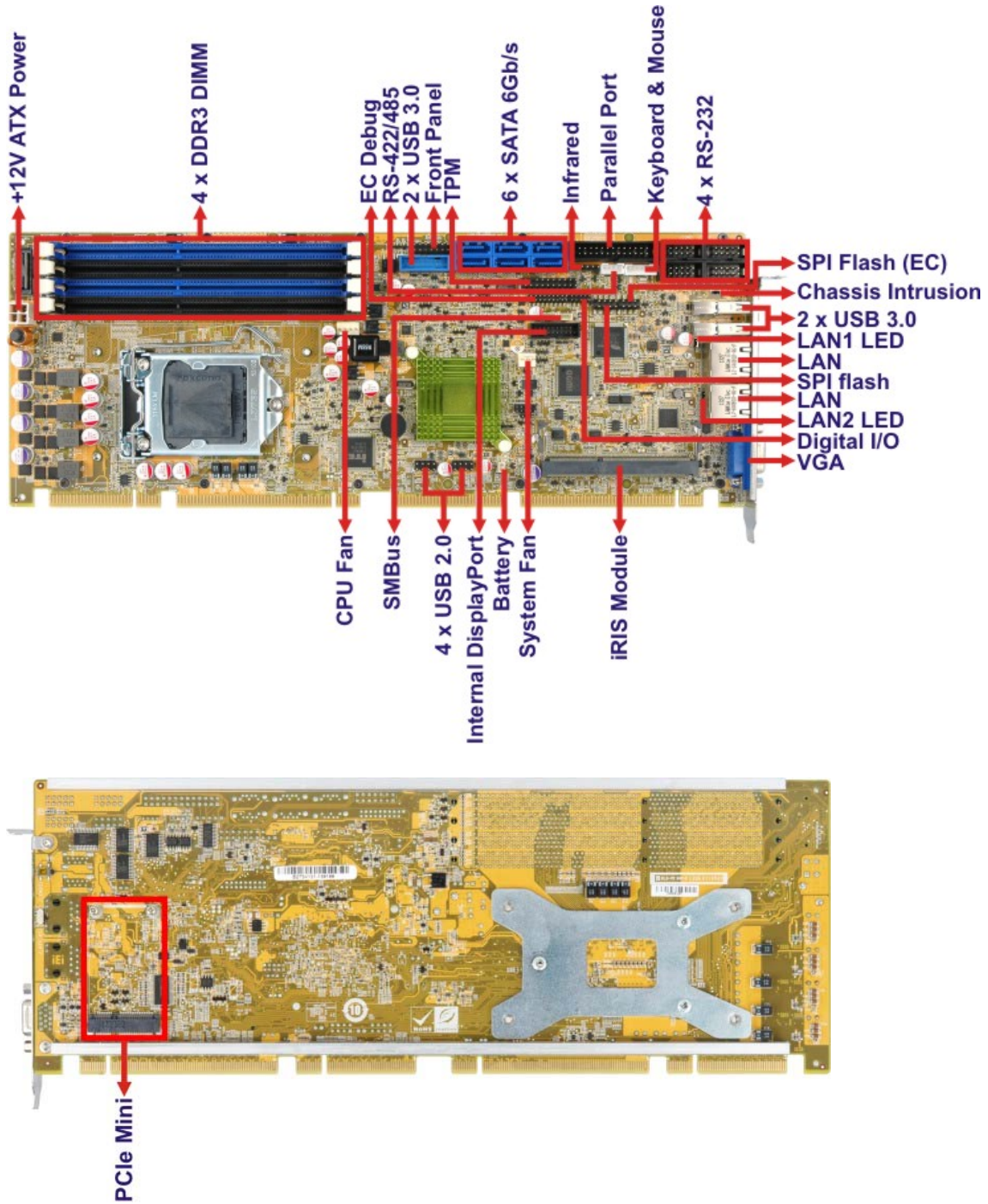


Figure 1-2: Connectors

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 1.4 Dimensions

The main dimensions of the PCIE-Q870-i2 are shown in the diagram below.

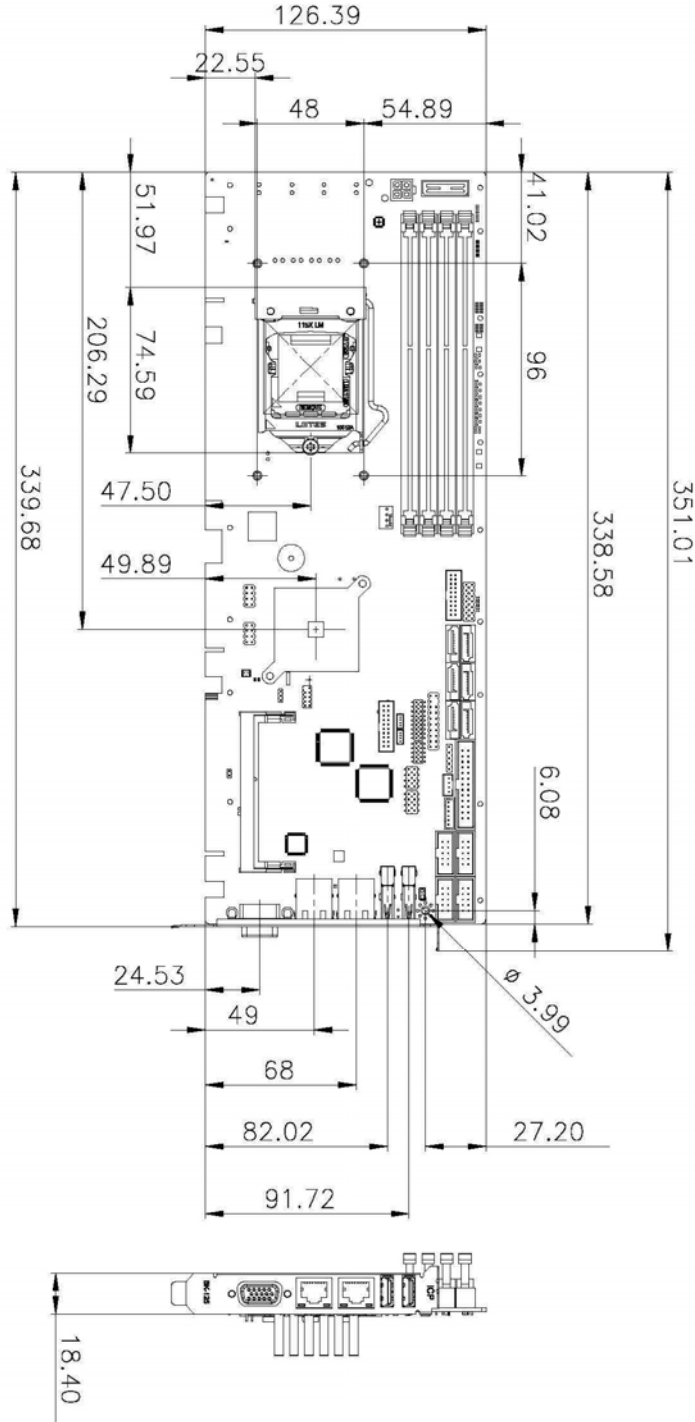


Figure 1-3: PCIE-Q870-i2 Dimensions (mm)

### 1.5 Data Flow

Figure 1-4 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.

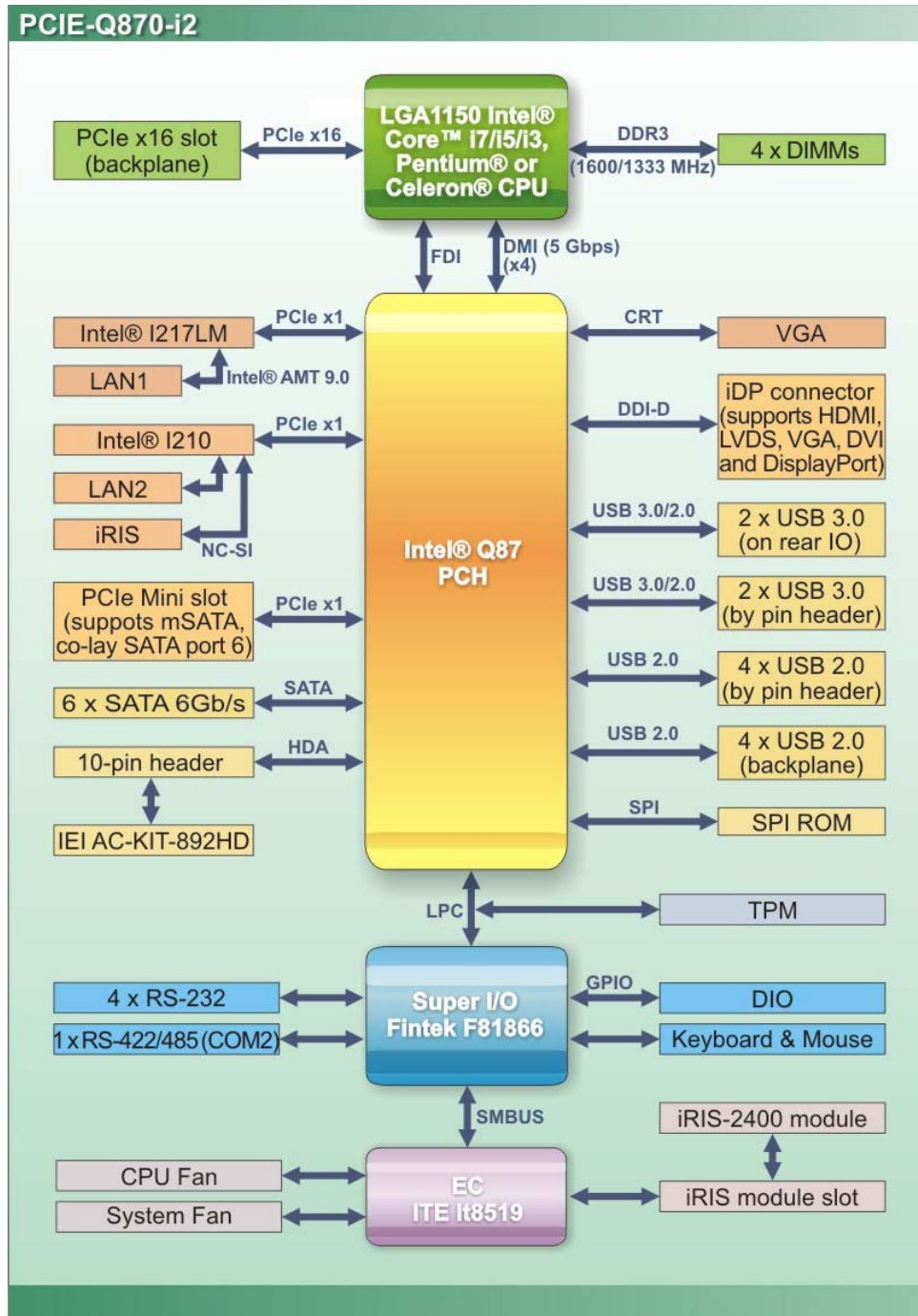


Figure 1-4: Data Flow Diagram

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 1.6 Technical Specifications

The PCIE-Q870-i2 technical specifications are listed below.

Specification/Model	PCIE-Q870-i2
<b>Form Factor</b>	PICMG 1.3
<b>CPU Supported</b>	LGA1150 Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3, Pentium® or Celeron® CPU
<b>Chipset</b>	Intel® Q87
<b>Memory</b>	Four 240-pin 1600/1333 MHz dual-channel ECC/non-ECC unbuffered DDR3/DDR3L SDRAM DIMMs support (system max. 32 GB)
<b>Graphics Engine</b>	Intel® HD Graphics Gen 7.5 supports DirectX 11.1, OpenCL 1.2 and OpenGL 3.2 Full MPEG2, VC1, AVC Decode
<b>Audio</b>	Supports by IEI AC-KIT-892HD audio kit
<b>BIOS</b>	UEFI BIOS B273APxx supports four PCIe x1 slots (default) B273ARxx supports one PCIe x4 slot
<b>Ethernet Controllers</b>	<b>LAN1:</b> Intel® I217LM PHY with Intel® AMT 9.0 support <b>LAN2:</b> Intel® I210 PCIe Ethernet controller with NC-SI support
<b>Super I/O Controller</b>	Fintek F81866
<b>EC</b>	IWDD
<b>Watchdog Timer</b>	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset
<b>Expansions</b>	One PCIe Mini slot supports PCIe x1, USB devices and mSATA (co-lay SATA port 6) PCI signal by ITE IT8892 (PCIe-to-PCI bridge) 4 x PCI link via golden finger <b>16-lane PCIe link from CPU via golden finger:</b> Support one PCIe x16 slot on the backplane <b>4-lane PCIe link from PCH via golden finger:</b> Support either one PCIe x4 slot or four PCIe x1 slots on the backplane For installing the PCIe x4 device on the backplane, the user must update BIOS to the version which supports one PCIe x4 slot

<b>I/O Interface Connectors</b>	
<b>Audio Connector</b>	One internal audio connector (10-pin header)
<b>Chassis Intrusion</b>	One 2-pin header
<b>Digital I/O</b>	8-bit digital I/O
<b>Display Output</b>	One VGA (up to 1920 x 1200, 60 Hz) One iDP interface for HDMI, LVDS, VGA, DVI and DisplayPort (up to 3840 x 2160, 60 Hz)
<b>Ethernet</b>	Two RJ-45 GbE ports
<b>Fan</b>	One 4-pin smart fan connector (CPU fan) One 3-pin fan connector (system fan)
<b>Front Panel</b>	One 14-pin header (power LED, HDD LED, IPMI LED, speaker, power button, reset button)
<b>Infrared</b>	One via 5-pin header
<b>IPMI 2.0</b>	One iRIS module slot
<b>Keyboard and Mouse</b>	One 6-pin wafer connector
<b>LAN LEDs</b>	Two 2-pin headers for LAN1 LED and LAN2 LED (active)
<b>Parallel Port</b>	One parallel port via internal 26-pin box header
<b>Serial ATA</b>	Six SATA 6Gb/s connectors (support RAID 0, 1, 5, 10)
<b>Serial Ports</b>	Four RS-232 via internal box headers One RS-422/485 via internal 4-pin wafer connector
<b>SMBus</b>	One 4-pin wafer connector
<b>TPM</b>	One via 20-pin header
<b>USB Ports</b>	Two external USB 3.0 ports on rear IO Two internal USB 3.0 ports by pin header Four internal USB 2.0 ports by pin headers Four internal USB 2.0 ports by pin headers on backplane
<b>Environmental and Power Specifications</b>	
<b>Power Supply</b>	5V/12V, AT/ATX power supported



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

<b>Power Consumption</b>	5V@3.55A , 12V@0.37A, Vcore_12V@7.61A, 3.3V@1.55A, 5VSB@0.13A (3.9 GHz Intel® Core™ i7-4770K CPU with four 4 GB 1333 MHz DDR3 memory)
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	-20°C ~ 60°C
<b>Storage Temperature</b>	-30°C ~ 70°C
<b>Humidity</b>	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Physical Specifications</b>	
<b>Dimensions</b>	338 mm x 126 mm
<b>Weight (GW/NW)</b>	1200 g/420 g

**Table 1-1: PCIE-Q870-i2 Specifications**

Chapter

**2**

# Packing List

---

## 2.1 Anti-static Precautions

---



### WARNING!

Static electricity can destroy certain electronics. Make sure to follow the ESD precautions to prevent damage to the product, and injury to the user.

---

Make sure to adhere to the following guidelines:

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** Wearing an anti-static wristband can prevent electrostatic discharge.
- **Self-grounding:** Touch a grounded conductor every few minutes to discharge any excess static buildup.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring any circuit board, place it on an anti-static mat.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:** Don't touch the surface of the motherboard. Hold the motherboard by the edges when handling.

## 2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the PCIE-Q870-i2 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static guidelines above.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards when opening.
- Make sure all the packing list items are present.

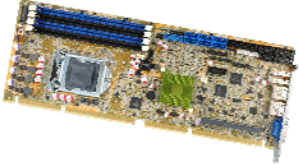




## 2.3 Packing List





**NOTE:**

If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the PCIE-Q870-i2 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to [sales@ieiworld.com](mailto:sales@ieiworld.com).

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	PCIE-Q870-i2 CPU card	
2	SATA cable (P/N: 32000-062800-RS)	
1	Dual RS-232 cable (P/N: 19800-000051-RS)	
1	Dual-port USB cable with bracket (P/N: 19800-003100-300-RS)	
1	One Key Recovery CD	







## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

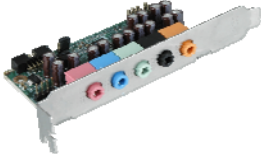







Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	Utility CD	
1	Quick Installation Guide	

**Table 2-1: Packing List**




## 2.4 Optional Items

The following are optional components which may be separately purchased:

Item and Part Number	Image
iRIS-2400 module, IPMI 2.0 adapter card with AST2400 BMC chip for DDR3 SO-DIMM socket interface (P/N: iRIS-2400-R10)	
RS-422/485 cable, 200 mm (P/N: 32205-003800-300-RS)	
Dual-port USB 3.0 cable with bracket (P/N: 19800-010500-200-RS)	
KB/MS cable with bracket (P/N: 19800-000075-RS)	
SATA power cable (P/N: 32102-000100-200-RS)	
LPT cable (P/N: 32200-015100-RS)	

Item and Part Number	Image
<p>7.1-channel HD audio kit with Realtek ALC892 audio codec supporting dual audio stream (P/N: AC-KIT-892HD-R10)</p>	
<p>DisplayPort to HDMI converter board for IEI IDP connector (P/N: DP-HDMI-R10)</p>	
<p>DisplayPort to LVDS converter board for IEI IDP connector (P/N: DP-LVDS-R10)</p>	
<p>DisplayPort to VGA converter board for IEI IDP connector (P/N: DP-VGA-R10)</p>	
<p>DisplayPort to DVI-D converter board for IEI IDP connector (P/N: DP-DVI-R10)</p>	
<p>DisplayPort to DisplayPort converter board for IEI iDP connector (P/N: DP-DP-R10)</p>	
<p>Infineon TPM module (P/N: TPM-IN01-R11)</p>	
<p>LGA1150 cooler kit (high-performance compatible, 65W) (P/N: CF-1150SB-R11)</p>	

**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**

Item and Part Number	Image
LGA1150 cooler kit (1U chassis compatible, 65W) (P/N: CF-1150SC-R20)	
LGA1150 cooler kit (high-performance compatible, 95W) (P/N: CF-1150SE-R10)	
LGA1150 cooler kit (107x70x35, 54W) (P/N: CF-1150SF-R10)	

**Table 2-2: Optional Items**

Chapter

**3**

# Connectors

---



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

This chapter details all the peripheral interface connectors.

#### 3.1.1 PCIE-Q870-i2 Layout

The figures below show all the peripheral interface connectors.

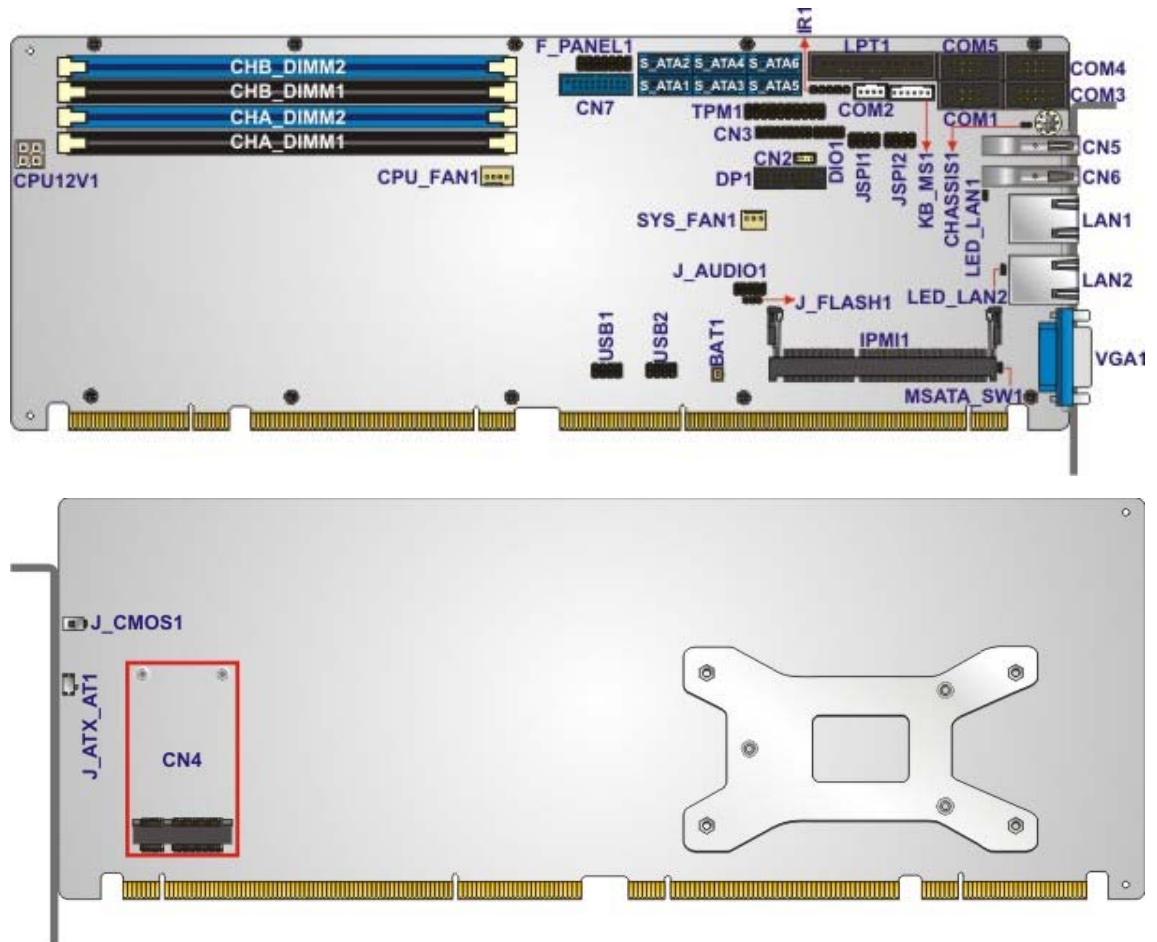


Figure 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

### 3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below lists all the connectors on the board.

Connector	Type	Label
+12V ATX power supply connector	4-pin Molex power connector	CPU12V1
Audio kit connector	10-pin header	J_AUDIO1
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	BAT1
Chassis intrusion connector	2-pin header	CHASSIS1
DDR3 DIMM sockets	240-pin socket	CHA_DIMM1, CHA_DIMM2, CHB_DIMM1, CHB_DIMM2
Digital I/O connector	10-pin header	DIO1
EC debug connector	18-pin header	CN3
Fan connector (CPU)	4-pin wafer	CPU_FAN1
Fan connector (system)	3-pin wafer	SYS_FAN1
Front panel connector	14-pin header	F_PANEL1
Internal DisplayPort connector	19-pin box header	DP1
Infrared connector	5-pin header	IR1
iRIS module slot	iRIS module slot	IPMI1
Keyboard and mouse connector	6-pin wafer	KB_MS1
LAN1 LED connector	2-pin header	LED_LAN1
LAN2 LED connector	2-pin header	LED_LAN2
Parallel port connector	26-pin box header	LPT1
PCIe Mini slot	PCIe Mini	CN4
SATA 6Gb/s drive connector	7-pin SATA connector	S_ATA1, S_ATA2, S_ATA3, S_ATA4, S_ATA5, S_ATA6

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Connector	Type	Label
Serial port, RS-232	10-pin box header	COM1, COM3, COM4, COM5
Serial port, RS-422/485	4-pin wafer	COM2
SMBus connector	4-pin wafer	CN2
SPI flash connector	8-pin header	JSPI1
SPI flash connector, EC	8-pin header	JSPI2
TPM connector	20-pin header	TPM1
USB 2.0 connectors	8-pin header	USB1, USB2
USB 3.0 connector	19-pin box header	CN7

**Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors**

### 3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors

The table below lists the connectors on the external I/O panel.

Connector	Type	Label
Ethernet connectors	RJ-45	LAN1, LAN2
USB 3.0 ports	USB 3.0	CN5, CN6
VGA connector	15-pin female	VGA1

**Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors**

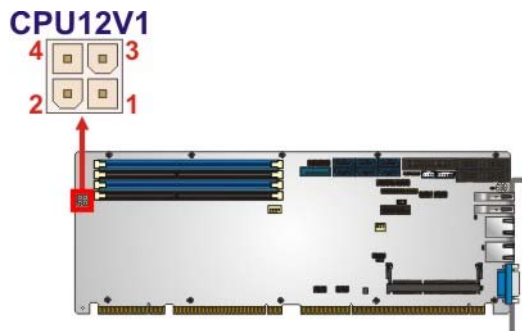
### 3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

The section describes all of the connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2.

#### 3.2.1 +12V ATX Power Supply Connector

- CN Label:** CPU12V1
- CN Type:** 4-pin Molex power connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-2**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-3**

This connector provides power to the CPU.



**Figure 3-2: ATX Power Connector Pinout Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	GND
3	+12V	4	+12V

**Table 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinouts**

#### 3.2.2 Audio Kit Connector

- CN Label:** J\_AUDIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-3**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-4**

This connector connects to an external audio kit.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

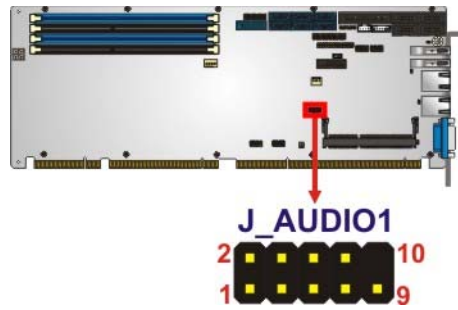


Figure 3-3: Audio Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	HDA_SYNC	2	HDA_BIT_CLK
3	HDA_SDOOUT	4	HDA_SPKR
5	HDA_SDIN	6	HDA_RST#
7	HDA_VCC	8	HDA_GND
9	HDA_+12V	10	HDA_GND

Table 3-4: Audio Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.3 Battery Connector



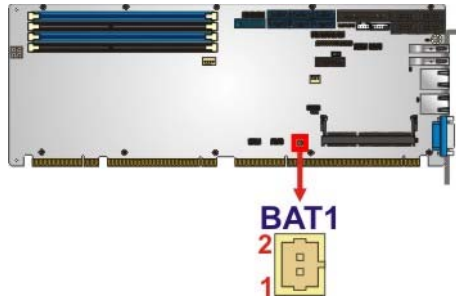
**CAUTION:**

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

- CN Label:** BAT1
- CN Type:** 2-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-4**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-5**

This is connected to the system battery. The battery provides power to the system clock to retain the time when power is turned off.



**Figure 3-4: Battery Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	VBATT
2	GND

**Table 3-5: Battery Connector (BAT1) Pinouts**

### 3.2.4 Chassis Intrusion Connector

- CN Label:** CHASSIS1
- CN Type:** 2-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-5**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-6**

The chassis intrusion connector is for a chassis intrusion detection sensor or switch that detects if a chassis component is removed or replaced.



**Figure 3-5: Chassis Intrusion Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	+3.3VSB
2	CHASSIS OPEN

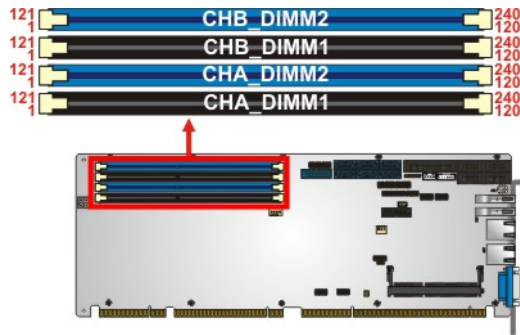
**Table 3-6: Chassis Intrusion Connector Pinouts**

**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**

**3.2.5 DDR3 DIMM Slots**

- CN Label:** CHA\_DIMM1, CHA\_DIMM2, CHB\_DIMM1, CHB\_DIMM2
- CN Type:** DDR3 DIMM slot
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-6**

The DIMM slots are for DDR3 DIMM memory modules.

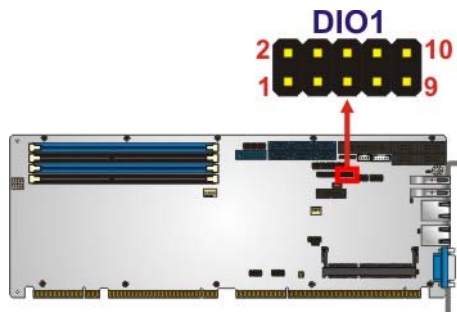


**Figure 3-6: DDR3 DIMM Slot Locations**

**3.2.6 Digital I/O Connector**

- CN Label:** DIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-7**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-7**

The digital I/O connector provides programmable input and output for external devices. The digital I/O provides 4-bit output and 4-bit input.



**Figure 3-7: Digital I/O Connector Location**

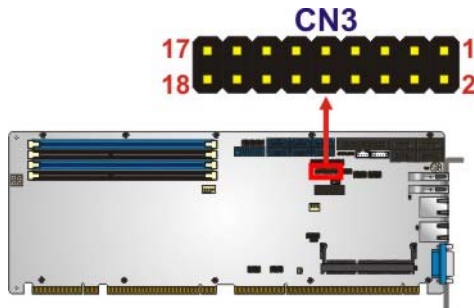
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	VCC
3	Output 3	4	Output 2
5	Output 1	6	Output 0
7	Input 3	8	Input 2
9	Input 1	10	Input 0

**Table 3-7: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.7 EC Debug Connector

- CN Label:** CN3
- CN Type:** 18-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-8**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-8**

The EC debug connector is used for EC debug.



**Figure 3-8: EC Debug Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	EC_EPP_STB#	2	EC_EPP_AFD#
3	EC_EPP_PD0	4	NC
5	EC_EPP_PD1	6	EC_EPP_INIT#
7	EC_EPP_PD2	8	EC_EPP_SLIN#
9	EC_EPP_PD3	10	GND
11	EC_EPP_PD4	12	NC
13	EC_EPP_PD5	14	EC_EPP_BUSY



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

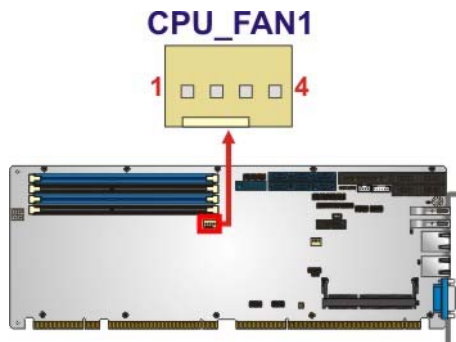
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
15	EC_EPP_PD6	16	EC_EPP_KSI5
17	EC_EPP_PD7	18	EC_EPP_KSI4

**Table 3-8: EC Debug Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.8 Fan Connector (CPU)

- CN Label:** CPU\_FAN1
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-9
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-9

The fan connector attaches to a CPU cooling fan.



**Figure 3-9: CPU Fan Connector Location**

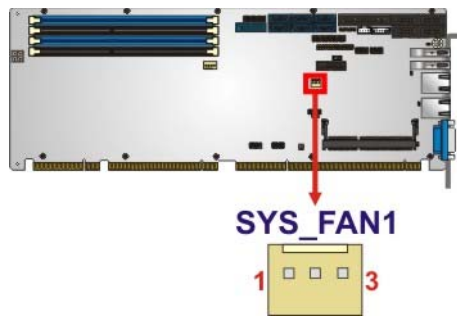
Pin	Description
1	GND
2	+12V
3	FANIO
4	PWM

**Table 3-9: CPU Fan Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.9 Fan Connector (System)

- CN Label:**        **SYS\_FAN1**
- CN Type:**        3-pin wafer
- CN Location:**    See **Figure 3-10**
- CN Pinouts:**     See **Table 3-10**

The fan connector attaches to a system cooling fan.



**Figure 3-10: System Fan Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	FANIO
2	+12V (PWM)
3	GND

**Table 3-10: System Fan Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.10 Front Panel Connector

- CN Label:**        **F\_PANEL1**
- CN Type:**        14-pin header
- CN Location:**    See **Figure 3-11**
- CN Pinouts:**     See **Table 3-11**

The front panel connector connects to the indicator LEDs and buttons on the computer's front panel.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

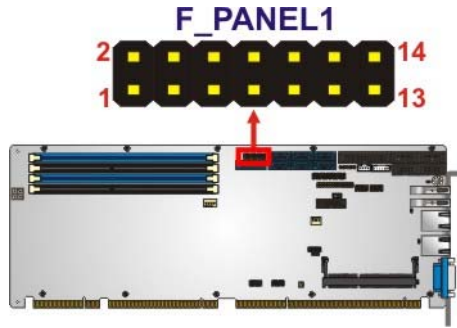


Figure 3-11: Front Panel Connector Location

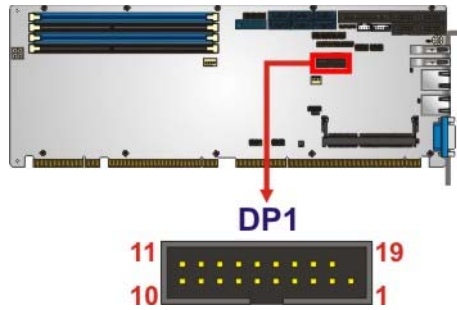
Function	Pin	Description	Function	Pin	Description
Power LED	1	+5V	Speaker	2	BEEP_PWR
	3	NC	IPMI LED	4	IPMI ID_LED+
	5	GND		6	IPMI ID_LED-
Power Button	7	PWRBTN_SW#	Speaker	8	PC_BEEP
	9	GND		10	NC
HDD LED	11	+5V	Reset	12	EXTRST-
	13	SATA_LED#		14	GND

Table 3-11: Front Panel Connector Pinouts

3.2.11 Internal DisplayPort Connector

- CN Label:** DP1
- CN Type:** 19-pin box header
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-12
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-12

The DisplayPort connector supports HDMI, LVDS, VGA, DVI and DisplayPort graphics interfaces with up to 3840x2160 resolution.



**Figure 3-12: Internal DisplayPort Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	+5V	11	AUXP
2	LANE1N	12	AUXN
3	LANE1P	13	GND
4	GND	14	LANE2P
5	LANE3N	15	LANE2N
6	LANE3P	16	GND
7	GND	17	LANE0P
8	AUX_CTRL_DET_D	18	LANE0N
9	GND	19	+3.3V
10	HPD		

**Table 3-12: Internal DisplayPort Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.12 Infrared Interface Connector

- CN Label:** IR1
- CN Type:** 5-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-13**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-13**

The infrared connector attaches to an infrared receiver for use with remote controls.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

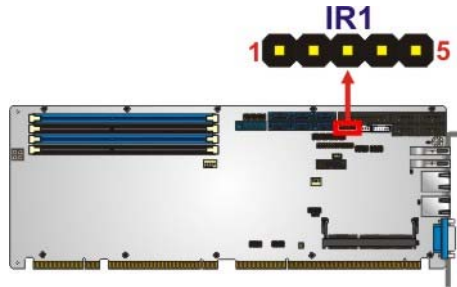


Figure 3-13: Infrared Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5V
2	NC
3	IRRX
4	GND
5	IRTX

Table 3-13: Infrared Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.13 iRIS Module Slot

- CN Label:** IPMI1
- CN Type:** iRIS module slot
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-14**

The iRIS module slot allows installation of the iRIS-2400 module.

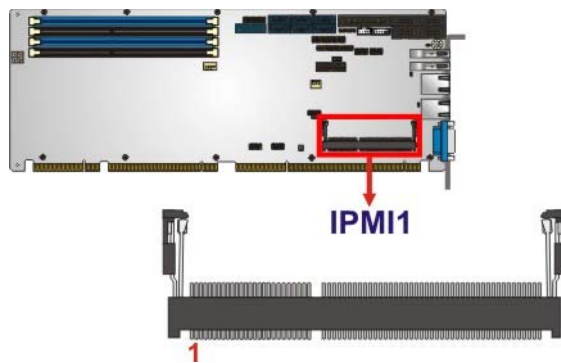


Figure 3-14: iRIS Module Slot Location



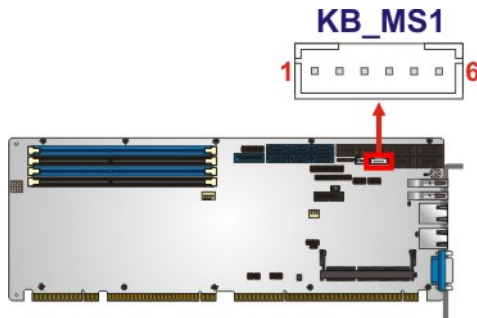
**WARNING:**

The iRIS module slot is designed to install the iRIS-2400 module only. DO NOT install other modules into the iRIS module slot. Doing so may cause damage to the PCIE-Q870-i2.

**3.2.14 Keyboard and Mouse Connector**

- CN Label:** KB\_MS1
- CN Type:** 6-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-15**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-14**

The keyboard and mouse connector connects to a PS/2 Y-cable that can be connected to a PS/2 keyboard and mouse.



**Figure 3-15: Keyboard and Mouse Connector Location**

Pin	Description
1	VCC
2	Mouse Data
3	Mouse Clock
4	Keyboard Data
5	Keyboard Clock
6	GND

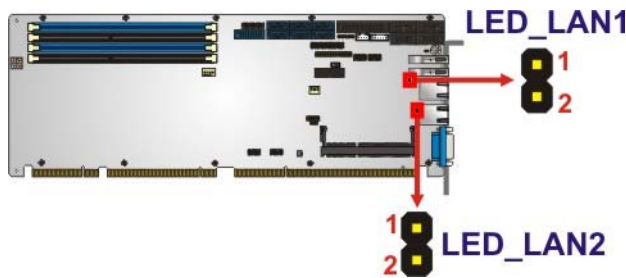
**Table 3-14: Keyboard and Mouse Connector Pinouts**

**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**

**3.2.15 LAN LED Connectors**

- CN Label:** LED\_LAN1, LED\_LAN2
- CN Type:** 2-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-16**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-15** and **Table 3-16**

The LAN LED connectors are used to connect to the LAN LED indicators on the chassis to indicate users the link activities of the two LAN ports.



**Figure 3-16: LAN LED Connector Locations**

Pin	Description
1	+3.3V
2	LAN1_LED_LINK#_ACT

**Table 3-15: LAN1 LED Connector (LED\_LAN1) Pinouts**

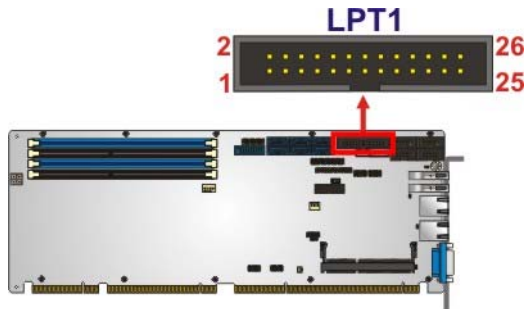
Pin	Description
1	+3.3V
2	LAN2_LED_LINK#_ACT

**Table 3-16: LAN2 LED Connector (LED\_LAN2) Pinouts**

**3.2.16 Parallel Port Connector**

- CN Label:** LPT1
- CN Type:** 26-pin box header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-17**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-17**

The parallel port connector connects to a parallel port connector interface or some other parallel port device such as a printer.



**Figure 3-17: Parallel Port Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	STROBE#	2	DATA0
3	DATA1	4	DATA2
5	DATA3	6	DATA4
7	DATA5	8	DATA6
9	DATA7	10	ACKNOWLEDGE#
11	BUSY	12	PAPER EMPTY
13	PRINTER SELECT	14	AUTO FORM FEED #
15	ERROR#	16	INITIALIZE#
17	PRINTER SELECT LN#	18	GND
19	GND	20	GND
21	GND	22	GND
23	GND	24	GND
25	GND		

**Table 3-17: Parallel Port Connector Pinouts**

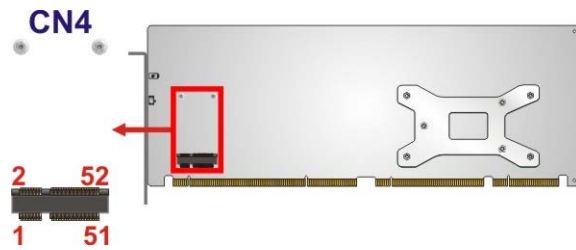


## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 3.2.17 PCIe Mini Card Slot

- CN Label:** CN4
- CN Type:** PCIe Mini card slot
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-18**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-18**

The PCIe Mini card slot is for installing a PCIe Mini expansion card.



**Figure 3-18: PCIe Mini Card Slot Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	+3.3V
3	N/C	4	GND
5	N/C	6	1.5V
7	N/C	8	N/C
9	GND	10	N/C
11	MSATA_CLK#	12	N/C
13	MSATA_CLK	14	N/C
15	GND	16	N/C
17	PLTRST_N	18	GND
19	N/C	20	+3.3V
21	GND	22	PLTRST_N
23	SATA_RX+	24	+3.3V
25	SATA_RX-	26	GND
27	GND	28	1.5V
29	GND	30	SMB_CLK
31	SATA_TX-	32	SMB_DATA
33	SATA_TX+	34	GND

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
35	GND	36	USB_DATA-
37	GND	38	USB_DATA+
39	+3.3V	40	GND
41	+3.3V	42	N/C
43	+3.3V	44	N/C
45	CLINK_CLK	46	N/C
47	CLINK_DATA	48	1.5V
49	CLINK_RST#	50	GND
51	MSATA_DET	52	+3.3V

**Table 3-18: PCIe Mini Card Slot Pinouts**

### 3.2.18 SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector

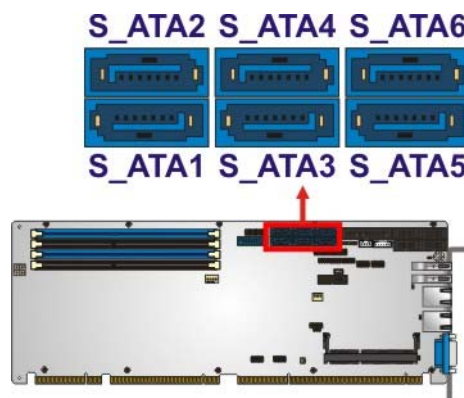
**CN Label:** S\_ATA1, S\_ATA2, S\_ATA3, S\_ATA4, S\_ATA5, S\_ATA6

**CN Type:** 7-pin SATA drive connector

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-19**

The SATA drive connectors can be connected to SATA drives and support up to 6Gb/s data transfer rate.



**Figure 3-19: SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector Location**

**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**

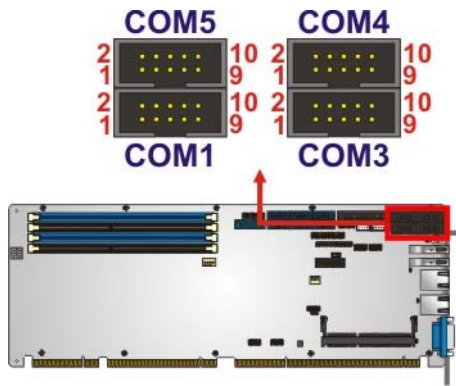
Pin	Description
1	GND
2	SATA_TX+
3	SATA_TX-
4	GND
5	SATA_RX-
6	SATA_RX+
7	GND

**Table 3-19: SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector Pinouts**

**3.2.19 Serial Port Connectors, RS-232**

- CN Label:** COM1, COM3, COM4, COM5
- CN Type:** 10-pin box header
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-20
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-20

Each of these connectors provides RS-232 connections.



**Figure 3-20: Serial Port Connector Location**

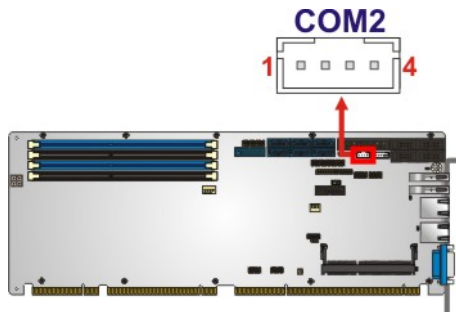
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DCD	2	DSR
3	RXD	4	RST
5	TXD	6	CTS
7	DTR	8	RI
9	GND	10	GND

**Table 3-20: RS-232 Serial Port Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.20 Serial Port Connector, RS-422/485

- CN Label:** COM2
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-21**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-21**

This connector provides RS-422 or RS-485 communications.



**Figure 3-21: RS-422/485 Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	RXD422-	3	TXD422+/TXD485+
2	RXD422+	4	TXD422-/TXD485-

**Table 3-21: RS-422/485 Connector Pinouts**

Use the optional RS-422/485 cable to connect to a serial device. The pinouts of the DB-9 connector are listed below.

**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**

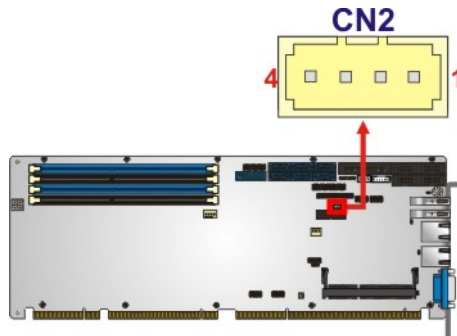
RS-422 Pinouts	RS-485 Pinouts

**Table 3-22: DB-9 RS-422/485 Pinouts**

**3.2.21 SMBus Connector**

- CN Label:** CN2
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-22**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-23**

The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector provides low-speed system management communications.



**Figure 3-22: SMBus Connector Location**

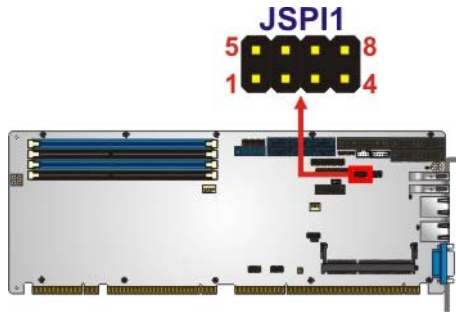
Pin	Description
1	GND
2	SMB_DATA
3	SMB_CLK
4	+5V

**Table 3-23: SMBus Connector Pinouts**

**3.2.22 SPI Flash Connector**

- CN Label:** JSPI1
- CN Type:** 8-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-23**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-24**

The SPI flash connector is used to flash the SPI ROM.



**Figure 3-23: SPI Flash Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	+3.3V	2	SPI_CS#
3	SPI_SO	4	NC
5	GND	6	SPI_CLK
7	SPI_SI	8	NC

**Table 3-24: SPI Flash Connector Pinouts**

**3.2.23 SPI Flash Connector, EC**

- CN Label:** JSPI2
- CN Type:** 8-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-24**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-25**

The SPI flash connector is used to flash the EC ROM.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

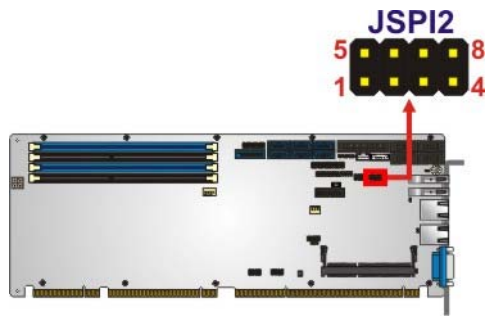


Figure 3-24: SPI EC Flash Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	+3.3V	2	SPI_CS#
3	SPI_SO	4	NC
5	GND	6	SPI_CLK
7	SPI_SI	8	NC

Table 3-25: SPI EC Flash Connector Pinouts

3.2.24 TPM Connector

- CN Label:** TPM1
- CN Type:** 20-pin header
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-25
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-26

The TPM connector connects to a TPM module.

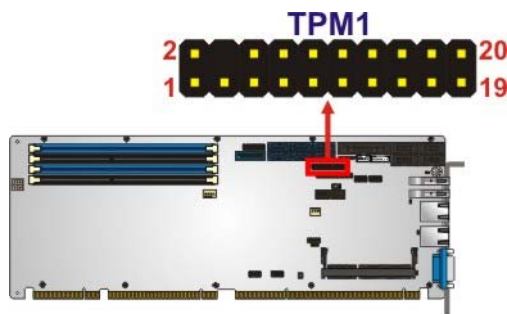


Figure 3-25: TPM Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	LCLK	2	GND
3	LFRAME#	4	KEY
5	LRERST#	6	+5V
7	LAD3	8	LAD2
9	+3.3V	10	LAD1
11	LAD0	12	GND
13	SCL	14	SDA
15	SB3V	16	SERIRQ
17	GND	18	GLKRUN#
19	LPCPD#	20	LDRQ#

**Table 3-26: TPM Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.25 USB 2.0 Connectors

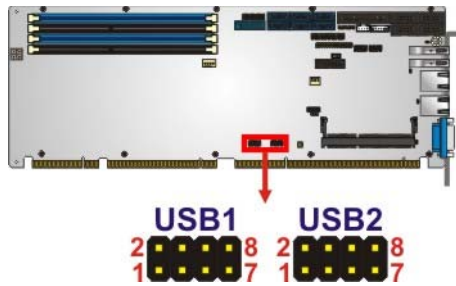
**CN Label:** USB1, USB2

**CN Type:** 8-pin header

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-26

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-27

The USB 2.0 connectors connect to USB 2.0 devices. Each pin header provides two USB 2.0 ports.



**Figure 3-26: USB 2.0 Connector Pinout Locations**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	2	GND
3	USB_DATA-	4	USB_DATA+



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

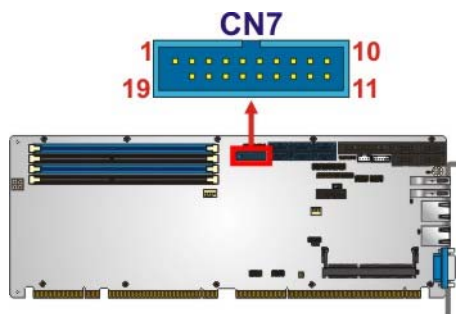
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
5	USB_DATA+	6	USB_DATA-
7	GND	8	VCC

**Table 3-27: USB 2.0 Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.26 USB 3.0 Connector

- CN Label:** CN7
- CN Type:** 19-pin box header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-27**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-28**

The USB 3.0 connector connects to USB 3.0 devices. This connector provides two USB 3.0 ports.



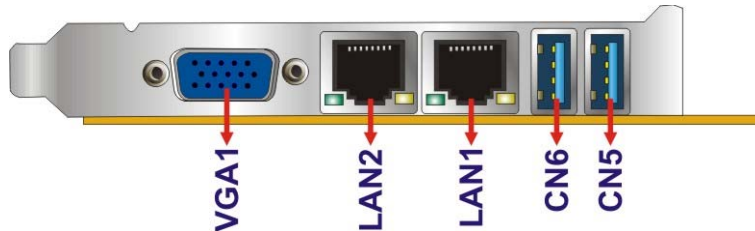
**Figure 3-27: USB 3.0 Connector Location**

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	11	USB_DATA+
2	USB3_RX-	12	USB_DATA-
3	USB3_RX+	13	GND
4	GND	14	USB3_TX+
5	USB3_TX-	15	USB3_TX-
6	USB3_TX+	16	GND
7	GND	17	USB3_RX+
8	USB_DATA-	18	USB3_RX-
9	USB_DATA+	19	VCC
10	NC		

**Table 3-28: USB 3.0 Connector Pinouts**

### 3.3 External Peripheral Interface Connector Panel

The figure below shows the external peripheral interface connector (EPIC) panel. The EPIC panel consists of the following:



**Figure 3-28: External Peripheral Interface Connector**

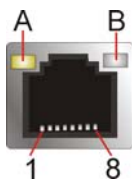
#### 3.3.1 Ethernet Connectors

- CN Label:** LAN1, LAN2
- CN Type:** RJ-45
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-28**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-29** and **Table 3-29**

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is equipped with two built-in RJ-45 Ethernet controllers. Each controller can connect to the LAN through one RJ-45 LAN connector.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	MDIA3-	5	MDIA2+
2	MDIA3+	6	MDIA1+
3	MDIA1-	7	MDIA0-
4	MDIA2-	8	MDIA0+

**Table 3-29: LAN Pinouts**



**Figure 3-29: Ethernet Connector**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

LED	Description	LED	Description
A	on: linked blinking: data is being sent/received	B	off: 10 Mb/s green: 100 Mb/s orange: 1000 Mb/s

**Table 3-30: Connector LEDs**

### 3.3.2 USB 3.0 Connectors

- CN Label:** CN5, CN6
- CN Type:** USB port
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-28**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-31**

The PCIE-Q870-i2 has two external USB 3.0 ports.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VBUS	2	D-
3	D+	4	GND
5	STDA_SSRX_N	6	STDA_SSRX_P
7	GND_DRAIN	8	STDA_SSTX_N
9	STDA_SSTX_P		

**Table 3-31: USB 3.0 Port Pinouts**

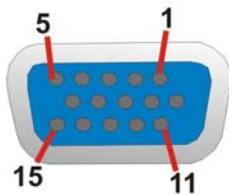
### 3.3.3 VGA Connector

- CN Label:** VGA1
- CN Type:** 15-pin Female
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-28**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-30** and **Table 3-32**

The VGA connector connects to a monitor that accepts a standard VGA input.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DCCDA
13	HSYNC	14	VSYNC
15	DDCCLK		

**Table 3-32: VGA Connector Pinouts**



**Figure 3-30: VGA Connector**

Chapter

4

# Installation

---

## 4.1 Anti-static Precautions

---



### WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the PCIE-Q870-i2 may result in permanent damage to the PCIE-Q870-i2 and severe injury to the user.

---

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the PCIE-Q870-i2. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the PCIE-Q870-i2 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- **Self-grounding:** - Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring the PCIE-Q870-i2, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the PCIE-Q870-i2.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:-:** When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

## 4.2 Installation Considerations

---



### NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before installation. All installation notices must be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage and injury to the person performing the installation.

---

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



### **WARNING:**

The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the components and injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
  - The user manual provides a complete description of the PCIE-Q870-i2 installation instructions and configuration options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
  - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the PCIE-Q870-i2 on an anti-static pad:
  - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an anti-static pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the PCIE-Q870-i2 off:
  - When working with the PCIE-Q870-i2, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.

Before and during the installation of the PCIE-Q870-i2, **DO NOT:**

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

### 4.2.1 Socket LGA1150 CPU Installation

---

**WARNING:**

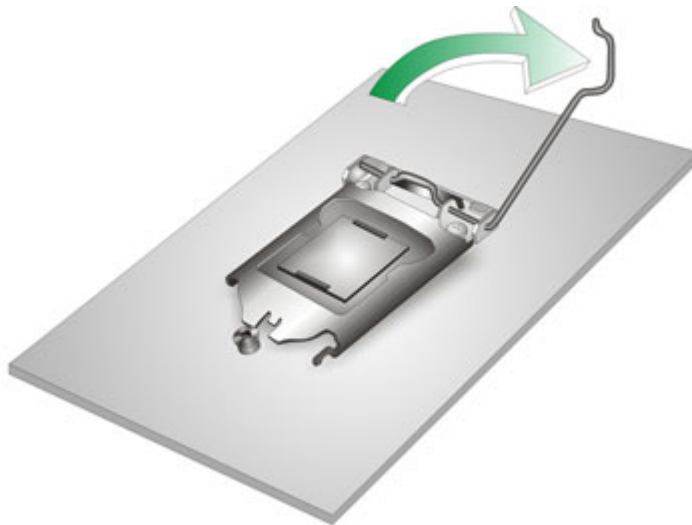
CPUs are expensive and sensitive components. When installing the CPU please be careful not to damage it in anyway. Make sure the CPU is installed properly and ensure the correct cooling kit is properly installed.

DO NOT touch the pins at the bottom of the CPU. When handling the CPU, only hold it on the sides.

---

To install the CPU, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Disengage the load lever** by pressing the lever down and slightly outward to clear the retention tab. Fully open the lever. See **Figure 4-1**.

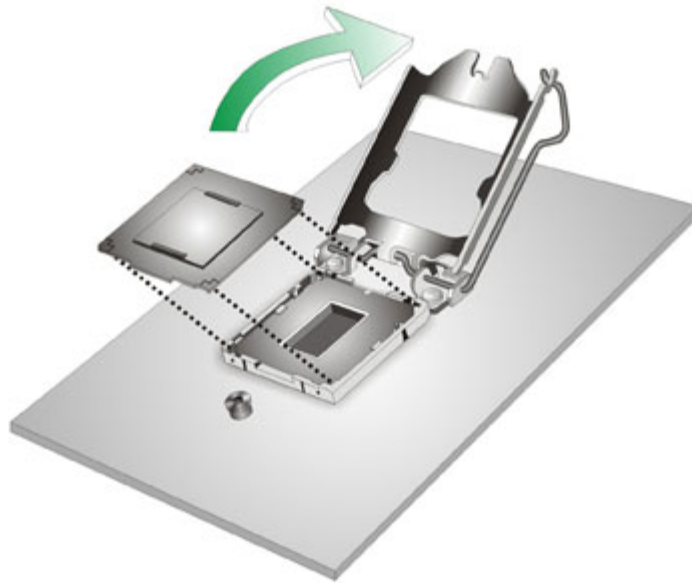


**Figure 4-1: Disengage the CPU Socket Load Lever**

**Step 2:** **Open the socket and remove the protective cover.** The black protective cover can be removed by pulling up on the tab labeled "Remove". See **Figure 4-2**.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



**Figure 4-2: Remove Protective Cover**

- Step 3: Inspect the CPU socket.** Make sure there are no bent pins and make sure the socket contacts are free of foreign material. If any debris is found, remove it with compressed air.
- Step 4: Orientate the CPU properly.** The contact array should be facing the CPU socket.

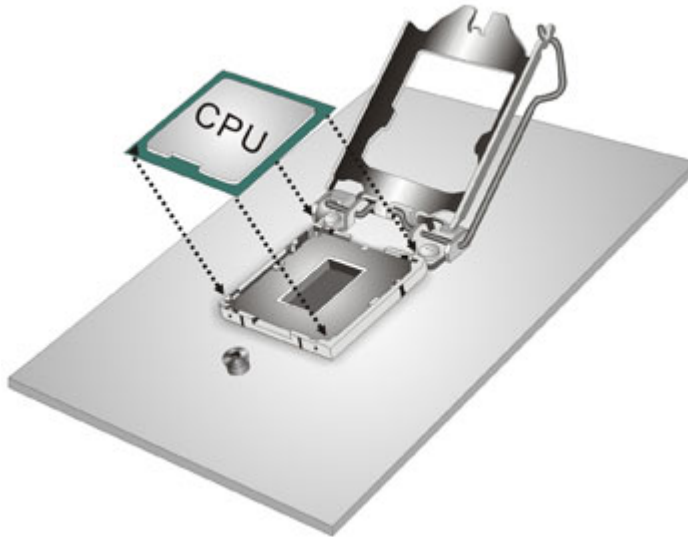


**WARNING:**

DO NOT touch the pins at the bottom of the CPU. When handling the CPU, only hold it on the sides.

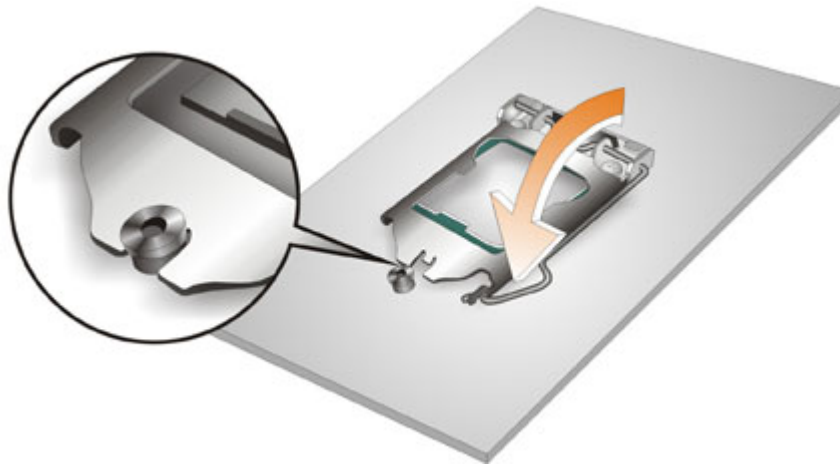
- 
- Step 5: Correctly position the CPU.** Match the Pin 1 mark with the cut edge on the CPU socket.
- Step 6: Align the CPU pins.** Locate pin 1 and the two orientation notches on the CPU. Carefully match the two orientation notches on the CPU with the socket alignment keys.

**Step 7:** **Insert the CPU.** Gently insert the CPU into the socket. If the CPU pins are properly aligned, the CPU should slide into the CPU socket smoothly. See **Figure 4-3**.



**Figure 4-3: Insert the Socket LGA1150 CPU**

**Step 8:** **Close the CPU socket.** Close the load plate and pull the load lever back a little to have the load plate be able to secure to the knob. Engage the load lever by pushing it back to its original position (**Figure 4-4**). There will be some resistance, but will not require extreme pressure.



**Figure 4-4: Close the Socket LGA1150**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**Step 9:** Connect the 12 V power to the board. Connect the 12 V power from the power supply to the board.

### 4.2.2 Socket LGA1150 Cooling Kit Installation



**WARNING:**

**DO NOT** attempt to install a push-pin cooling fan.

The pre-installed support bracket prevents the board from bending and is **ONLY** compatible with captive screw type cooling fans.

---

The cooling kit can be bought from IEI. The cooling kit has a heat sink and fan.

---



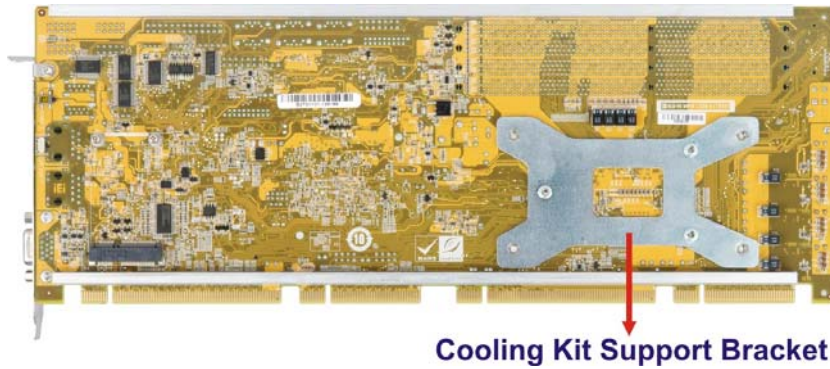
**WARNING:**

Do not wipe off (accidentally or otherwise) the pre-sprayed layer of thermal paste on the bottom of the heat sink. The thermal paste between the CPU and the heat sink is important for optimum heat dissipation.

---

To install the cooling kit, follow the instructions below.

**Step 1:** A cooling kit bracket is pre-installed on the rear of the motherboard. See **Figure 4-5**.



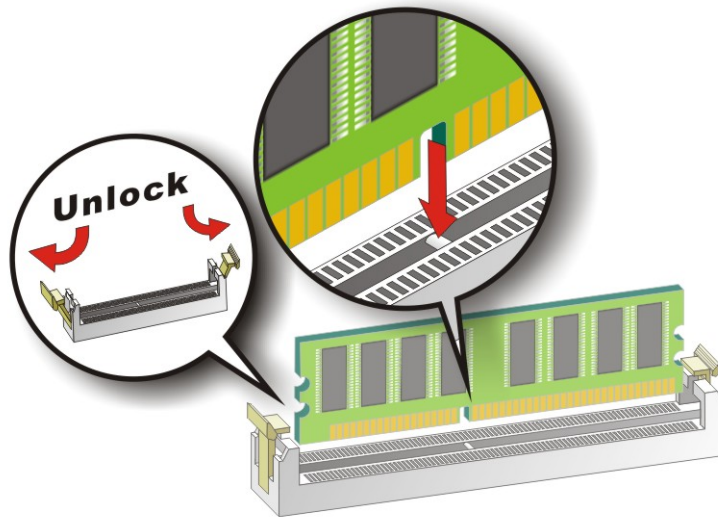
**Figure 4-5: Cooling Kit Support Bracket**

- Step 2:** Place the cooling kit onto the socket LGA1150 CPU. Make sure the CPU cable can be properly routed when the cooling kit is installed.
- Step 3:** Mount the cooling kit. Gently place the cooling kit on top of the CPU. Make sure the four threaded screws on the corners of the cooling kit properly pass through the holes of the cooling kit bracket.
- Step 4:** Secure the cooling kit by fastening the four retention screws of the cooling kit.
- Step 5:** Connect the fan cable. Connect the cooling kit fan cable to the CPU fan connector on the PCIE-Q870-i2. Carefully route the cable and avoid heat generating chips and fan blades.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 4.2.3 DIMM Installation

To install a DIMM, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-6**.



**Figure 4-6: DIMM Installation**

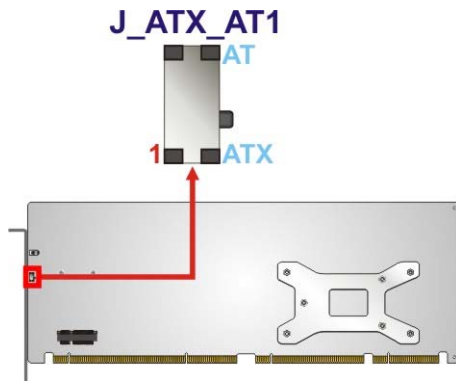
- Step 1: Open the DIMM socket handles.** Open the two handles outwards as far as they can. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 2: Align the DIMM with the socket.** Align the DIMM so the notch on the memory lines up with the notch on the memory socket. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 3: Insert the DIMM.** Once aligned, press down until the DIMM is properly seated. Clip the two handles into place. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 4: Removing a DIMM.** To remove a DIMM, push both handles outward. The memory module is ejected by a mechanism in the socket.

### 4.3 System Configuration

The system configuration should be performed before installation.

#### 4.3.1 AT/ATX Power Mode Setting

The AT and ATX power mode selection is made through the AT/ATX power mode switch which is shown in **Figure 4-7**.



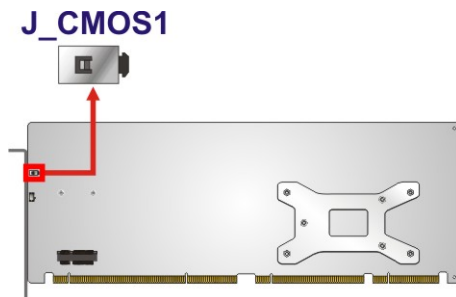
**Figure 4-7: AT/ATX Power Mode Switch Location**

Setting	Description
1-2 (down)	ATX power mode (default)
2-3 (up)	AT power mode

**Table 4-1: AT/ATX Power Mode Switch Settings**

#### 4.3.2 Clear CMOS Button

To reset the BIOS, remove the on-board battery and press the clear CMOS button for three seconds or more. The clear CMOS button location is shown in **Figure 4-8**.



**Figure 4-8: Clear CMOS Button Location**

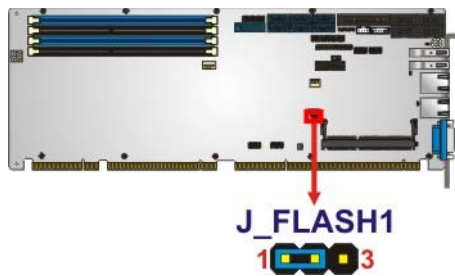
## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 4.3.3 Flash Descriptor Security Override Jumper

The Flash Descriptor Security Override jumper (J\_FLASH1) allows to enable or disable the ME firmware update. Refer to **Figure 4-9** and **Table 4-2** for the jumper location and settings.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	Disabled (default)
Short 2-3	Enabled

**Table 4-2: Flash Descriptor Security Override Jumper Settings**



**Figure 4-9: Flash Descriptor Security Override Jumper Location**

To update the ME firmware, please follow the steps below.

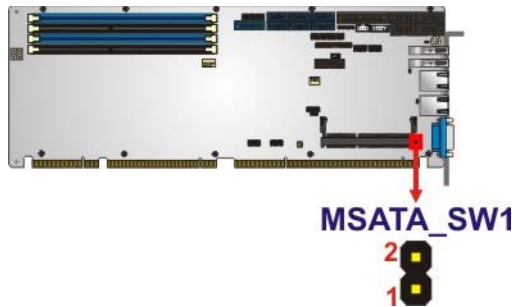
- Step 1:** Before turning on the system power, short pin 2-3 of the Flash Descriptor Security Override jumper.
- Step 2:** Update the BIOS and ME firmware, and then turn off the system power.
- Step 3:** Remove the metal clip on the Flash Descriptor Security Override jumper or return to its default setting (short pin 1-2).
- Step 4:** Restart the system. The system will reboot 2 ~ 3 times to complete the ME firmware update.

### 4.3.4 mSATA Mode Selection

The jumper configures the PCIe Mini slot (CN4) to automatically detect mSATA device or to force mSATA to be enabled.

Setting	Description
Open	Auto-detect mSATA device (default)
Short 1-2	Enable mSATA

**Table 4-3: mSATA Mode Selection Jumper Settings**



**Figure 4-10: mSATA Mode Selection Jumper Location**

### 4.3.5 PCIe x16 Interface Setup

The PCIe-Q870-i2 supports one PCIe x16 interface on the backplane. The PCIe x16 interface setup is made through the BIOS menu in “Chipset → PCH-IO Configuration”. Use the **PCIEX16 Power** BIOS option to configure the PCIe x16 channel mode.

Options	Description
1 x16 PCIE	Sets the PCIe x16 slot as one PCIe x16. (default)
2 x8 PCIE	Sets the PCIe x16 slot as two PCIe x8
1 x8, 2 x4 PCIE	Sets the PCIe x16 slot as one PCIe x8 or two PCIe x4

**Table 4-4: PCIe x16 Interface Setup**

Please refer to **Section 5.4.1** for detailed information.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 4.3.6 USB Power Selection

The USB power selection is made through the BIOS menu in “Chipset → PCH-IO Configuration”. Use the **USB SW1 Power** and the **USB SW2 Power** BIOS options to configure the correspondent USB ports (see **Table 4-5**) and refer to **Table 4-6** to select the USB power source.

BIOS Options	Configured USB Ports
USB SW1 Power	CN5 (external USB 3.0 port) CN6 (external USB 3.0 port)
USB SW2 Power	USB1 (internal USB 2.0 ports) USB2 (internal USB 2.0 ports) CN7 (internal USB 3.0 ports)

**Table 4-5: BIOS Options and Configured USB Ports**

Options	Description
+5V DUAL	+5V dual (default)
+5V	+5V

**Table 4-6: USB Power Source Setup**

Please refer to **Section 5.4.1** for detailed information.

## 4.4 Chassis Installation

### 4.4.1 Airflow



#### **WARNING:**

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other onboard components. The chassis in which the PCIE-Q870-i2 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

The PCIE-Q870-i2 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing airflow to travel through the heat sink surface. In a system with an individual power supply unit, the cooling fan of a power supply can also help generate airflow through the board surface.

#### 4.4.2 CPU Card Installation

To install the CPU card onto the backplane, carefully align the CPU card edge connector with the CPU card socket on the backplane. To do this, please refer to the reference material that came with the backplane. Next, secure the CPU card to the chassis. To do this, please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

### 4.5 Internal Peripheral Device Connections

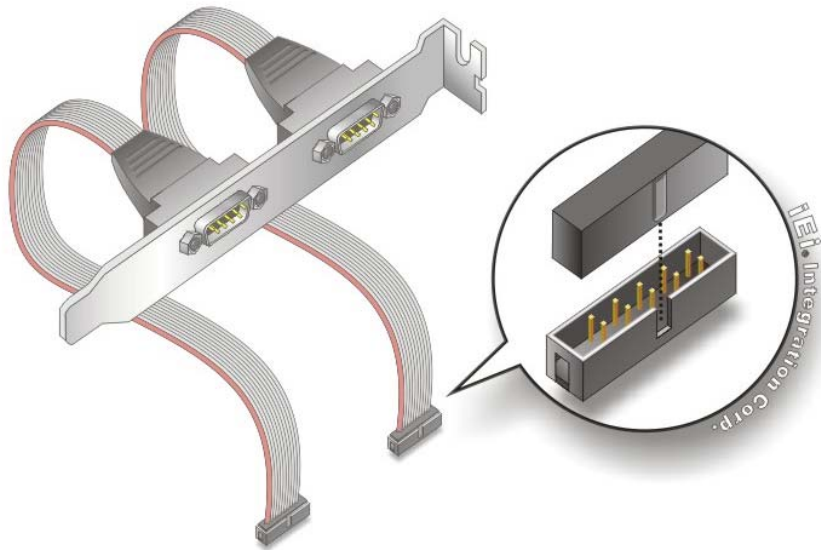
This section outlines the installation of peripheral devices to the onboard connectors.

#### 4.5.1 Dual RS-232 Cable with Slot Bracket

The dual RS-232 cable slot connector consists of two connectors attached to two independent cables. Each cable is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector that is mounted onto a slot. To install the dual RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Locate the connectors.** The locations of the RS-232 connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2:** **Insert the cable connectors.** Insert one connector into each serial port box headers (**Figure 4-11**). A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.



**Figure 4-11: Dual RS-232 Cable Installation**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**Step 3:** **Secure the bracket.** The dual RS-232 connector has two D-sub 9 male connectors secured on a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

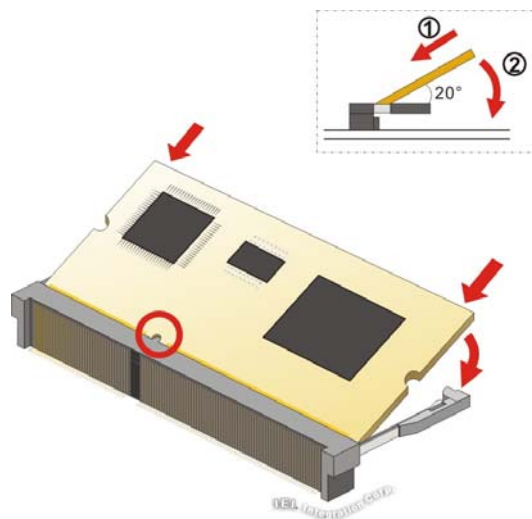
### 4.5.2 iRIS Module Installation



#### **WARNING:**

The iRIS module slot is designed to install the iRIS-2400 module only. DO NOT install other modules into the iRIS module slot. Doing so may cause damage to the PCIE-Q870-i2.

To install the iRIS-2400 module, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-12**.



**Figure 4-12: iRIS Module Installation**

- Step 1:** **Locate the iRIS module slot.** Place the PCIE-Q870-i2 on an anti-static pad.
- Step 2:** **Align the iRIS-2400 module with the iRIS module slot.** Align the notch on the module with the notch on the iRIS module slot.
- Step 3:** **Insert the iRIS-2400 module.** Push the module in at a 20° angle (**Figure 4-12**).

**Step 4:** **Seat the iRIS-2400 module.** Gently push downwards and the arms clip into place (**Figure 4-12**).

**NOTE:**

After installing the iRIS-2400 module, use **LAN2** port to establish a network connection. Please refer to **Section 4.8** for IPMI setup procedures.

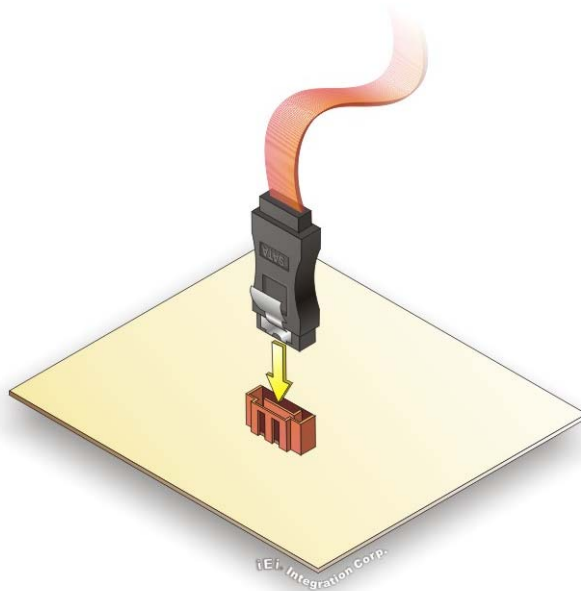
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### 4.5.3 SATA Drive Connection

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is shipped with two SATA drive cables. To connect the SATA drives to the connectors, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Locate the connectors.** The locations of the SATA drive connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2:** **Insert the cable connector.** Insert the cable connector into the on-board SATA drive connector until it clips into place. See **Figure 4-13**.

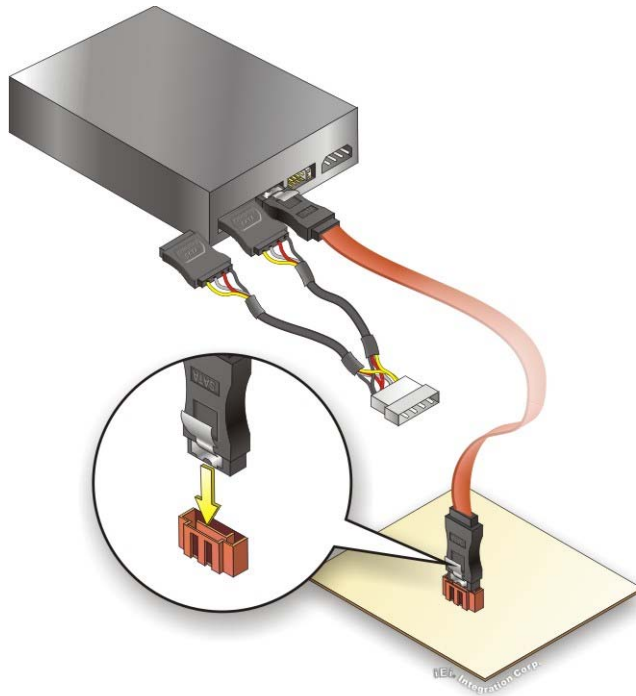


**Figure 4-13: SATA Drive Cable Connection**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**Step 3:** Connect the cable to the SATA disk. Connect the connector on the other end of the cable to the connector at the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-14**.

**Step 4:** Connect the SATA power cable. Connect the SATA power connector to the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-14**.



**Figure 4-14: SATA Power Drive Connection**

### 4.5.4 USB Cable (Dual Port) with Slot Bracket

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is shipped with a dual port USB 2.0 cable. To connect the USB cable connector, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Locate the connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

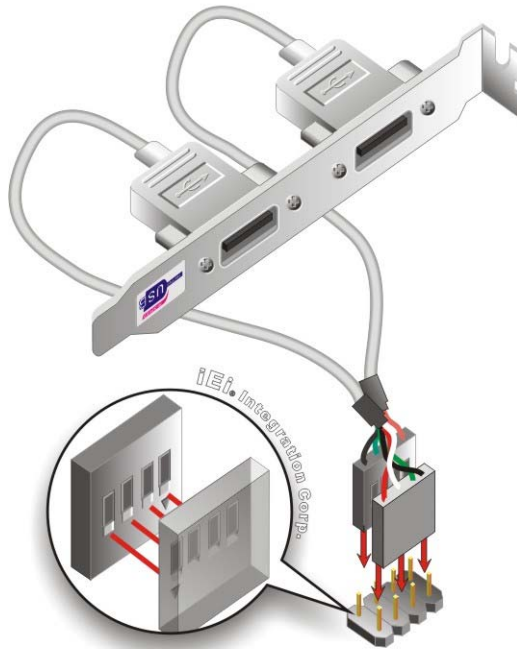


#### **WARNING:**

If the USB pins are not properly aligned, the USB device can burn out.

**Step 2:** **Align the connectors.** The cable has two connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on each cable connector with pin 1 on the PCIE-Q870-i2 USB connector.

**Step 3:** **Insert the cable connectors.** Once the cable connectors are properly aligned with the USB connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2, connect the cable connectors to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-15**.



**Figure 4-15: Dual USB Cable Connection**

**Step 4:** **Attach the bracket to the chassis.** The USB 2.0 connectors are attached to a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

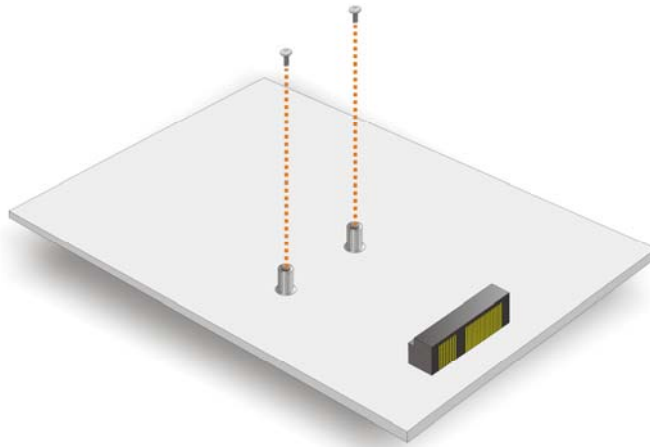
#### 4.5.5 PCIe Mini Card Installation

To install a PCIe Mini card, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Locate the PCIe Mini card slot.** The location of the PCIe Mini card slot is shown in **Chapter 3**.

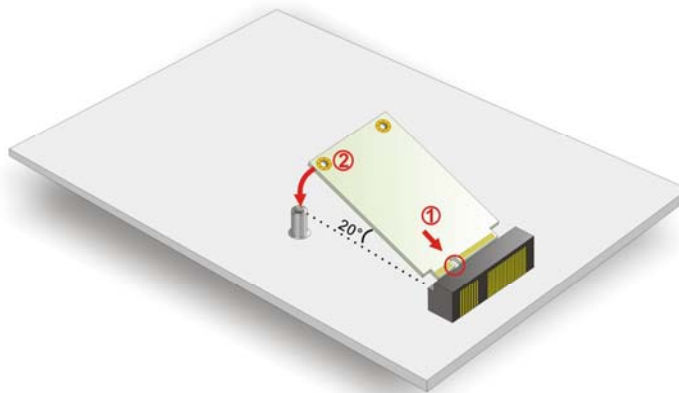
## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**Step 2: Remove the retention screws.** Remove the two retention screws secured on the motherboard as shown in **Figure 4-16**.



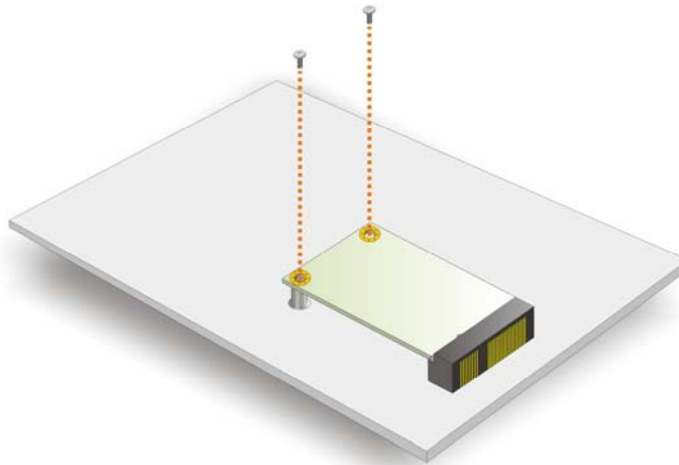
**Figure 4-16: Remove the Retention Screws for the PCIe Mini Card**

**Step 3: Insert into the socket at an angle.** Line up the notch on the card with the notch on the connector. Slide the PCIe Mini card into the socket at an angle of about 20° (**Figure 4-17**).



**Figure 4-17: Insert the PCIe Mini Card into the Socket at an Angle**

**Step 4: Secure the PCIe Mini card.** Secure the PCIe Mini card with the retention screws previously removed (**Figure 4-18**).



**Figure 4-18: Secure the PCIe Mini Card**

## 4.6 External Peripheral Interface Connection

This section describes connecting devices to the external connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2.

### 4.6.1 LAN Connection

There are two external RJ-45 LAN connectors. The RJ-45 connectors enable connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

**Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Align the connectors.** Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2. See **Figure 4-19**.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

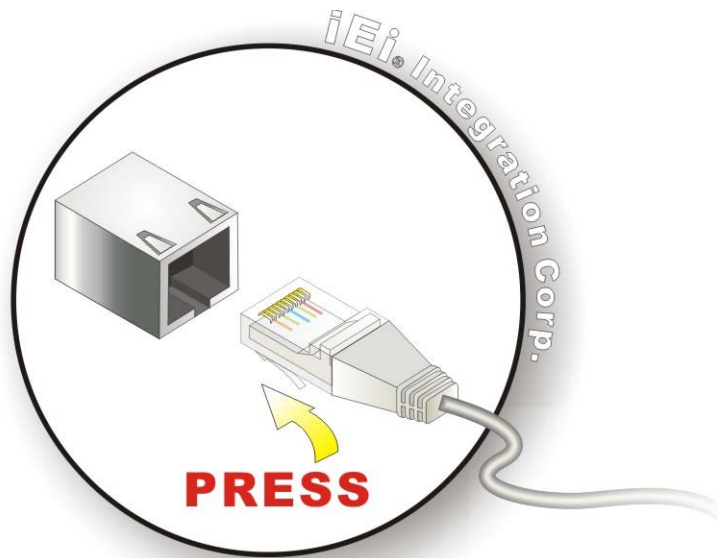


Figure 4-19: LAN Connection

**Step 3:** Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

#### 4.6.2 USB Device Connection (Single Connector)

There are two external USB 3.0 connectors. Both connectors are perpendicular to the PCIE-Q870-i2. To connect a USB device, please follow the instructions below.

**Step 1:** Located the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2:** Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the connectors on the PCIE-Q870-i2. See **Figure 4-20**.

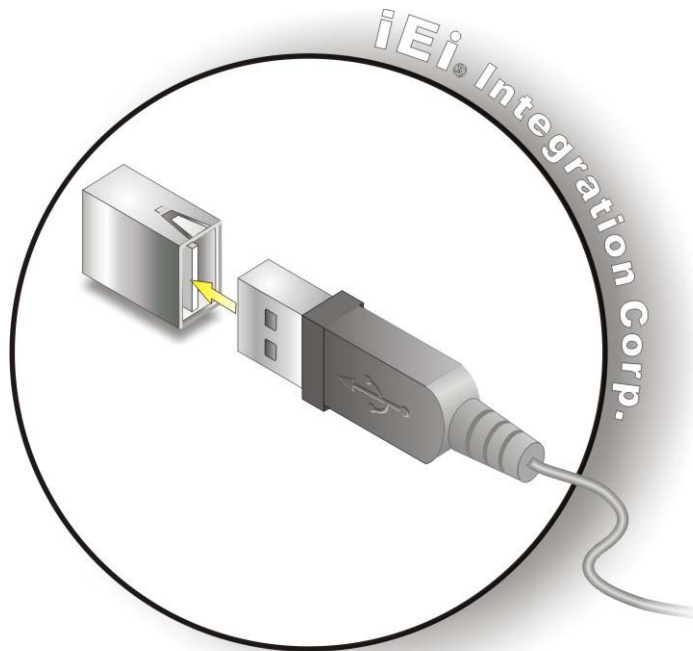


Figure 4-20: USB Device Connection

**Step 3:** Insert the device connector. Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the on-board connector.

### 4.6.3 VGA Monitor Connection

The PCIE-Q870-i2 has a single female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The DB-15 connector is connected to a CRT or VGA monitor. To connect a monitor to the PCIE-Q870-i2, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1:** Locate the female DB-15 connector. The location of the female DB-15 connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.
- Step 2:** Align the VGA connector. Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.
- Step 3:** Insert the VGA connector. Once the connectors are properly aligned with the insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the PCIE-Q870-i2. See **Figure 4-21**.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

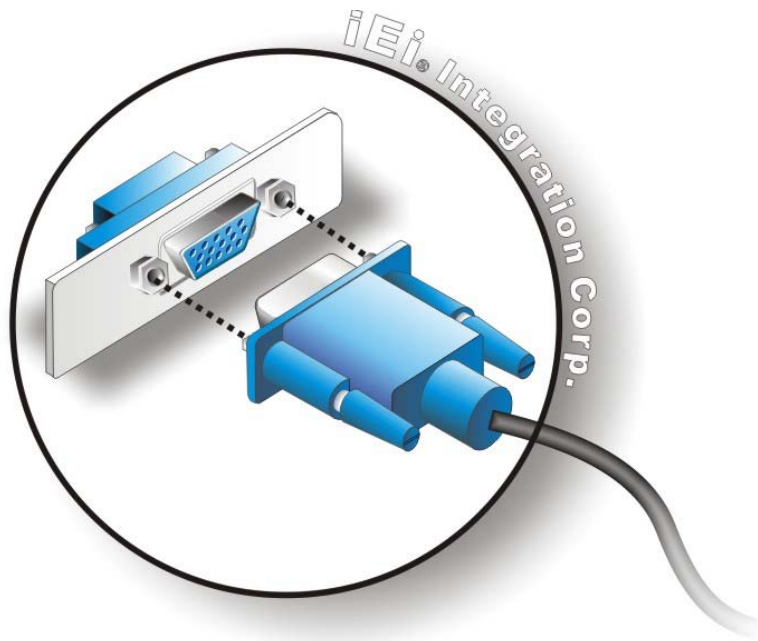


Figure 4-21: VGA Connector

**Step 4:** **Secure the connector.** Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

## 4.7 Intel® AMT Setup Procedure

The PCIE-Q870-i2 is featured with the Intel® Active Management Technology (AMT). To enable the Intel® AMT function, follow the steps below.

- Step 1:** Make sure the DIMM socket is installed with one DDR3 memory.
- Step 2:** Connect an Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 connector labeled **LAN1**.
- Step 3:** The AMI BIOS options regarding the Intel® ME or Intel® AMT must be enabled,
- Step 4:** Properly install the Intel® Management Engine Components drivers from the iAMT Driver & Utility directory in the driver CD. See **Section 6.8**.
- Step 5:** Configure the Intel® Management Engine BIOS extension (MEBx). To get into the Intel® MEBx settings, press <Ctrl+P> after a single beep during boot-up

process. Enter the Intel® current ME password as it requires (the Intel® default password is **admin**).

**NOTE:**

To change the password, enter a new password following the strong password rule (containing at least one upper case letter, one lower case letter, one digit and one special character, and be at least eight characters).

---

## 4.8 IPMI Setup Procedure

The PCIE-Q870-i2 features Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) that helps lower the overall costs of server management by enabling users to maximize IT resources, save time and manage multiple systems. The PCIE-Q870-i2 supports IPMI 2.0 through the optional iRIS-2400 module. Follow the steps below to setup IPMI.

### 4.8.1 Managed System Hardware Setup

The hardware configuration of the managed system (PCIE-Q870-i2) is described below.

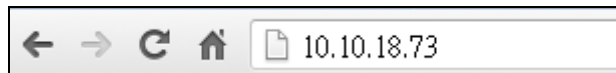
- Step 1:** Install an iRIS-2400 module to the IPMI module socket (refer to **Section 4.5.2**).
- Step 2:** Make sure at least one DDR3 DIMM is installed in one of the DIMM sockets. If multiple DIMMs are installed, all of the DIMMs must be same size, same speed and same brand to get the best performance.
- Step 3:** Connect an Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 connector labeled **LAN2** (**Figure 3-28**).

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 4.8.2 Using the IEI iMAN Web GUI

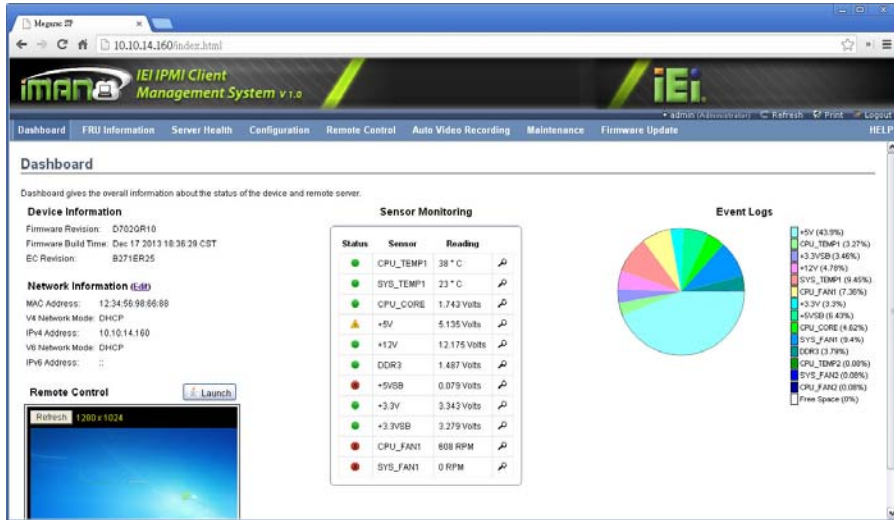
To manage a client system from a remote console using IEI iMAN Web GUI, follow the steps below.

- Step 1:** Obtain the IP address of the managed system. It is recommended to use the IPMI Tool on the managed system to obtain the IP address. To use IPMI Tool to obtain IP address, follow the steps below:
- Copy the **ipmitool.exe** file to a bootable USB flash drive.
  - Insert the USB flash drive to the PCIE-Q870-i2
  - The PCIE-Q870-i2 boots from the USB flash drive
  - Enter the following command: **ipmitool 20 30 02 01 03 00 00**  
(there is a space between each two-digit number)
  - A serial of number shows. The last four two-digit hexadecimal numbers are the IP address. Convert the hexadecimal numbers to decimal numbers.
- Step 2:** On the remote management console, open a web browser. Enter the managed system IP address in the web browser (**Figure 4-22**).



**Figure 4-22: IEI iMAN Web Address**

- Step 3:** The login page appears in the web browser.
- Step 4:** Enter the user name and password to login the system. The default login username and password are:
- Username: **admin**
  - Password: **admin**
- Step 5:** Press the login button to login the system.
- Step 6:** The IEI iMAN Web Interface appears.



**Figure 4-23: IEI iMAN Web GUI**



**NOTE:**

To understand how to use the IEI iMAN Web GUI, please refer to the iRIS-2400 Web GUI user manual in the utility CD came with the PCIE-Q870-i2. The user manual describes each function in detail.

Chapter

**5**

**BIOS**

---

## 5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.



### NOTE:

Some of the BIOS options may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and are subject to change without prior notice.

---

### 5.1.1 Starting Setup

The UEFI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key when the “**Press DEL or F2 to enter SETUP**” message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DEL** or **F2** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

### 5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **ESC** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in **Table 5-1**.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
+	Increase the numeric value or make changes



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Key	Function
-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Page Up	Move to the previous page
Page Dn	Move to the next page
Esc	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Load previous values
F3	Load optimized defaults
F4	Save changes and Exit BIOS

Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

### 5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

### 5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the clear CMOS button described in Chapter 4.

### 5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main – Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced – Changes the advanced system settings.
- Chipset – Changes the chipset settings.
- Boot – Changes the system boot configuration.

- Security – Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Save & Exit – Selects exit options and loads default settings
- Server Mgmt – Configures system event log and BMC network parameters

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered.

The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.						
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit	Server Mgmt
BIOS Information		American Megatrends		Set the Date. Use Tab to switch between Date elements.		
BIOS Vendor	4.6.5.4					
Core Version	UEFI 2.3.1; PI 1.2					
Compliance	B273AP34.ROM					
Project Version	08/06/2015 11:53:40					
Build Date and Time	ICP					
iWDD Vendor	B273ER38.bin					
iWDD Version	N/A					
IPMI Module	Haswell					
Processor Information	Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-477					
Name	3500 MHz					
Brand String	306c3					
Frequency	C0					
Processor ID	4Core(s) / 8Thread(s)					
Stepping	7					
Number of Processors	GT3 (700 MHz)					
Microcode Revision	2178					
GT Info	1.6.2.1					
IGFX VBIOS Version	4096 MB (DDR3)					
Memory RC Version	1333 MHz					
Total Memory	LynxPoint					
Memory Frequency	Q87					
PCH Information	05/C2					
Name	A3					
PCH SKU	9.1.2.1010					
Stepping	5MB					
LAN PHY Revision	Supported					
ME FW Version	50 MHz					
ME Firmware SKU	50 MHz					
SPI Clock Frequency	50 MHz					
DOFR Support	50 MHz					
Read Status Clock Frequency	50 MHz					
Write Status Clock Frequency	50 MHz					
Fast Read Status Clock Frequency	[Wed 11/04/2015]					
System Date	[15:10:27]					
System Time	Administrator					
Access Level	Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					

**BIOS Menu 1: Main**

### → System Overview

The system overview lists a brief summary of the BIOS. The fields in system overview cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- BIOS Information
- Processor Information
- Memory Information
- PCH Information
- SPI Clock Frequency

The **Main** menu has two user configurable fields:

### → System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

### → System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

## 5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



### **WARNING!**

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

---

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main  Advanced  Chipset  Boot  Security  Save & Exit  Server Mgmt
-----
> ACPI Settings
> RTC Wake Settings
> Trusted Computing
> CPU Configuration
> SATA Configuration
> Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology
> AMT Configuration
> USB Configuration
> F81866 Super IO Configuration
> F81866 H/M Monitor
> Serial Port Console Redirection
> iEi Feature

System ACPI Parameters
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

### BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

#### 5.3.1 ACPI Settings

The **ACPI Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) options.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
-----
Advanced
-----
ACPI Settings
ACPI Sleep State          [S1 only(CPU Stop C...)]

Select ACPI sleep state
the system will enter
when the SUSPEND button
is pressed.
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

### BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Configuration

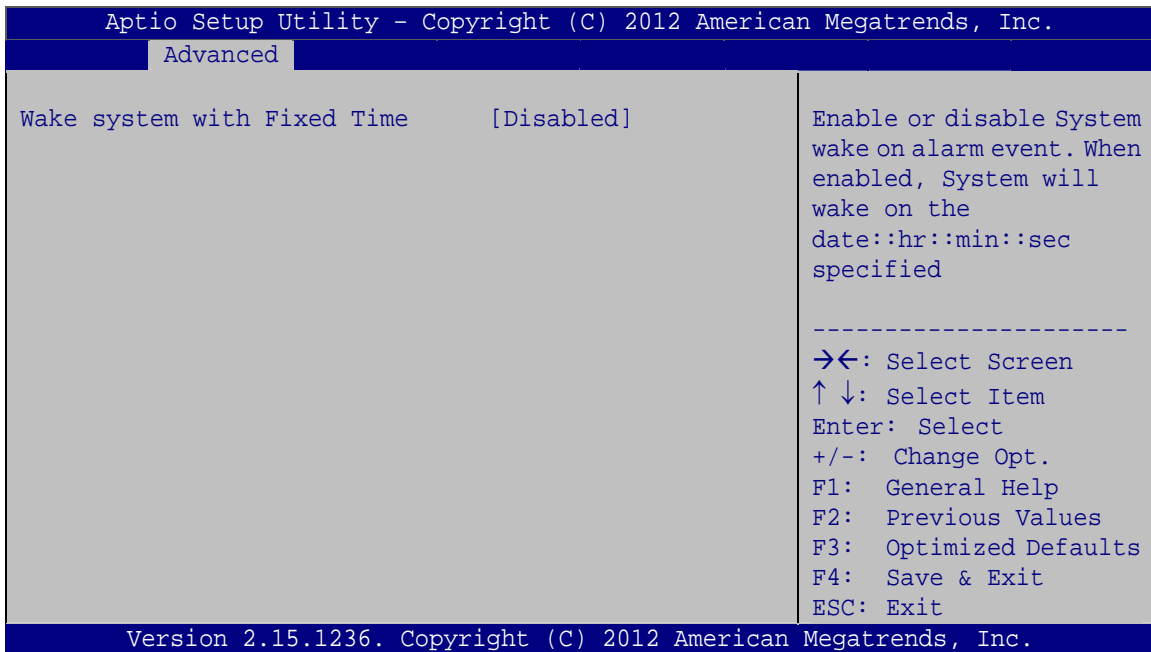
→ **ACPI Sleep State [S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)]**

Use the **ACPI Sleep State** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

- **Suspend Disabled**
- **S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)** **DEFAULT** The system enters S1(POS) sleep state. The system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.
- **S3 only (Suspend to RAM)** The caches are flushed and the CPU is powered off. Power to the RAM is maintained. The computer returns slower to a working state, but more power is saved.

### 5.3.2 RTC Wake Settings

The **RTC Wake Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) enables the system to wake at the specified time.



**BIOS Menu 4: RTC Wake Settings**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]

Use the **Wake system with Fixed Time** option to enable or disable the system wake on alarm event.

→ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event

→ **Enabled**      If selected, the **Wake up every day** option appears allowing you to enable to disable the system to wake every day at the specified time. Besides, the following options appear with values that can be selected:

Wake up date

Wake up hour

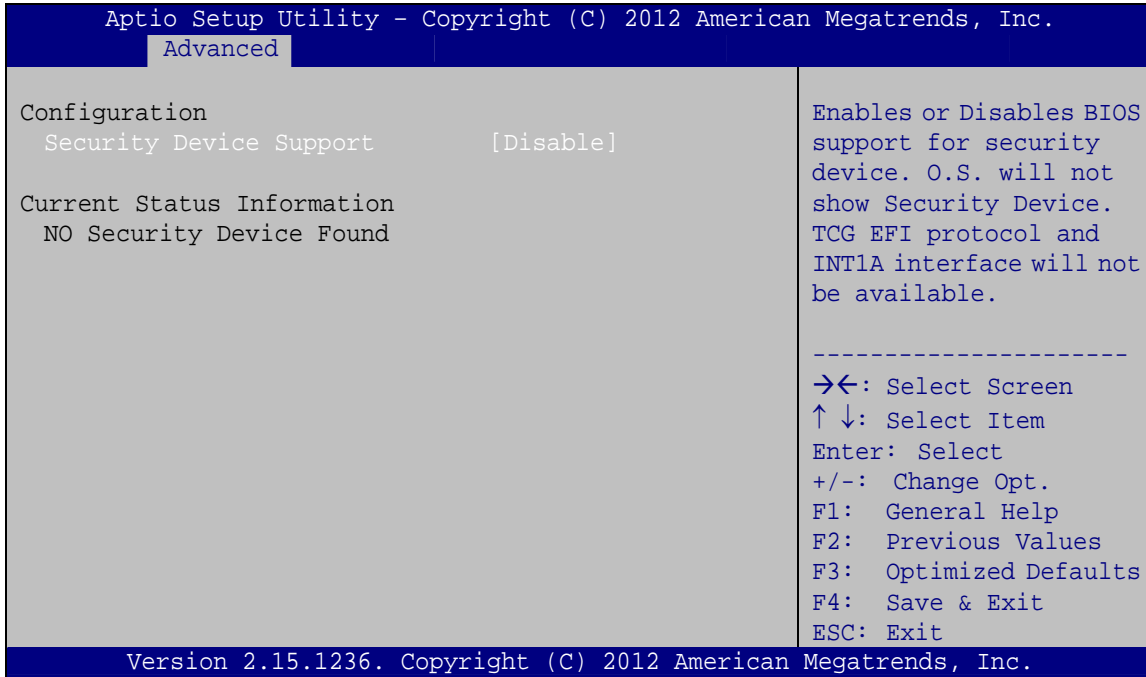
Wake up minute

Wake up second

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

### 5.3.3 Trusted Computing

Use the **Trusted Computing** menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) to configure settings related to the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) Trusted Platform Module (TPM).



**BIOS Menu 5: Trusted Computing**

➔ **Security Device Support [Disable]**

Use the **Security Device Support** option to configure support for the TPM.

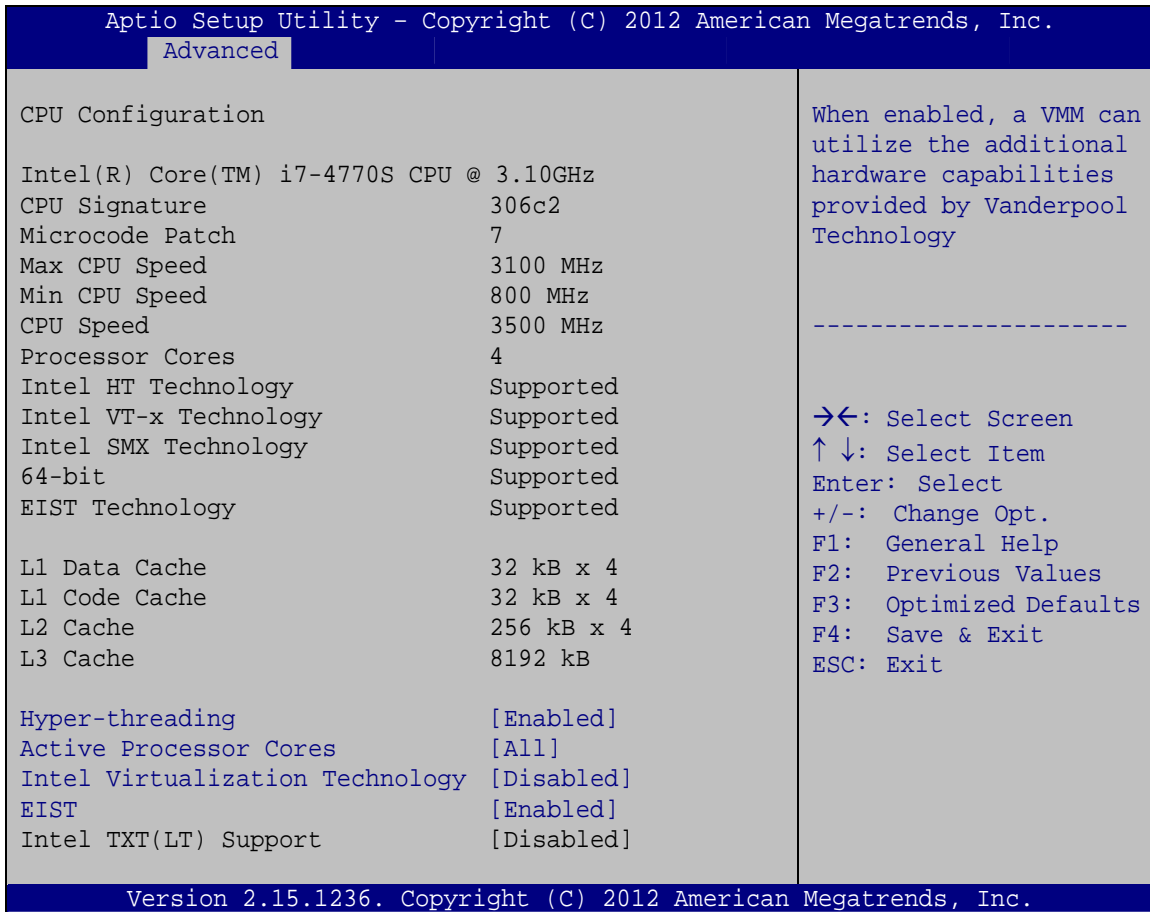
- ➔ **Disable**    **DEFAULT**    TPM support is disabled.
- ➔ **Enable**                    TPM support is enabled.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.3.4 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to view detailed CPU specifications or enable the Intel Virtualization Technology.



Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology
Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-4770S CPU @ 3.10GHz		
CPU Signature	306c2	
Microcode Patch	7	
Max CPU Speed	3100 MHz	
Min CPU Speed	800 MHz	
CPU Speed	3500 MHz	-----
Processor Cores	4	
Intel HT Technology	Supported	
Intel VT-x Technology	Supported	→←: Select Screen
Intel SMX Technology	Supported	↑ ↓: Select Item
64-bit	Supported	Enter: Select
EIST Technology	Supported	+/-: Change Opt.
L1 Data Cache	32 kB x 4	F1: General Help
L1 Code Cache	32 kB x 4	F2: Previous Values
L2 Cache	256 kB x 4	F3: Optimized Defaults
L3 Cache	8192 kB	F4: Save & Exit
Hyper-threading	[Enabled]	ESC: Exit
Active Processor Cores	[All]	
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Disabled]	
EIST	[Enabled]	
Intel TXT(LT) Support	[Disabled]	

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#### BIOS Menu 6: CPU Configuration

##### → Hyper-threading [Enabled]

Use the **Hyper-threading** BIOS option to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

- **Disabled** Disables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

**→ Active Processor Cores [All]**

Use the **Active Processor Cores** BIOS option to enable numbers of cores in the processor package.

- All**            **DEFAULT**    Enable all cores in the processor package.
- 1**                            Enable one core in the processor package.
- 2**                            Enable two cores in the processor package.
- 3**                            Enable three cores in the processor package.

**→ Intel Virtualization Technology [Disabled]**

Use the **Intel Virtualization Technology** option to enable or disable virtualization on the system. When combined with third party software, Intel® Virtualization technology allows several OSs to run on the same system at the same time.

- Disabled**                    **DEFAULT**    Disables Intel Virtualization Technology.
- Enabled**                            Enables Intel Virtualization Technology.

**→ EIST [Enabled]**

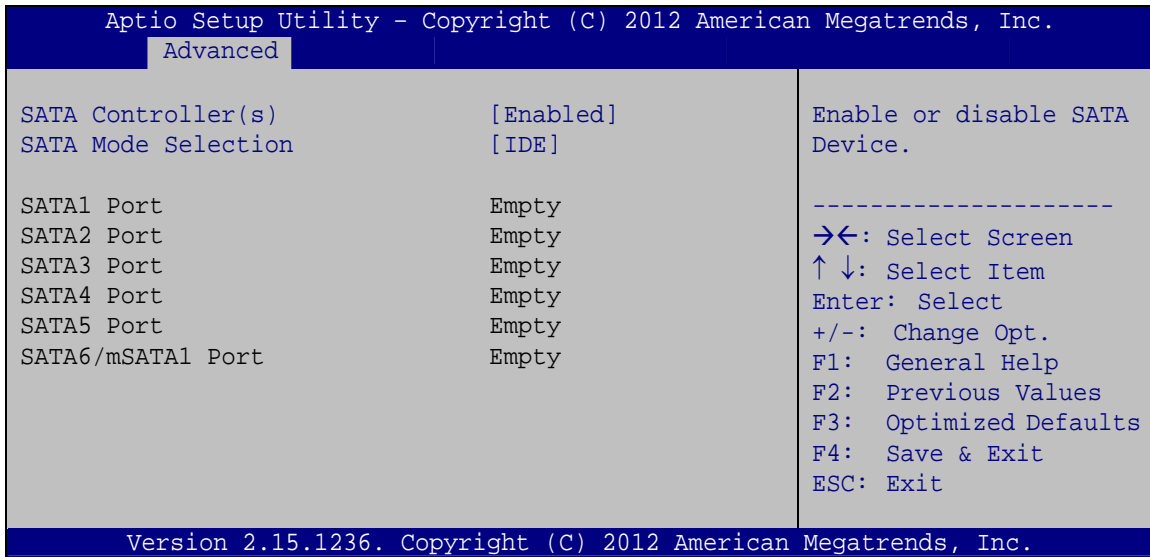
Use the **EIST** option to enable or disable the Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST).

- Disabled**                            Disables Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology
- Enabled**                    **DEFAULT**    Enables Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.3.5 SATA Configuration

Use the **SATA Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to change and/or set the configuration of the SATA devices installed in the system.



#### BIOS Menu 7: SATA Configuration

##### → SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]

Use the **SATA Controller(s)** option to configure the serial ATA controller.

- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      Enables the on-board SATA controller.
- **Disabled**                      Disables the on-board SATA controller.

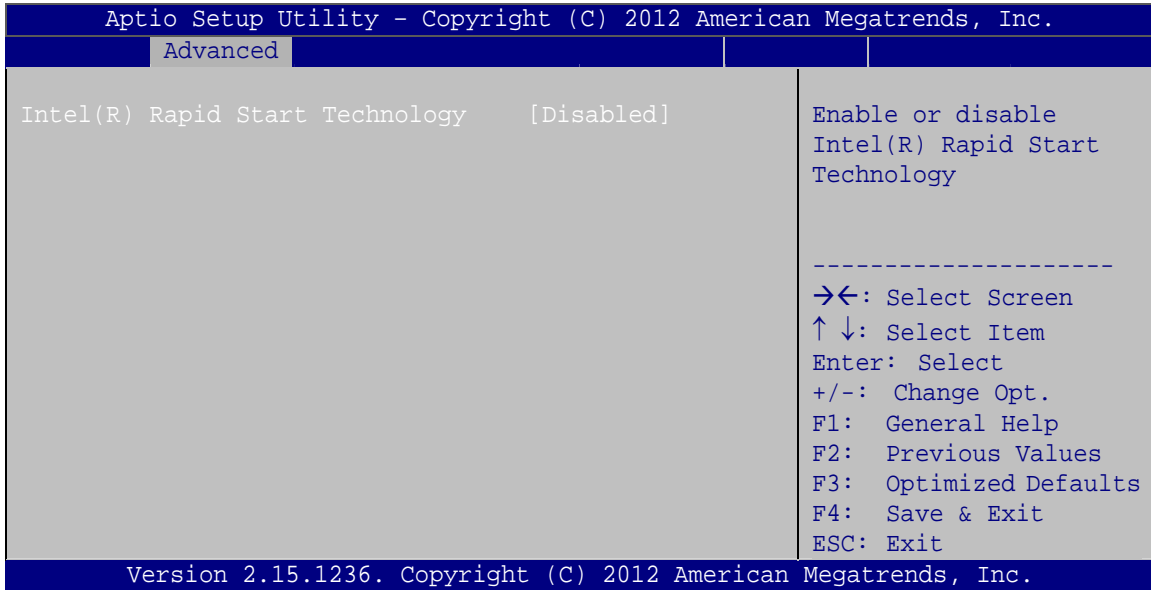
##### → SATA Mode Selection [IDE]

Use the **SATA Mode Selection** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE devices.

- **IDE**              **DEFAULT**      Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.
- **AHCI**                              Configures SATA devices as AHCI device.
- **RAID**                              Configures SATA devices as RAID device.

### 5.3.6 Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

Use the **Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology (BIOS Menu 8)** menu to configure Intel® Rapid Start Technology support.



#### BIOS Menu 8: Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

##### → Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology [Disabled]

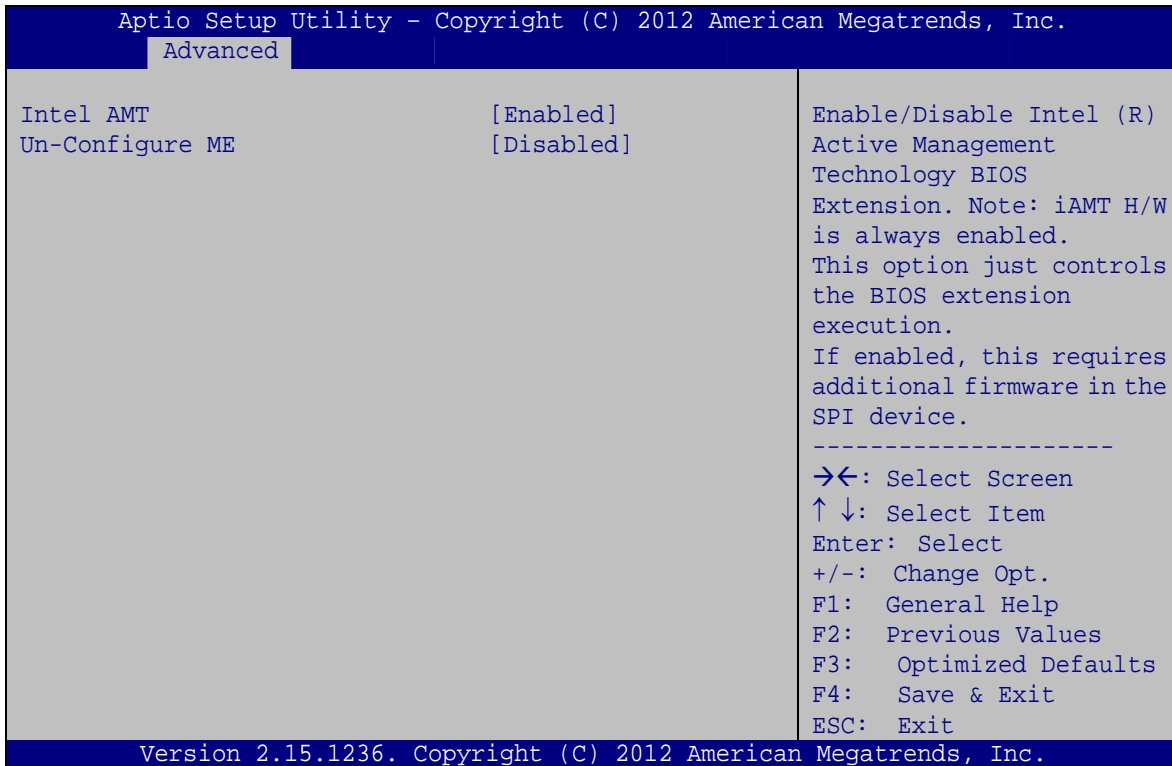
Use **Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology** option to enable or disable the Intel® Rapid Start Technology function.

- **Disabled**     **DEFAULT**     Intel® Rapid Start Technology is disabled
- **Enabled**                     Intel® Rapid Start Technology is enabled

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.3.7 AMT Configuration

The **AMT Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) allows the Intel® AMT options to be configured.



#### BIOS Menu 9: AMT Configuration

##### → Intel AMT [Enabled]

Use **Intel AMT** option to enable or disable the Intel® AMT function.

- **Disabled** Intel® AMT is disabled
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Intel® AMT is enabled

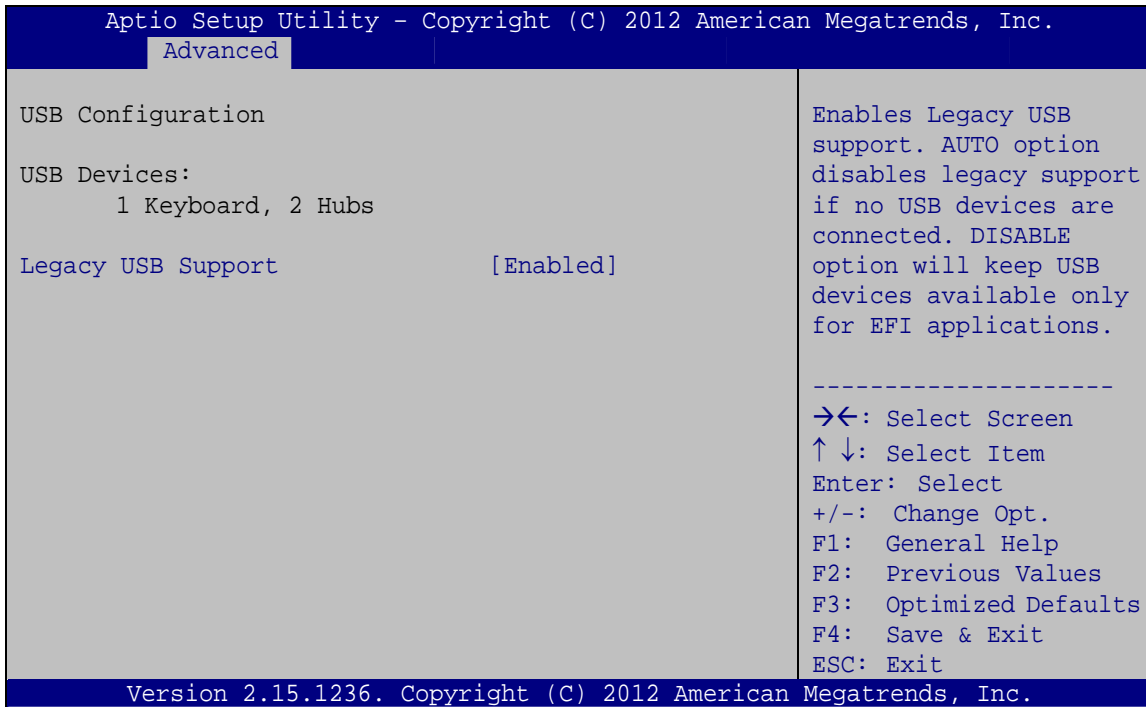
##### → Un-Configure ME [Disabled]

Use the **Un-Configure ME** option to perform ME unconfigure without password operation.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Not perform ME unconfigure
- **Enabled** To perform ME unconfigure

### 5.3.8 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.



#### BIOS Menu 10: USB Configuration

##### → USB Devices

The **USB Devices** field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

##### → Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support. Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

→ **Enabled**    **DEFAULT**    Legacy USB support enabled

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

- ➔ **Disabled** Legacy USB support disabled
- ➔ **Auto** Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

### 5.3.9 F81866 Super IO Configuration

Use the **F81866 Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to set or change the configurations for the parallel ports and serial ports.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
F81866 Super IO Configuration
F81866 Super IO Chip          F81866
> Serial Port 1 Configuration
> Serial Port 2 Configuration
> Serial Port 3 Configuration
> Serial Port 4 Configuration
> Serial Port 5 Configuration
> IrDA Configuration
> Parallel Port Configuration

Set Parameters of Serial
Port 1 (COMA)

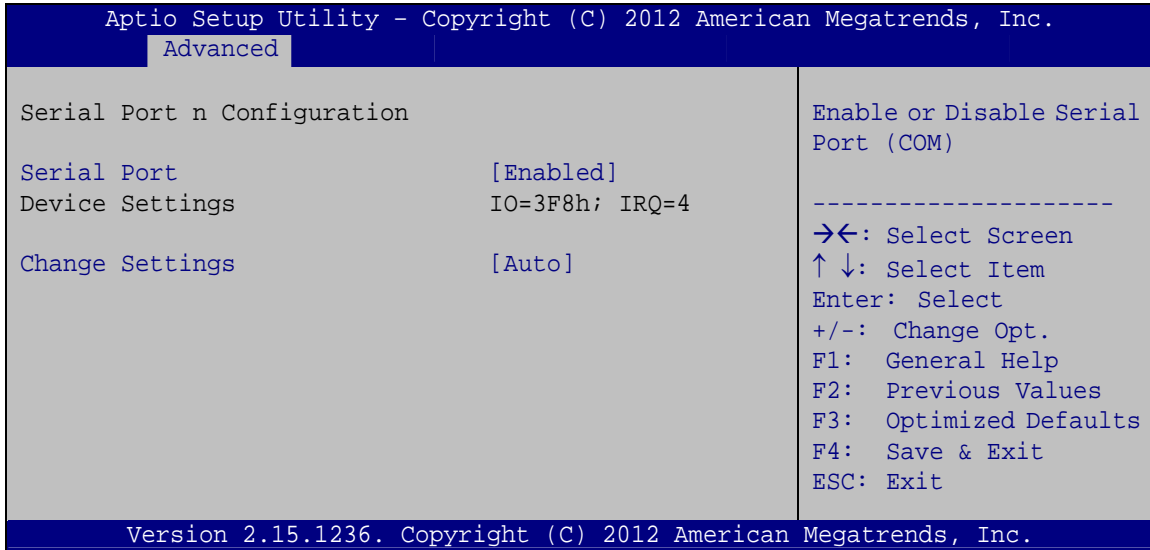
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

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```

#### BIOS Menu 11: F81866 Super IO Configuration

### 5.3.9.1 Serial Port n Configuration

Use the **Serial Port n Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) to configure the serial port n.



**BIOS Menu 12: Serial Port n Configuration Menu**

#### 5.3.9.1.1 Serial Port 1 Configuration

##### → Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled**                      Disable the serial port
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      Enable the serial port

##### → Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto**              **DEFAULT**      The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=3F8h;**  
**IRQ=4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ4



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

- **IO=3F8h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C0h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C8h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

### 5.3.9.1.2 Serial Port 2 Configuration

#### → Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled**                      Disable the serial port
- **Enabled      DEFAULT**      Enable the serial port

#### → Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto              DEFAULT**      The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2F8h;**  
**IRQ=3**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3
- **IO=3F8h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2F8h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C0h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C8h;**  
**IRQ=3, 4**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

### 5.3.9.1.3 Serial Port 3 Configuration

→ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled**                                      Disable the serial port
- **Enabled**            **DEFAULT**            Enable the serial port

→ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto**                    **DEFAULT**            The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2D0h;**  
**IRQ=11**                                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ11
- **IO=2D0h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2D8h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2C0h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2C8h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11

### 5.3.9.1.4 Serial Port 4 Configuration

→ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled**                                      Disable the serial port
- **Enabled**            **DEFAULT**            Enable the serial port

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- |   |                                |                |   |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------|---|
| → | <b>Auto</b>                    | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected. |
| → | <b>IO=2D8h;<br/>IRQ=10</b>     |                | Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10           |
| → | <b>IO=2D0h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2D8h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2C0h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2C8h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |

### 5.3.9.1.5 Serial Port 5 Configuration

#### → Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- |   |                 |                |                         |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| → | <b>Disabled</b> |                | Disable the serial port |
| → | <b>Enabled</b>  | <b>DEFAULT</b> | Enable the serial port  |

#### → Change Settings [Auto]

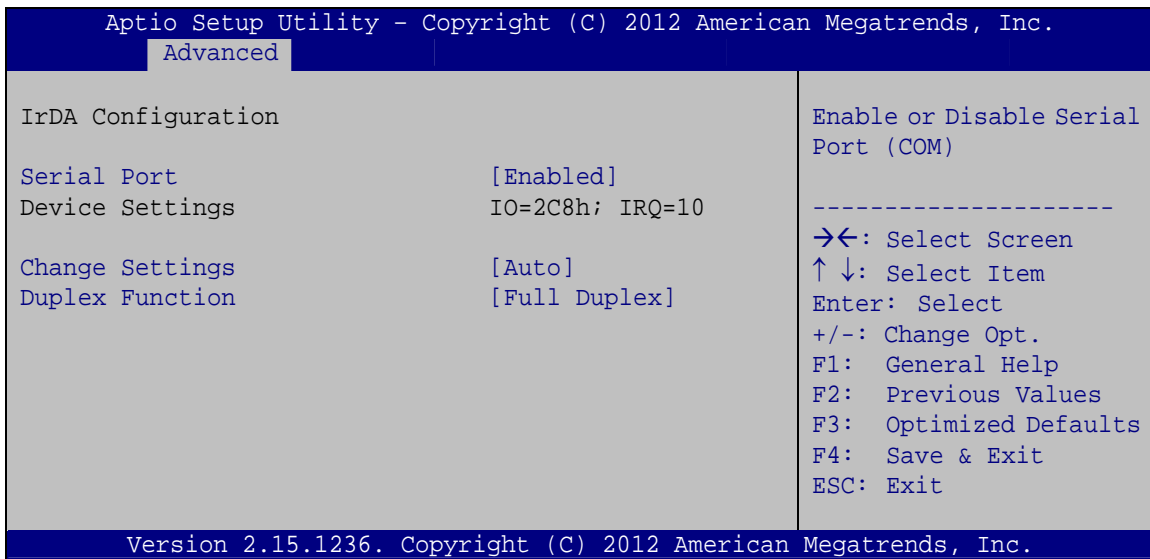
Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- |   |             |                |   |
|---|-------------|----------------|---|
| → | <b>Auto</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected. |
|---|-------------|----------------|---|

- ➔ **IO=2C0h;**  
**IRQ=11**                      Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ11
- ➔ **IO=2D0h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2D8h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2C0h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2C8h;**  
**IRQ=10, 11**                Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11

### 5.3.9.2 IrDA Configuration

Use the **IrDA Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 13**) to configure the infrared port.



#### BIOS Menu 13: IrDA Configuration Menu

- ➔ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the infrared port.

- ➔ **Disabled**                      Disable the infrared port
- ➔ **Enabled      DEFAULT**        Enable the infrared port

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the infrared port IO port address and interrupt address.

- |   |                                |                |   |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------|---|
| → | <b>Auto</b>                    | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The infrared port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected. |
| → | <b>IO=2C8h;<br/>IRQ=10</b>     |                | Infrared port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10           |
| → | <b>IO=2D0h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Infrared port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2D8h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Infrared port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2C0h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Infrared port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |
| → | <b>IO=2C8h;<br/>IRQ=10, 11</b> |                | Infrared port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11       |

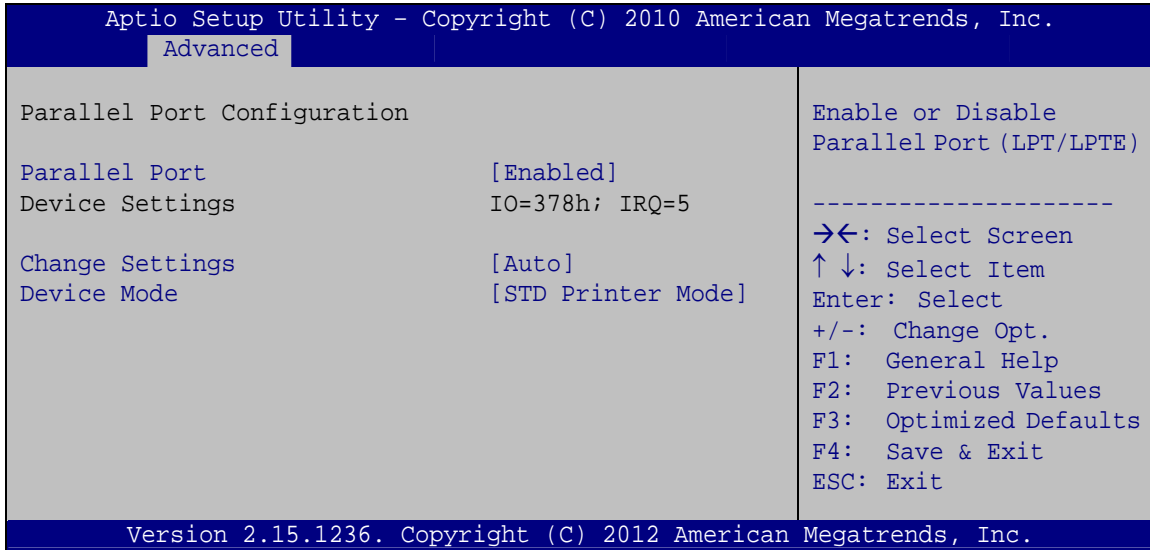
### → Duplex Function [Full Duplex]

Use the **Duplex Function** option to select the IR data transmission mode.

- |   |                    |                |  |
|---|--------------------|----------------|--|
| → | <b>Full Duplex</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The communication channels is used to send and receive the data in both directions at the same time.                                       |
| → | <b>Half Duplex</b> |                | Transmission signals are sent in both directions but one direction at a time so half duplex lines can alternatively send and receive data. |

### 5.3.9.3 Parallel Port Configuration

Use the **Parallel Port Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to configure the serial port n.



#### BIOS Menu 14: Parallel Port Configuration Menu

##### → Parallel Port [Enabled]

Use the **Parallel Port** option to enable or disable the parallel port.

- **Disabled**                      Disable the parallel port
- **Enabled      DEFAULT**      Enable the parallel port

##### → Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the parallel port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto              DEFAULT**      The parallel port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=378h;                      Parallel Port I/O port address is 378h and the  
IRQ=5                              interrupt address is IRQ5**
- **IO=378h;                      Parallel Port I/O port address is 378h and the  
IRQ=5, 7                            interrupt address is IRQ5, 7**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

- ➔ **IO=278h;** Parallel Port I/O port address is 278h and the  
**IRQ=5, 7** interrupt address is IRQ5, 7
- ➔ **IO=3BCh;** Parallel Port I/O port address is 3BCh and the  
**IRQ=5, 7** interrupt address is IRQ5, 7

### ➔ Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]

Use the **Device Mode** option to select the mode the parallel port operates in. Configuration options are listed below.

- STD Printer Mode **Default**
- SPP Mode
- EPP-1.9 and SPP Mode
- EPP-1.7 and SPP Mode
- ECP Mode
- ECP and EPP 1.9 Mode
- ECP and EPP 1.7 Mode

### 5.3.10 F81866 H/W Monitor

The **F81866 H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) contains the fan configuration submenu, and displays the system temperature and CPU fan speed.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
PC Health Status
> Smart Fan Mode Configuration
CPU Temperature      :+40 C
System Temperature   :+36 C
CPU_FAN1 Speed       :1664 RPM
SYS_FAN1 Speed       :N/A
V_CPU_CORE           :+1.792 V
+5V                  :+5.096 V
+12V                 :+12.207 V
DDR                  :+1.519 V
+5VSB                :+4.922 V
+3.3V                :+3.286 V
+3.3VSB              :+3.294 V

Smart Fan Mode Select
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

**BIOS Menu 15: F81866 H/W Monitor**

**→ PC Health Status**

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

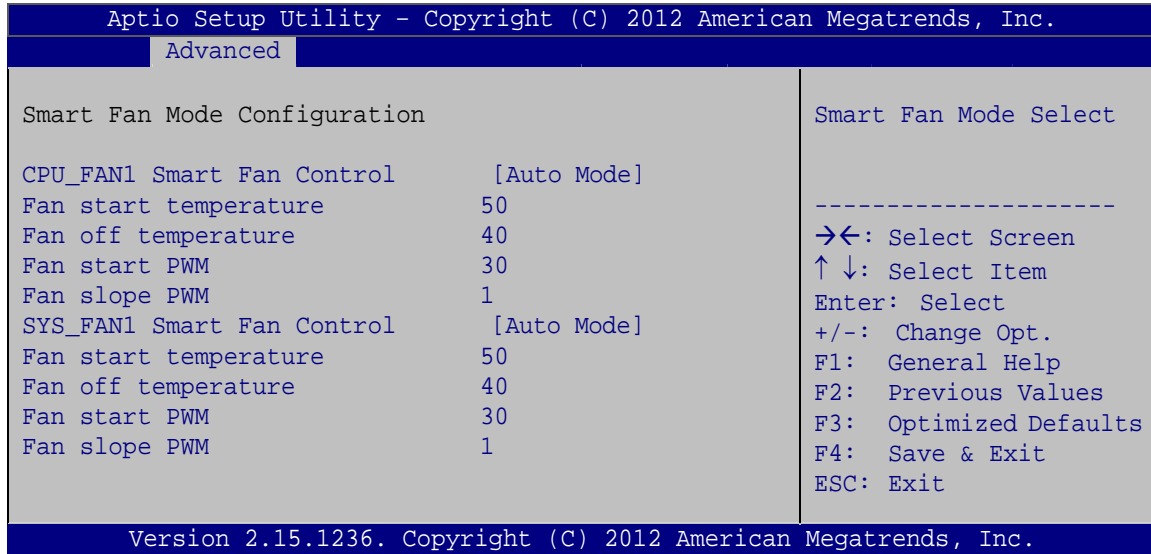
- System Temperatures:
  - CPU Temperature
  - System Temperature
- Fan Speeds:
  - CPU Fan Speed
  - System Fan Speed
- Voltages:
  - V\_CPU\_CORE
  - +5V
  - +12V
  - DDR
  - +5VSB
  - +3.3V
  - +3.3VSB

**5.3.10.1 Smart Fan Mode Configuration**

Use the **Smart Fan Mode Configuration submenu (BIOS Menu 16)** to configure fan 1 temperature and speed settings.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



### BIOS Menu 16: Smart Fan Mode Configuration

#### → CPU\_FAN1 Smart Fan Control/SYS\_FAN1 Smart Fan Control [Auto Mode]

Use the **CPU\_FAN1 Smart Fan Control/SYS\_FAN1 Smart Fan Control** option to configure the CPU/System Smart Fan.

→ **Auto Mode**      **DEFAULT**      The fan adjusts its speed using Auto Mode settings.

→ **Manual Mode**                      The fan spins at the speed set in Manual Mode settings.

#### → Fan start/off temperature

Use the + or – key to change the **Fan start/off temperature** value. Enter a decimal number between 1 and 100.

#### → Fan start PWM

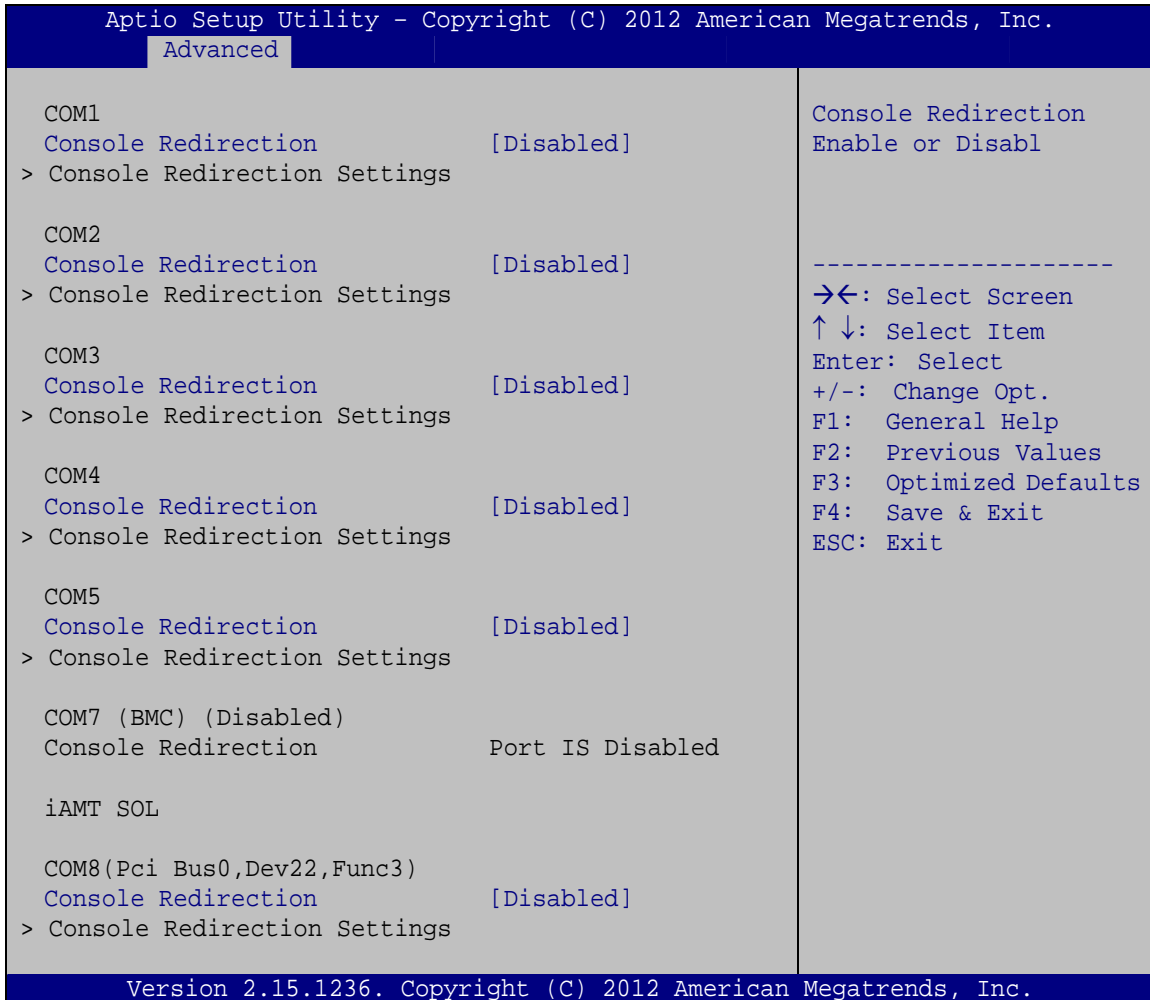
Use the + or – key to change the **Fan start PWM** value. Enter a decimal number between 1 and 128.

#### → Fan slope PWM

Use the + or – key to change the **Fan slope PWM** value. Enter a decimal number between 1 and 64.

### 5.3.11 Serial Port Console Redirection

The **Serial Port Console Redirection** menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) allows the console redirection options to be configured. Console redirection allows users to maintain a system remotely by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port.



#### BIOS Menu 17: Serial Port Console Redirection

##### → Console Redirection [Disabled]

Use **Console Redirection** option to enable or disable the console redirection function.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Disabled the console redirection function
- **Enabled**                      Enabled the console redirection function

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** option to specify the remote terminal type.

- **VT100**                                      The target terminal type is VT100
- **VT100+**                                    The target terminal type is VT100+
- **VT-UTF8**                                   The target terminal type is VT-UTF8
- **ANSI**                                      **DEFAULT**                                    The target terminal type is ANSI

### → Bits per second [115200]

Use the **Bits per second** option to specify the serial port transmission speed. The speed must match the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

- **9600**                                        Sets the serial port transmission speed at 9600.
- **19200**                                      Sets the serial port transmission speed at 19200.
- **57600**                                      Sets the serial port transmission speed at 57600.
- **115200**                                    **DEFAULT**                                    Sets the serial port transmission speed at 115200.

### → Data Bits [8]

Use the **Data Bits** option to specify the number of data bits.

- **7**    Sets the data bits at 7.
- **8**    **DEFAULT**                                      Sets the data bits at 8.

### → Parity [None]

Use the **Parity** option to specify the parity bit that can be sent with the data bits for detecting the transmission errors.

- **None**                                      **DEFAULT**                                      No parity bit is sent with the data bits.
- **Even**                                        The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is even.

- ➔ **Odd**                      The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is odd.
- ➔ **Mark**                      The parity bit is always 1. This option does not provide error detection.
- ➔ **Space**                      The parity bit is always 0. This option does not provide error detection.

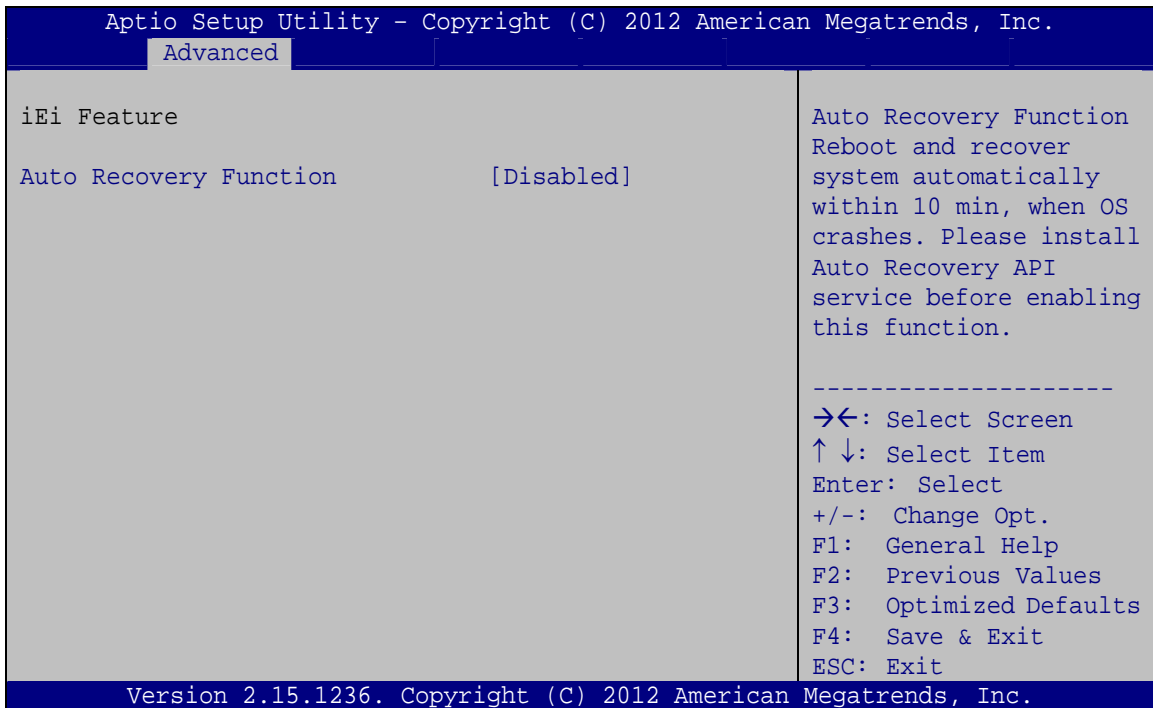
➔ **Stop Bits [1]**

Use the **Stop Bits** option to specify the number of stop bits used to indicate the end of a serial data packet. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

- ➔ **1**                      **DEFAULT**                      Sets the number of stop bits at 1.
- ➔ **2**                      Sets the number of stop bits at 2.

**5.3.12 iEi Feature**

Use the **iEi Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to configure One Key Recovery function.



**BIOS Menu 18: iEi Feature**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]

Use the **Auto Recovery Function** BIOS option to enable or disable the auto recovery function of the IEI One Key Recovery.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Auto recovery function disabled
- **Enabled**                      Auto recovery function enabled

## 5.4 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to access the PCH IO and System Agent (SA) configuration menus.



### **WARNING!**

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit  Server Mgmt
-----
> PCH-IO Configuration
> System Agent (SA) Configuration

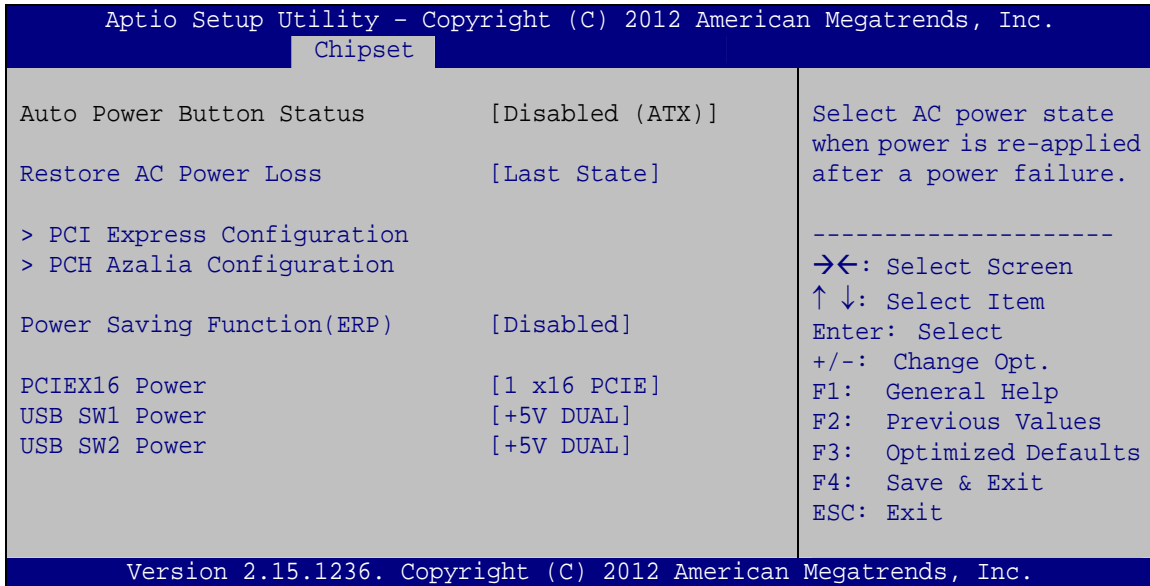
PCH Parameters
-----
→←: Select Screen
↑ ↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

**BIOS Menu 19: Chipset**

### 5.4.1 PCH-IO Configuration

Use the **PCH-IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 20**) to configure the PCH parameters.



#### BIOS Menu 20: PCH-IO Configuration

##### → Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- **Power Off**                      The system remains turned off
- **Power On**                        The system turns on
- **Last State**    **DEFAULT**    The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

##### → Power Saving Function(ERP) [Disabled]

Use the **Power Saving Function(ERP)** BIOS option to enable or disable the power saving function.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**    Power saving function is disabled.
- **Enabled**                      Power saving function is enabled. It will reduce power consumption when the system is off.

## PCIEX16-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → PCIEX16 Power [1 x16 PCIE]

Use the **PCIEX16 Power** BIOS option to configure the PCIe x16 channel mode on the backplane.

- **1 x16 PCIE**      **DEFAULT**      Sets the PCIe x16 slot as one PCIe x16
- **2 x8 PCIE**                              Sets the PCIe x16 slot as two PCIe x8
- **1 x8, 2 x4 PCIE**                      Sets the PCIe x16 slot as one PCIe x8 or two PCIe x4

### → USB SW1 Power [+5V DUAL]

Use the **USB SW1 Power** BIOS option to configure the USB power source for the external USB 3.0 ports.

- **+5V**                                      Sets the USB power source to +5V
- **+5V DUAL**      **DEFAULT**      Sets the USB power source to +5V dual

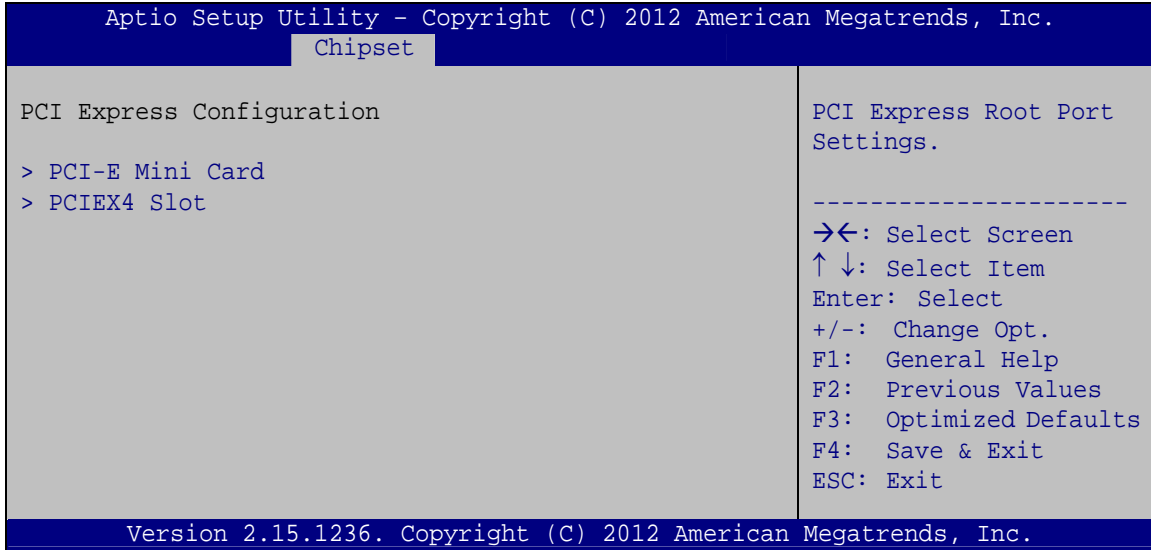
### → USB SW2 Power [+5V DUAL]

Use the **USB SW2 Power** BIOS option to configure the USB power source for the internal USB 3.0 and USB 2.0 ports.

- **+5V**                                      Sets the USB power source to +5V
- **+5V DUAL**      **DEFAULT**      Sets the USB power source to +5V dual

### 5.4.1.1 PCI Express Configuration

Use the **PCI Express Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 21**) to configure the PCI Express slots.



**BIOS Menu 21: PCI Express Configuration**

#### 5.4.1.1.1 PCI-E Mini Card/PCIEX4 Slot

Use the **PCI-E Mini Card/PCIEX4 Slot** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to configure the PCIe Mini and PCIe x4 settings.



**BIOS Menu 22: PCI Express Root Port n Configuration Menu**



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → PCIe Speed [Gen1]

Use this option to select the support type of the PCI Express ports. The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- Gen1
- Gen2

### → Detect Non-Compliance Device [Enabled]

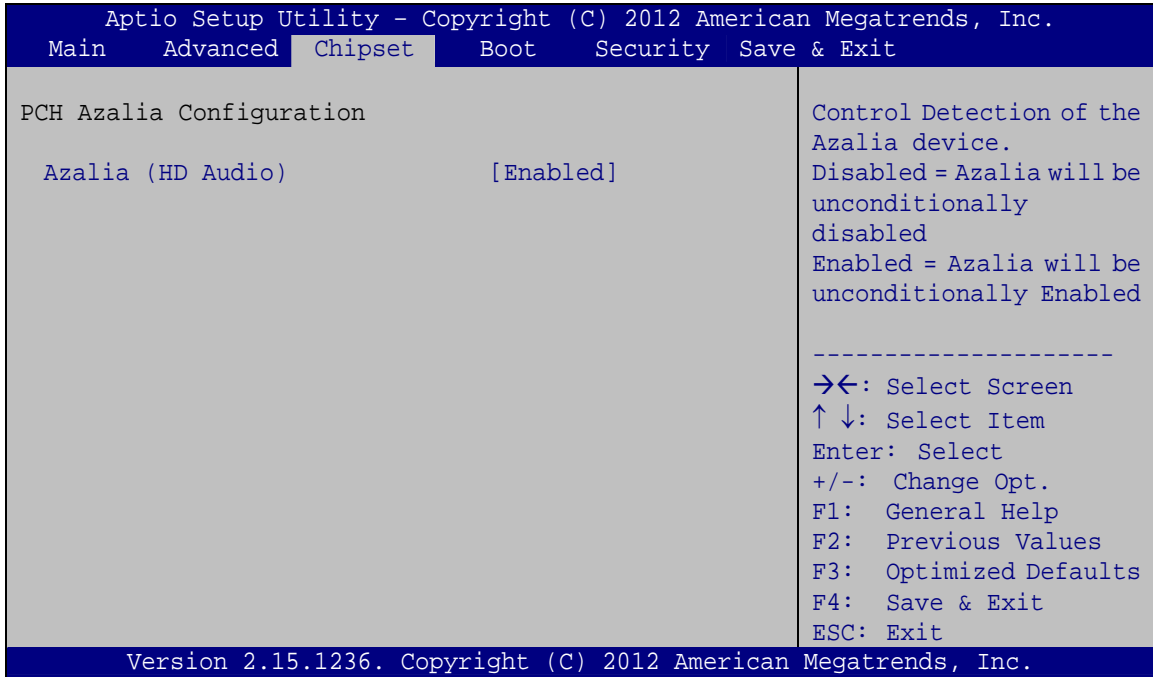
Use the **Detect Non-Compliance Device** option to enable or disable detecting if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

→ **Disabled** Disables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

→ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

### 5.4.1.2 PCH Azalia Configuration

Use the **PCH Azalia Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 23**) to configure the PCH Azalia settings.



**BIOS Menu 23: PCH Azalia Configuration Menu**

→ **Azalia (HD Audio) [Enabled]**

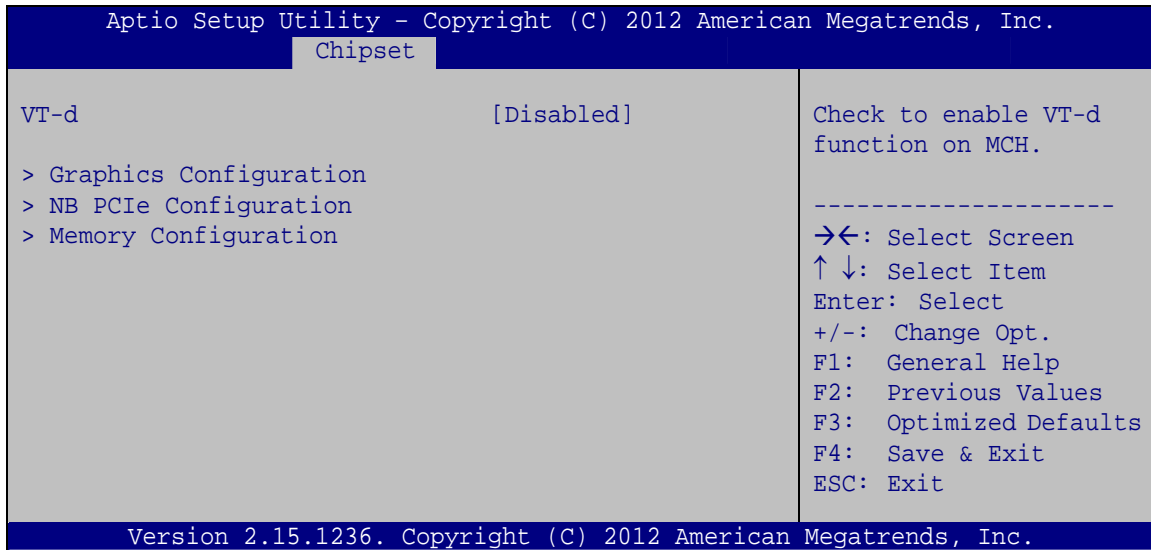
Use the **Azalia (HD Audio)** option to enable or disable the High Definition Audio controller.

- **Disabled**                      The onboard High Definition Audio controller is disabled
- **Enabled    DEFAULT**        The onboard High Definition Audio controller automatically detected and enabled

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.4.2 System Agent (SA) Configuration

Use the **System Agent (SA) Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 24**) to configure the System Agent (SA) parameters.



#### BIOS Menu 24: System Agent (SA) Configuration

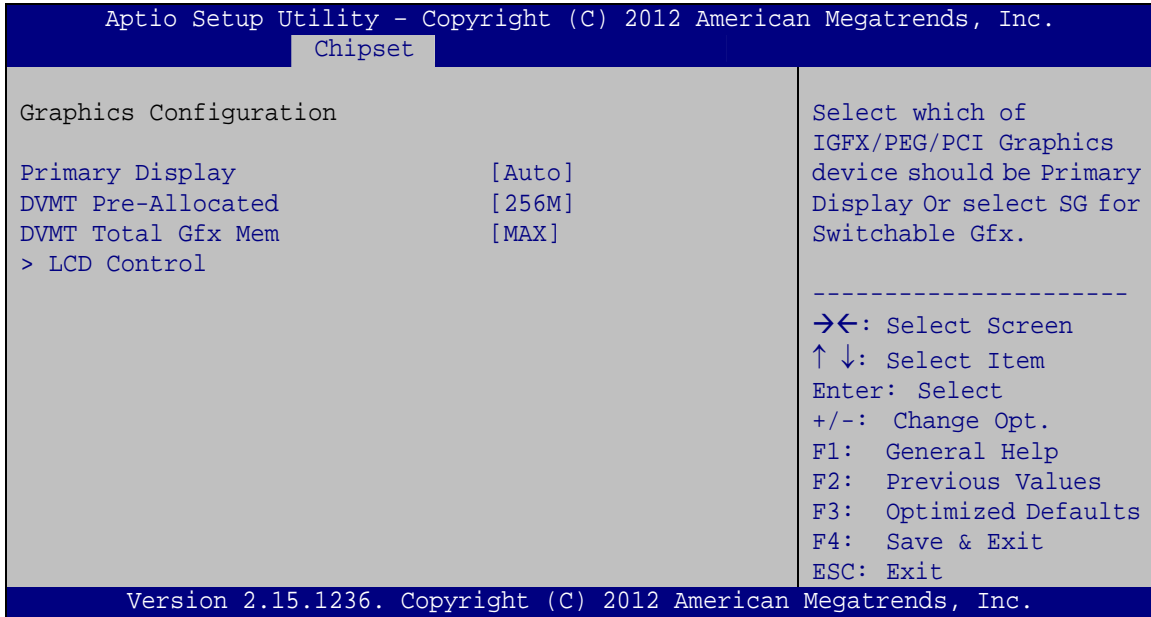
##### → VT-d [Disabled]

Use the **VT-d** option to enable or disable VT-d support.

- **Disabled**                      **DEFAULT**      Disables VT-d support.
- **Enabled**    Enables VT-d support.

#### 5.4.2.1 Graphics Configuration

Use the **Graphics Configuration** (**BIOS Menu 25**) menu to configure the video device connected to the system.



**BIOS Menu 25: Graphics Configuration**

→ **Primary Display [Auto]**

Use the **Primary Display** option to select the primary graphics controller the system uses.

The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- IGFX
- PEG
- PCI

→ **DVMT Pre-Allocated [256M]**

Use the **DVMT Pre-Allocated** option to set the amount of system memory allocated to the integrated graphics processor when the system boots. The system memory allocated can then only be used as graphics memory, and is no longer available to applications or the operating system. Configuration options are listed below:

- 32M
- 64M
- 128M
- 256M **Default**
- 512M

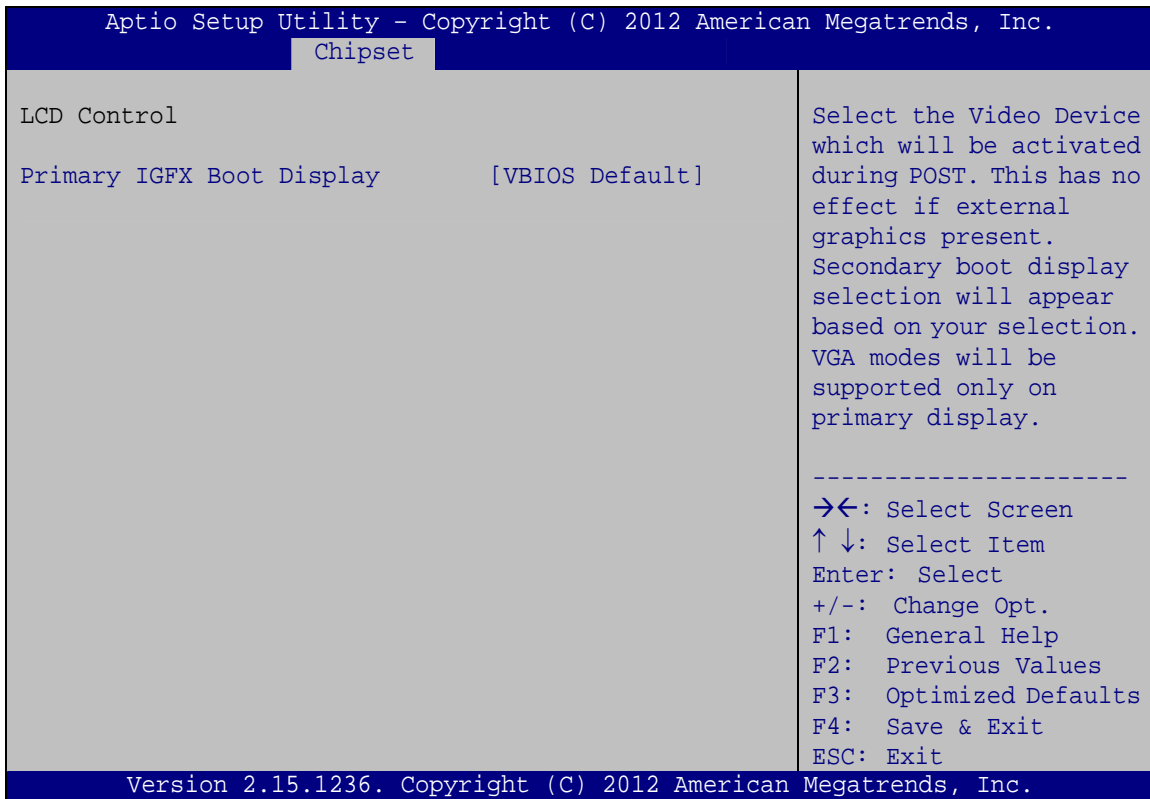
## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → DVMT Total Gfx Mem [MAX]

Use the **DVMT Total Gfx Mem** option to select DVMT5.0 total graphic memory size used by the internal graphic device. The following options are available:

- 128M
- 256M
- MAX                      **Default**

### 5.4.2.1.1 LCD Control



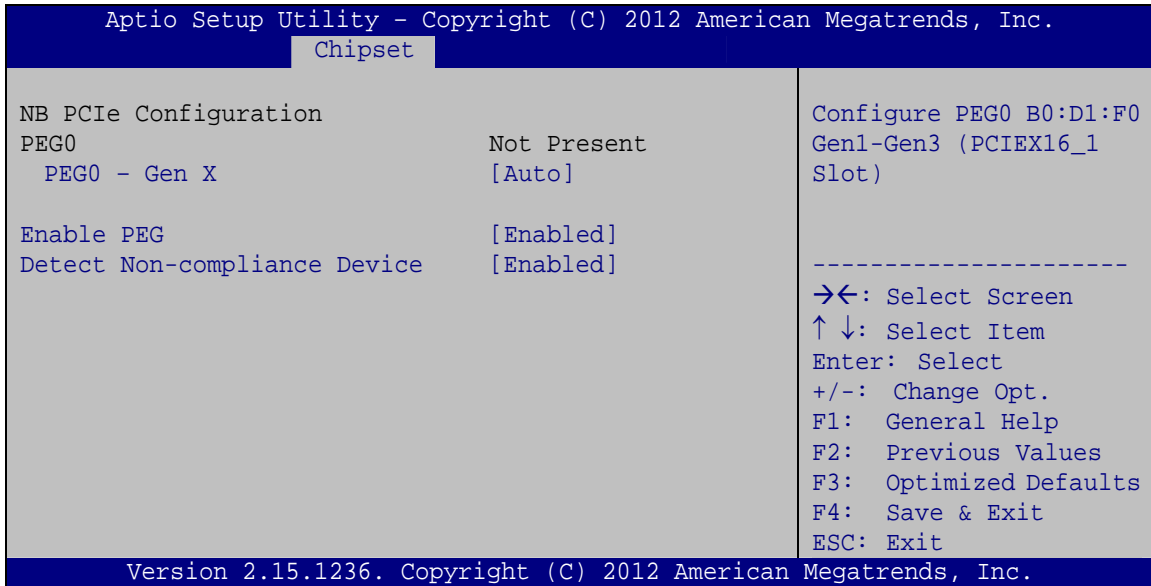
### BIOS Menu 26: LCD Control

### → Primary IGFX Boot Display [VBIOS Default]

Use the **Primary IGFX Boot Display** option to select the display device used by the system when it boots. Configuration options are listed below.

- VBIOS Default            **DEFAULT**
- CRT
- DP

**5.4.2.2 NB PCIe Configuration**



**BIOS Menu 27: NB PCIe Configuration**

→ **PEG0 – Gen X [Auto]**

Use the **PEG0 – Gen X** option to select the support type of the PCI Express (PEG) controller. The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- Gen1
- Gen2
- Gen3

→ **Enable PEG [Enabled]**

Use the **Enable PEG** option to enable or disable the PCI Express (PEG) controller.

- **Disabled** Disables the PCI Express (PEG) controller.
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables the PCI Express (PEG) controller.
- **Auto** The PCI Express (PEG) controller is disabled if no PCI Express devices are connected.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Detect Non-Compliance Device [Enabled]

Use the **Detect Non-Compliance Device** option to enable or disable detecting if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

- **Disabled** Disables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

### 5.4.2.3 Memory Configuration

Use the **Memory Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 28**) to view memory information.

```

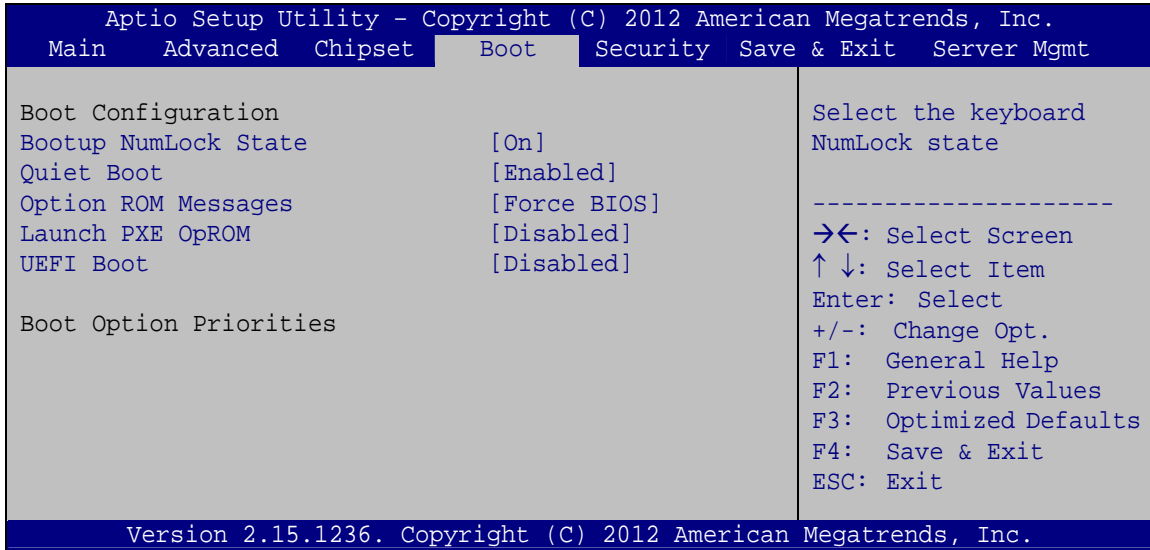
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Chipset
-----
Memory Information
Total Memory          4096 MB (DDR3)
CHA_DIMM1             4096 MB (DDR3)
CHA_DIMM2             Not Present
CHB_DIMM1             Not Present
CHB_DIMM2             Not Present
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
-----
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

**BIOS Menu 28: Memory Configuration**

## 5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu (**BIOS Menu 29**) to configure system boot options.



### BIOS Menu 29: Boot

#### → Bootup NumLock State [On]

Use the **Bootup NumLock State** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

→ **On**                      **DEFAULT**                      Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

→ **Off**    Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### → Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

- **Disabled** Normal POST messages displayed
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

### → Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

Use the **Option ROM Messages** option to set the Option ROM display mode.

- **Force BIOS** **DEFAULT** Sets display mode to force BIOS.
- **Keep Current** Sets display mode to current.

### → Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]

Use the **Launch PXE OpROM** option to enable or disable boot option for legacy network devices.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Ignore all PXE Option ROMs
- **Enabled** Load PXE Option ROMs.

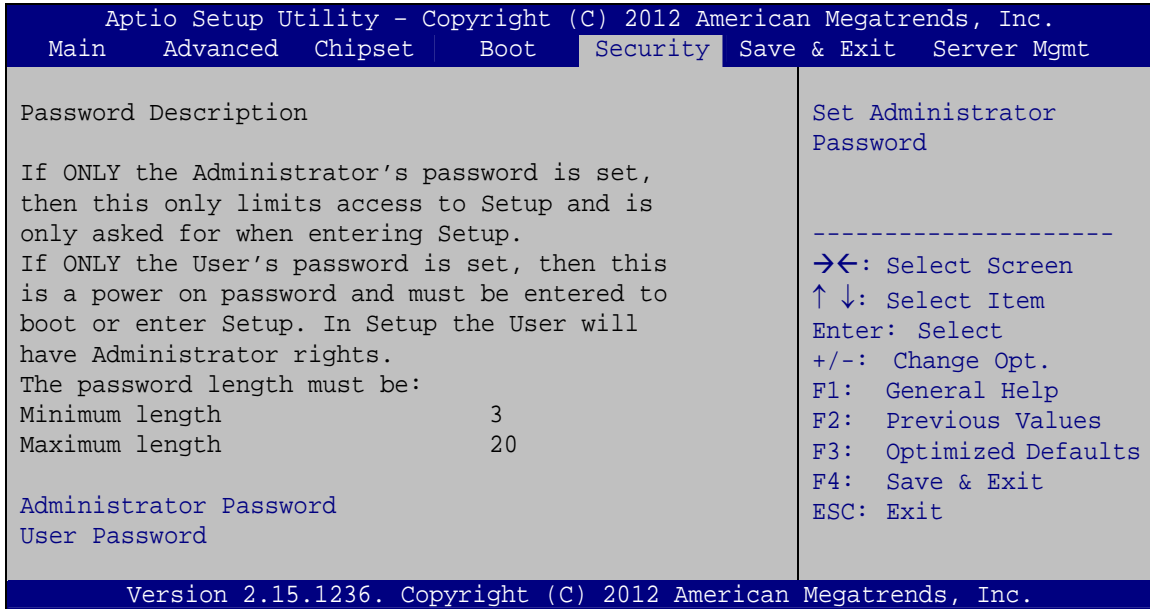
### → UEFI Boot [Disabled]

Use the **UEFI Boot** option to enable or disable to boot from the UEFI devices.

- **Enabled** Boot from UEFI devices is enabled.
- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Boot from UEFI devices is disabled.

## 5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 30**) to set system and user passwords.



### BIOS Menu 30: Security

#### ➔ Administrator Password

Use the **Administrator Password** to set or change a administrator password.

#### ➔ User Password

Use the **User Password** to set or change a user password.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.7 Save & Exit

Use the **Safe & Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 31**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit  Server Mgmt
-----
Save Changes and Reset
Discard Changes and Reset

Restore Defaults
Save as User Defaults
Restore User Defaults

Exit the system after
saving the changes.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

#### BIOS Menu 31: Save & Exit

##### → Save Changes and Reset

Use the **Save Changes and Reset** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and reset the system.

##### → Discard Changes and Reset

Use the **Discard Changes and Reset** option to exit the system without saving the changes made to the BIOS configuration setup program.

##### → Restore Defaults

Use the **Restore Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F3 key can be used for this operation.**

##### → Save as User Defaults

Use the **Save as User Defaults** option to save the changes done so far as user defaults.

→ Restore User Defaults

Use the **Restore User Defaults** option to restore the user defaults to all the setup options.

## 5.8 Server Mgmt

Use the **Server Mgmt** menu (**BIOS Menu 32**) to configure system event log and BMC network parameters.

```
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced   Chipset   Boot   Security   Save & Exit   Server Mgmt
-----
BMC Self Test Status
> System Event Log
> BMC network configuration

Press <Enter> to change
the SEL event log
configuration.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

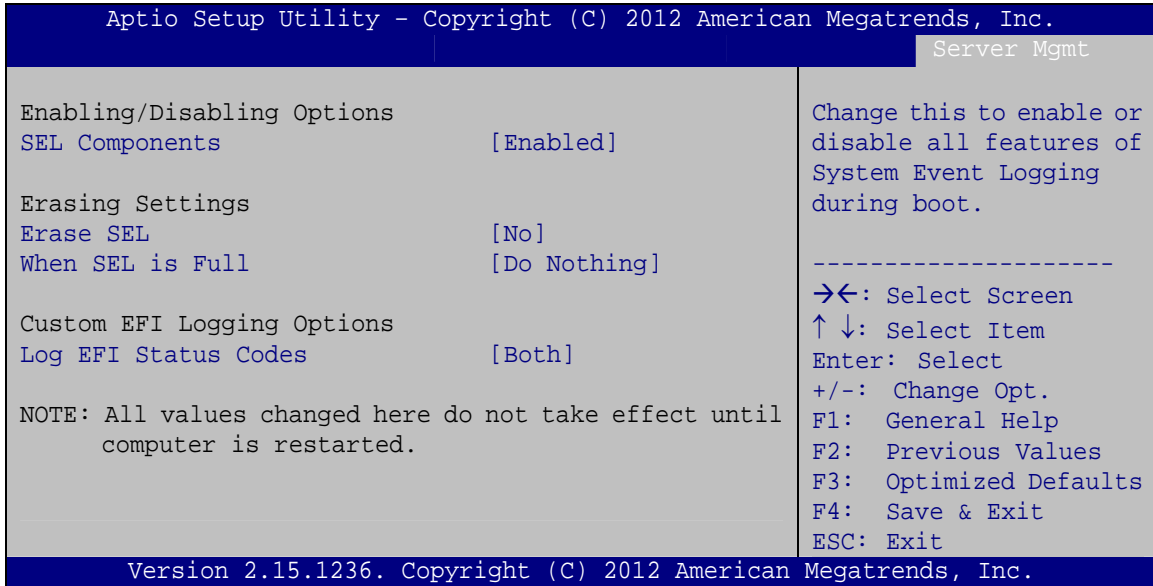
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

**BIOS Menu 32: Server Mgmt**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.8.1 System Event Log

Use the **System Event Log** menu (**BIOS Menu 33**) to configure system event log options.



#### BIOS Menu 33: System Event Log

##### → SEL Components [Enabled]

Use the **SEL Components** option to enable or disable all features of System Event Log during boot.

- **Disabled** System Event Log features disabled.
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** System Event Log features enabled.

##### → Erase SEL [No]

Use the **Erase SEL** option to select an option for erasing SEL (system event log).

- **No** **DEFAULT** Do not erase SEL
- **Yes,**  
**On next reset** Erase SEL on next reset
- **Yes,**  
**On every reset** Erase SEL on every reset

→ **When SEL is Full [Do Nothing]**

Use the **When SEL is Full** option to select an option for reaction to a full SEL.

- |                            |                |  |
|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| → <b>Do Nothing</b>        | <b>DEFAULT</b> | Do nothing when SEL is full            |
| → <b>Erase Immediately</b> |                | Erase SEL immediately when SEL is full |

→ **Log EFI Status Codes [Both]**

Use the **Log EFI Status Codes** option to select an option to log EFI status codes.

- |                        |                |  |
|------------------------|----------------|--|
| → <b>Disabled</b>      |                | Disables the logging of EFI status codes     |
| → <b>Both</b>          | <b>DEFAULT</b> | Logs both the error codes and progress codes |
| → <b>Error code</b>    |                | Logs only the error codes                    |
| → <b>Progress code</b> |                | Logs only the progress codes                 |

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 5.8.2 BMC Network Configuration

Use the **BMC Network Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 34**) to configure BMC network parameters.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
Server Mgmt
-----
BMC network configuration
Lan channel 1
Configuration Address source      [Unspecified]
Station IP address                -
Subnet mask                       -
Station MAC address               -
Router IP address                 -
Router MAC address                -

Select to configure LAN
channel parameters
statically or
dynamically (by BIOS or
BMC). Unspecified option
will not modify any BMC
network parameters
during BIOS phase.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

#### BIOS Menu 34: System Event Log

##### → Configuration Address source [Unspecified]

Use the **Configuration Address source** to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC).

- **Unspecified**                      **DEFAULT**      BMC network parameters will not be modified during BIOS phase.
  
- **Static**                              Select to modify the following BMC network parameters:
  - Station IP address
  - Subnet mask
  - Station MAC address
  - Router IP address
  - Router MAC address

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

- **Dynamic-Obtained by BMC**  
Select to configure LAN channel parameters dynamically by BMC
- **Dynamic-Loaded by BIOS**  
Select to configure LAN channel parameters dynamically by BIOS
- **Dynamic-BMC running Other Protocol**  
Select to configure LAN channel parameters dynamically by BMC running other protocol



Chapter

**6**

# Software Drivers

---

## 6.1 Available Software Drivers

---



### NOTE:

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

---

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

- Chipset
- VGA
- LAN
- USB 3.0
- Audio
- Intel® AMT

Installation instructions are given below.

## 6.2 Software Installation

All the drivers for the PCIE-Q870-i2 are on the CD that came with the system. To install the drivers, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Insert the CD into a CD drive connected to the system.

---



### NOTE:

If the installation program doesn't start automatically:  
Click "Start->My Computer->CD Drive->autorun.exe"

---

**Step 2:** The driver main menu appears (**Figure 6-1**).

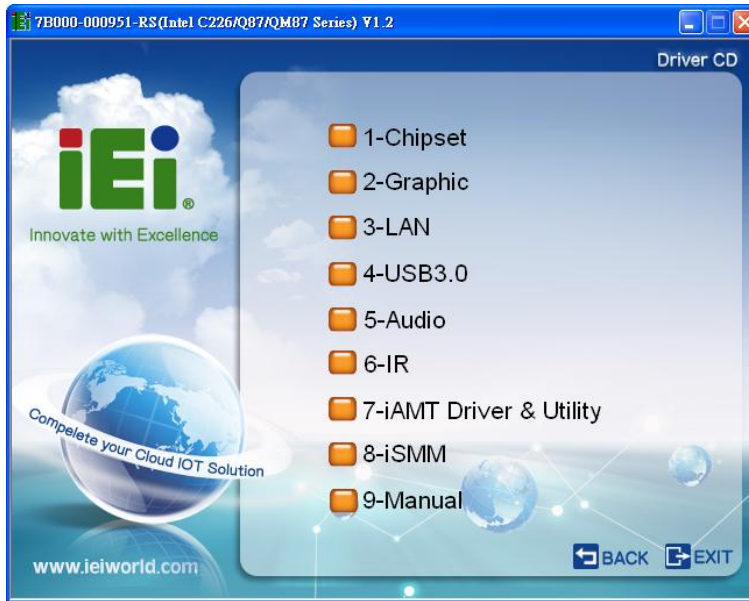
**PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card**



**Figure 6-1: Introduction Screen**

**Step 3:** Click PCIE-Q870.

**Step 4:** A new screen with a list of available drivers appears (**Figure 6-2**).



**Figure 6-2: Available Drivers**

**Step 5:** Install all of the necessary drivers in this menu.

## 6.3 Chipset Driver Installation

To install the chipset driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

**Step 2:** Click “1-Chipset”.

**Step 3:** Locate the setup file and double click on it.

**Step 4:** When the setup files are completely extracted, the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-3** appears.

**Step 5:** Click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen**

**Step 6:** The license agreement in **Figure 6-4** appears.

**Step 7:** Read the **License Agreement**.

**Step 8:** Click **Yes** to continue.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver License Agreement

**Step 9:** The Read Me file in Figure 6-5 appears.

**Step 10:** Click **Next** to continue.

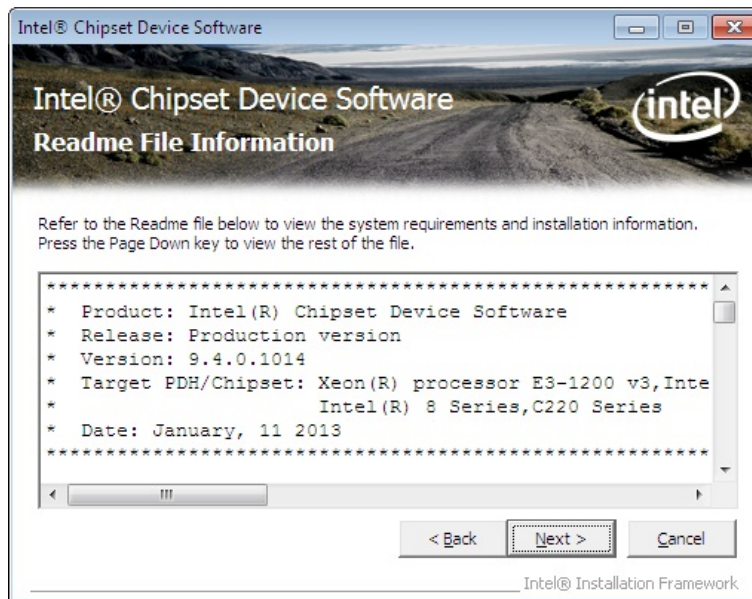
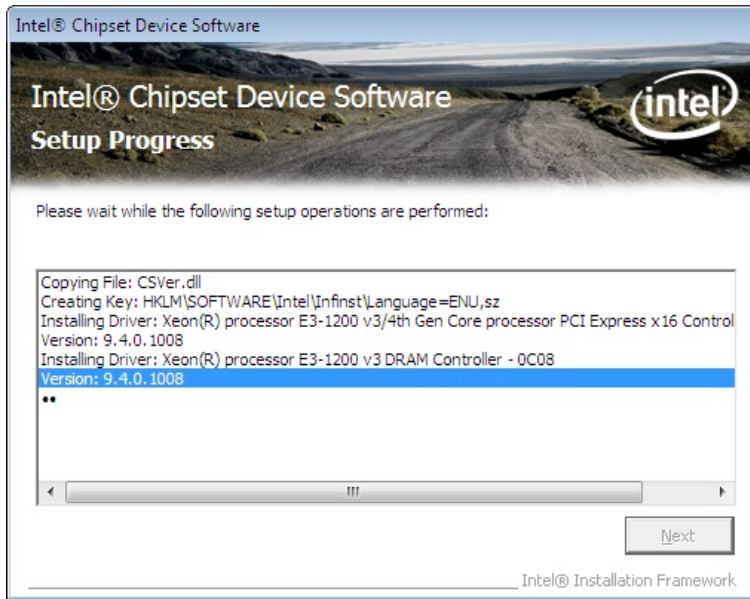


Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver Read Me File

**Step 11:** **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in Figure 6-6.

**Step 12:** Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Setup Operations**

**Step 13:** The **Finish** screen in **Figure 6-7** appears.

**Step 14:** Select **“Yes, I want to restart this computer now”** and click **Finish**.



**Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen**

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

### 6.4 Graphics Driver Installation

To install the Graphics driver, please do the following.

- Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)
- Step 2:** Click “**2-Graphic**” and select the folder which corresponds to the operating system.
- Step 3:** Locate the setup file and double click on it.
- Step 4:** The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-8** appears.
- Step 5:** Click **Next** to continue.



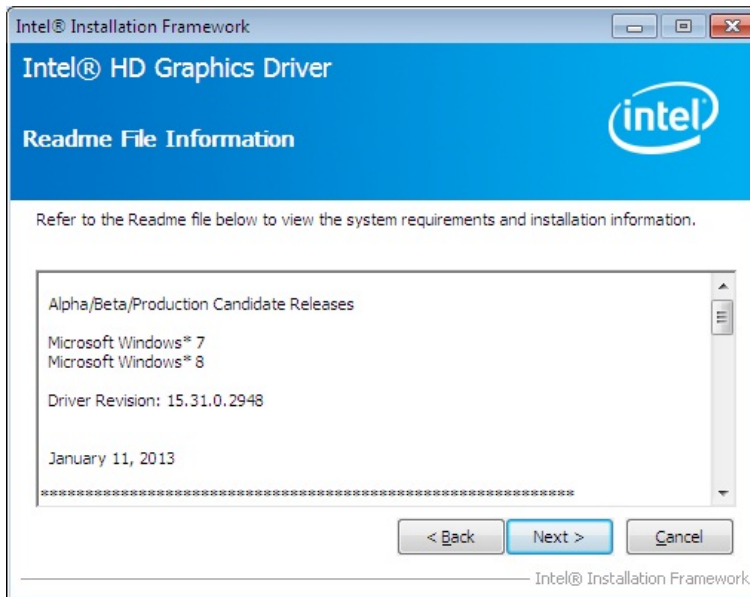
**Figure 6-8: Graphics Driver Welcome Screen**

- Step 6:** The **License Agreement** in **Figure 6-9** appears.
- Step 7:** Click **Yes** to accept the agreement and continue.



**Figure 6-9: Graphics Driver License Agreement**

**Step 8:** The **Read Me** file in **Figure 6-10** appears. Click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-10: Graphics Driver Read Me File**

**Step 9:** **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-11**.

**Step 10:** Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

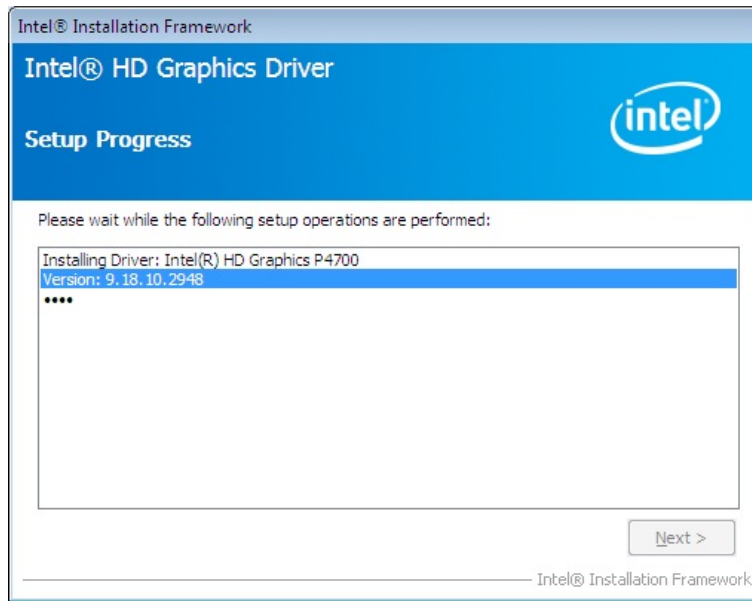


Figure 6-11: Graphics Driver Setup Operations

**Step 11:** The **Finish** screen in Figure 6-12 appears.

**Step 12:** Select “**Yes, I want to restart this computer now**” and click **Finish**.

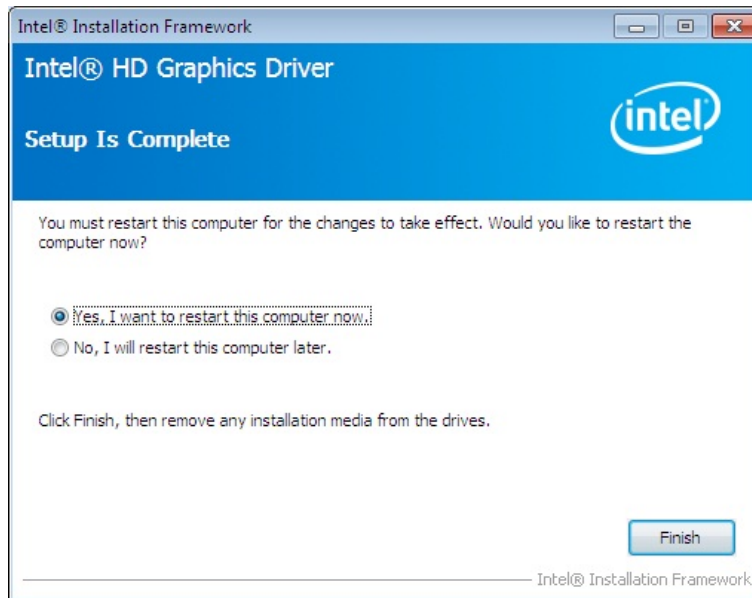


Figure 6-12: Graphics Driver Installation Finish Screen

## 6.5 LAN Driver Installation

To install the LAN driver, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

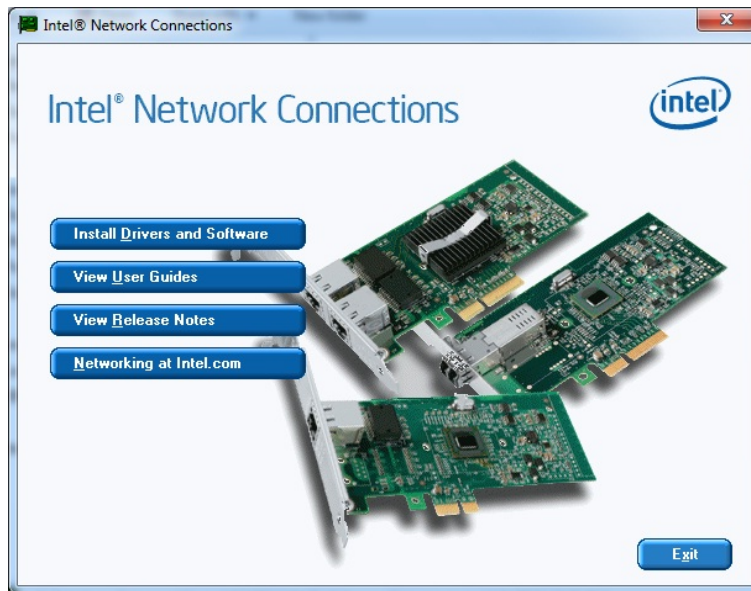
**Step 2:** Click “3-LAN”.

**Step 3:** Select the folder with the driver of correspondent LAN controller.

**Step 4:** Locate the Autorun file and double click on it.

**Step 5:** The Intel® Network Connection menu in **Figure 6-13** appears.

**Step 6:** Click **Install Drivers and Software**.



**Figure 6-13: Intel® Network Connection Menu**

**Step 7:** The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-14** appears.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

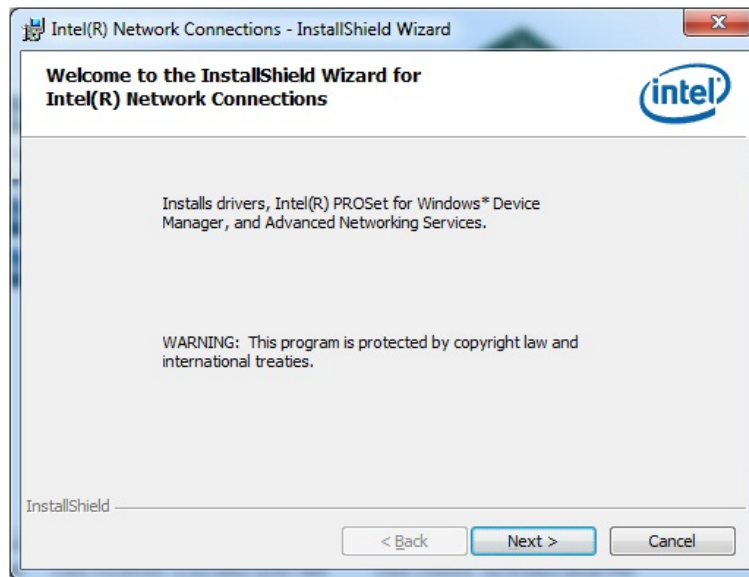


Figure 6-14: LAN Driver Welcome Screen

**Step 8:** Click **Next** to continue.

**Step 9:** The **License Agreement** in Figure 6-15 appears.

**Step 10:** Accept the agreement by selecting "I accept the terms in the license agreement".

**Step 11:** Click **Next** to continue.

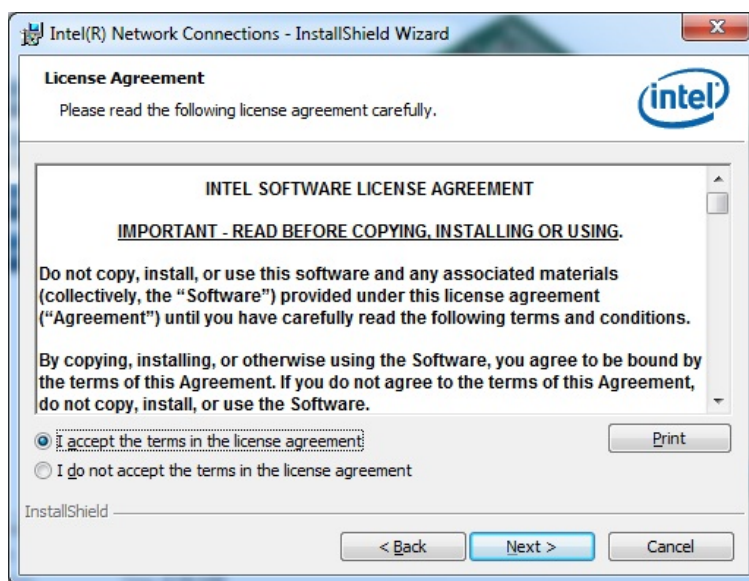
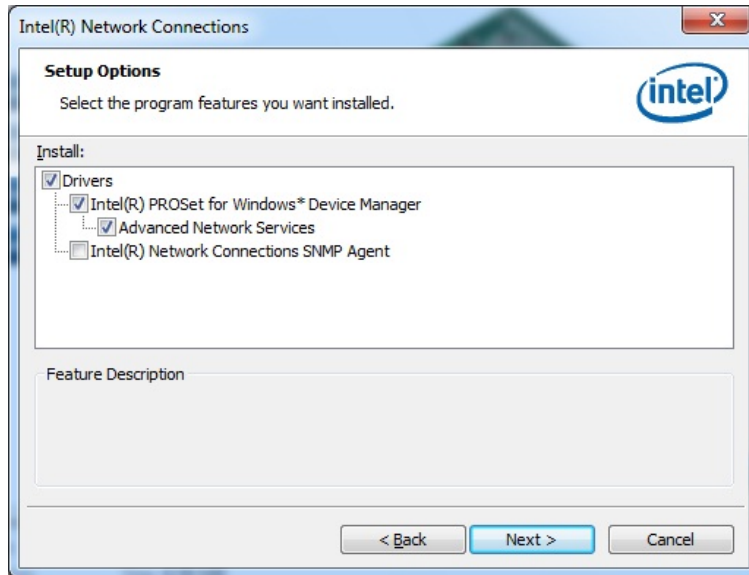


Figure 6-15: LAN Driver License Agreement

**Step 12:** The **Setup Options** screen in **Figure 6-16** appears.

**Step 13:** Select program features to install.

**Step 14:** Click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Setup Options**

**Step 15:** The **Ready to Install the Program** screen in **Figure 6-17** appears.

**Step 16:** Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

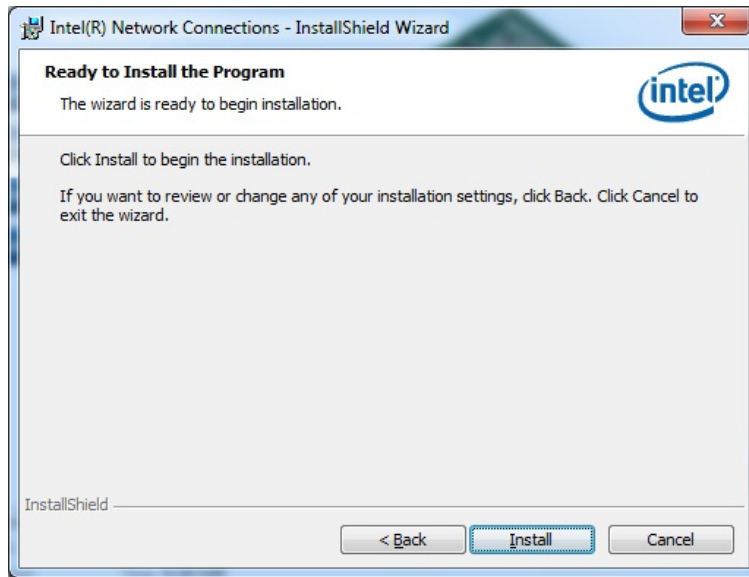


Figure 6-17: LAN Driver Installation

**Step 17:** The program begins to install.

**Step 18:** When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-18** appears.

**Step 19:** Click **Finish** to exit.

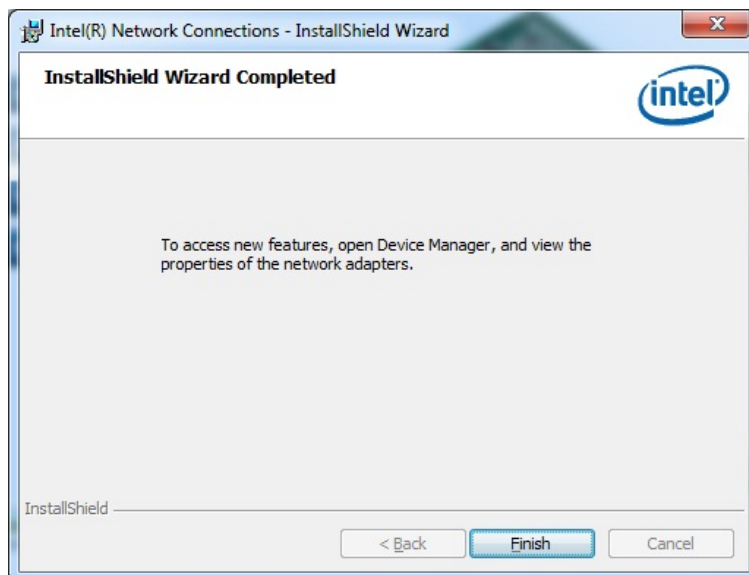


Figure 6-18: LAN Driver Installation Complete

## 6.6 USB 3.0 Driver Installation



### WARNING:

Do not run this driver's installer (Setup.exe) from a USB storage device (ie. external USB hard drive or USB thumb drive). For proper installation, please copy driver files to a local hard drive folder and run from there.

To install the USB 3.0 driver, please follow the steps below.

- Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)
- Step 2:** Click “4-USB3.0”.
- Step 3:** Locate the setup file and double click on it.
- Step 4:** A **Welcome Screen** appears (**Figure 6-19**).
- Step 5:** Click **Next** to continue.



Figure 6-19: USB 3.0 Driver Welcome Screen

- Step 6:** The license agreement in **Figure 6-20** appears.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**Step 7:** Read the **License Agreement**.

**Step 8:** Click **Yes** to continue.



**Figure 6-20: USB 3.0 Driver License Agreement**

**Step 9:** The **Read Me** file in **Figure 6-21** appears.

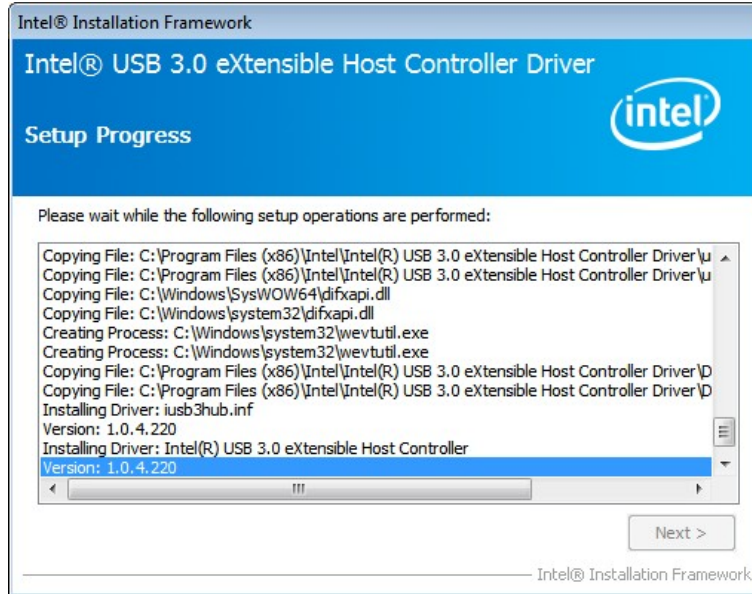
**Step 10:** Click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-21: USB 3.0 Driver Read Me File**

**Step 11:** Setup Operations are performed as shown in Figure 6-22.

**Step 12:** Once the Setup Operations are complete, click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-22: USB 3.0 Driver Setup Operations**

**Step 13:** The **Finish** screen in Figure 6-23 appears.

**Step 14:** Select “**Yes, I want to restart this computer now**” and click **Finish**.



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

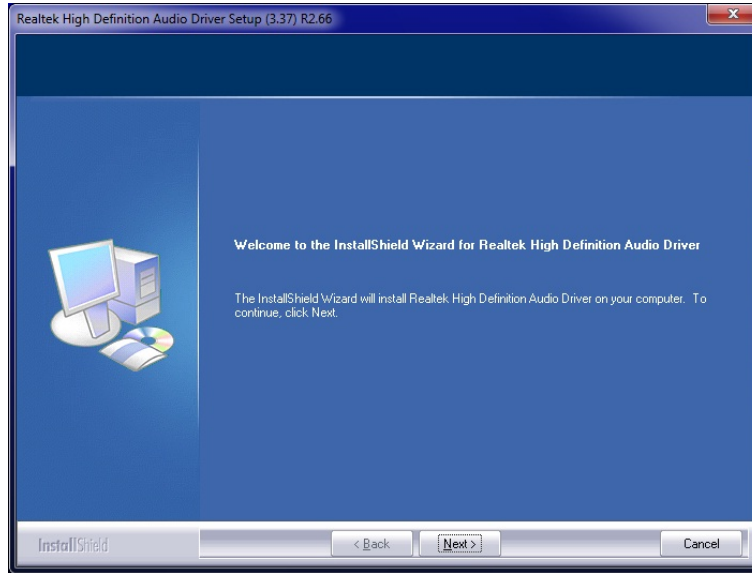


Figure 6-23: USB 3.0 Driver Installation Finish Screen

## 6.7 Audio Driver Installation

To install the audio driver, please do the following.

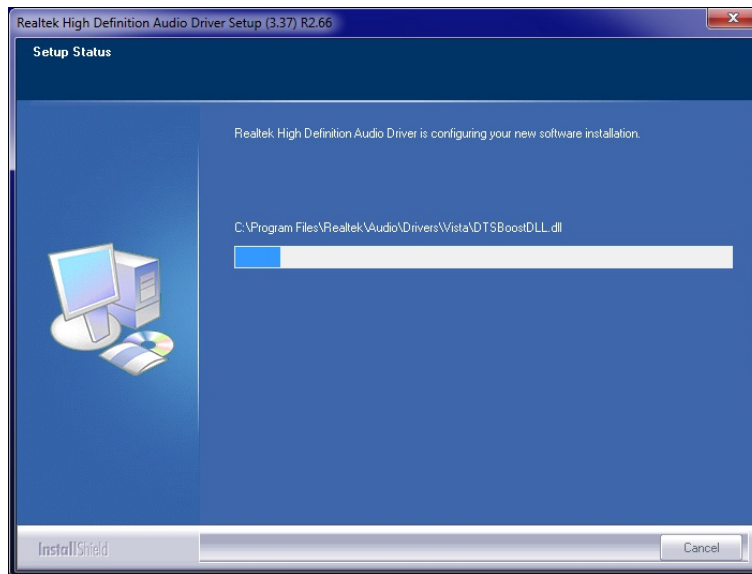
- Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)
- Step 2:** Click “**5-Audio**” and select the folder which corresponds to the operating system.
- Step 3:** Double click the setup file.
- Step 4:** The **InstallShield Wizard** is prepared to guide the user through the rest of the process.
- Step 5:** Once initialized, the **InstallShield Wizard** welcome screen appears (**Figure 6-24**).



**Figure 6-24: InstallShield Wizard Welcome Screen**

**Step 6:** Click **Next** to continue the installation.

**Step 7:** InstallShield starts to install the new software as shown in **Figure 6-25**.



**Figure 6-25: Audio Driver Software Configuration**

**Step 8:** After the driver installation process is complete, a confirmation screen appears (Figure 6-26).

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

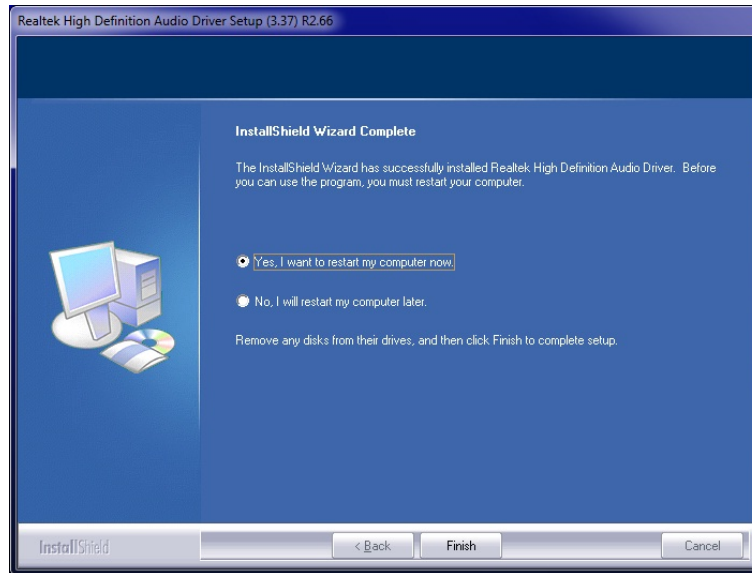


Figure 6-26: Restart the Computer

- Step 9:** The confirmation screen offers the option of restarting the computer now or later. For the settings to take effect, the computer must be restarted. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.

## 6.8 Intel® AMT Driver Installation

The package of the Intel® ME components includes

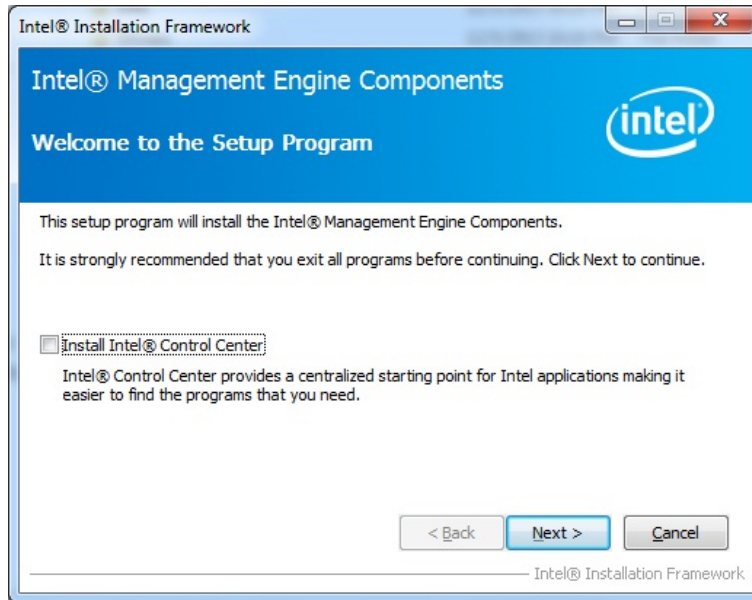
- Intel® Management Engine Interface (Intel® ME Interface)
- Intel® Dynamic Application Loader
- Intel® Identity Protection Technology (Intel® IPT)
- Serial Over LAN (SOL) driver
- Intel® Management and Security Status Application
- Local Manageability Service (LMS)

To install these Intel® ME components, please do the following.

- Step 1:** Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)
- Step 2:** Click “7-iAMT Driver & Utility”.
- Step 3:** Double click the setup file in the **ME\_SW** folder.

**Step 4:** When the setup files are completely extracted the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-27** appears.

**Step 5:** Click **Next** to continue.



**Figure 6-27: Intel® ME Driver Welcome Screen**

**Step 6:** The license agreement in **Figure 6-28** appears.

**Step 7:** Read the **License Agreement**.

**Step 8:** Click **Yes** to continue.

PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

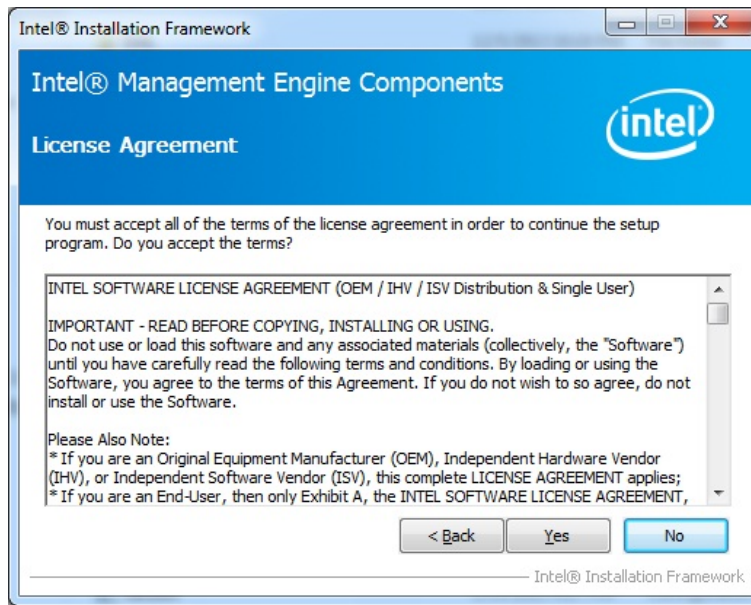


Figure 6-28: Intel® ME Driver License Agreement

**Step 9:** Setup Operations are performed as shown in Figure 6-29.

**Step 10:** Once the Setup Operations are complete, click Next to continue.

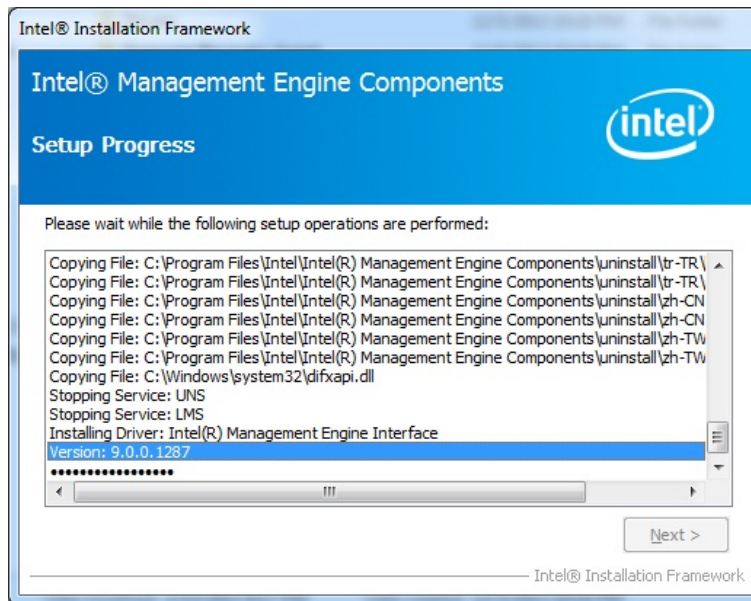
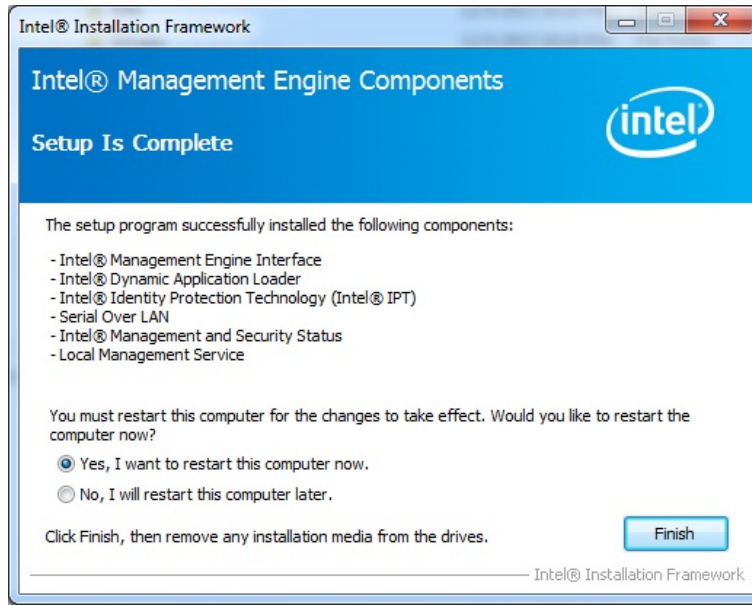


Figure 6-29: Intel® ME Driver Setup Operations

**Step 11:** The Finish screen in Figure 6-30 appears.

**Step 12:** Select “Yes, I want to restart this computer now” and click Finish.



**Figure 6-30: Intel® ME Driver Installation Finish Screen**

Appendix

**A**

# Regulatory Compliance

---

**DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with specifications for CE marking. If the user modifies and/or installs other devices in the equipment, the CE conformity declaration may no longer apply.

**FCC WARNING**

This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



Appendix

**B**

# BIOS Options

---

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

<b>System Overview</b> .....	<b>76</b>
<b>System Date [xx/xx/xx]</b> .....	<b>76</b>
<b>System Time [xx:xx:xx]</b> .....	<b>76</b>
<b>ACPI Sleep State [S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)]</b> .....	<b>78</b>
<b>Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>79</b>
<b>Security Device Support [Disable]</b> .....	<b>80</b>
<b>Hyper-threading [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>81</b>
<b>Active Processor Cores [All]</b> .....	<b>82</b>
<b>Intel Virtualization Technology [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>82</b>
<b>EIST [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>82</b>
<b>SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>83</b>
<b>SATA Mode Selection [IDE]</b> .....	<b>83</b>
<b>Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>84</b>
<b>Intel AMT [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>85</b>
<b>Un-Configure ME [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>85</b>
<b>USB Devices</b> .....	<b>86</b>
<b>Legacy USB Support [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>86</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>88</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>88</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>89</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>89</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>90</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>90</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>90</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>91</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>91</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>91</b>
<b>Serial Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>92</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>93</b>
<b>Duplex Function [Full Duplex]</b> .....	<b>93</b>
<b>Parallel Port [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>94</b>
<b>Change Settings [Auto]</b> .....	<b>94</b>
<b>Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]</b> .....	<b>95</b>

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PC Health Status .....	96
CPU_FAN1 Smart Fan Control/SYS_FAN1 Smart Fan Control [Auto Mode] .....	97
Fan start/off temperature .....	97
Fan start PWM .....	97
Fan slope PWM .....	97
Console Redirection [Disabled] .....	98
Terminal Type [ANSI].....	99
Bits per second [115200].....	99
Data Bits [8] .....	99
Parity [None].....	99
Stop Bits [1].....	100
Auto Recovery Function [Disabled].....	101
Restore AC Power Loss [Last State] .....	102
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PCIEX16 Power [1 x16 PCIE].....	103
USB SW1 Power [+5V DUAL].....	103
USB SW2 Power [+5V DUAL].....	103
PCIe Speed [Gen1].....	105
Detect Non-Compliance Device [Enabled] .....	105
Azalia (HD Audio) [Enabled] .....	106
VT-d [Disabled].....	107
Primary Display [Auto] .....	108
DVMT Pre-Allocated [256M] .....	108
DVMT Total Gfx Mem [MAX].....	109
Primary IGFX Boot Display [VBIOS Default] .....	109
PEG0 – Gen X [Auto] .....	110
Enable PEG [Enabled] .....	110
Detect Non-Compliance Device [Enabled] .....	111
Bootup NumLock State [On].....	112
Quiet Boot [Enabled] .....	113
Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS].....	113
Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled] .....	113
UEFI Boot [Disabled] .....	113
Administrator Password .....	114
User Password .....	114

<b>Save Changes and Reset .....</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Discard Changes and Reset .....</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Restore Defaults .....</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Save as User Defaults .....</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Restore User Defaults .....</b>	<b>116</b>
<b>SEL Components [Enabled].....</b>	<b>117</b>
<b>Erase SEL [No] .....</b>	<b>117</b>
<b>When SEL is Full [Do Nothing].....</b>	<b>118</b>
<b>Log EFI Status Codes [Both] .....</b>	<b>118</b>
<b>Configuration Address source [Unspecified] .....</b>	<b>119</b>

Appendix

C

# Terminology

---

<b>AC '97</b>	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
<b>ACPI</b>	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
<b>AHCI</b>	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
<b>ATA</b>	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
<b>ARMD</b>	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
<b>ASKIR</b>	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude (“volume”) of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
<b>BIOS</b>	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
<b>CODEC</b>	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
<b>CMOS</b>	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
<b>COM</b>	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
<b>DAC</b>	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
<b>DDR</b>	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
<b>DMA</b>	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.

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<b>DIMM</b>	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
<b>DIO</b>	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
<b>EHCI</b>	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
<b>EIDE</b>	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
<b>EIST</b>	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
<b>FSB</b>	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
<b>GbE</b>	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
<b>GPIO</b>	General purpose input
<b>HDD</b>	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
<b>ICH</b>	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
<b>IrDA</b>	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
<b>L1 Cache</b>	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
<b>L2 Cache</b>	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.
<b>LCD</b>	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.

<b>LVDS</b>	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
<b>POST</b>	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
<b>RAM</b>	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
<b>SATA</b>	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
<b>S.M.A.R.T</b>	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
<b>UART</b>	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
<b>UHCI</b>	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
<b>USB</b>	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
<b>VGA</b>	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.



Appendix

**D**

# Digital I/O Interface

---

## D.1 Introduction

The DIO connector on the PCIE-Q870-i2 is interfaced to GPIO ports on the Super I/O chipset. The DIO has both 4-bit digital inputs and 4-bit digital outputs. The digital inputs and digital outputs are generally control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.



### NOTE:

For further information, please refer to the datasheet for the Super I/O chipset.

---

The BIOS interrupt call **INT 15H** controls the digital I/O.

### INT 15H:

<b>AH – 6FH</b>	
<u>Sub-function:</u>	
<b>AL – 8</b>	: Set the digital port as INPUT
<b>AL</b>	: Digital I/O input value

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

## D.2 Assembly Language Sample 1

```

MOV     AX, 6F08H      ;setting the digital port as input
INT     15H           ;

```

AL low byte = value

AH – 6FH
<u>Sub-function:</u>
AL – 9 : Set the digital port as OUTPUT
BL : Digital I/O input value

## D.3 Assembly Language Sample 2

```

MOV     AX, 6F09H      ;setting the digital port as output
MOV     BL, 09H        ;digital value is 09H
INT     15H           ;

```

Digital Output is 1001b

Appendix

**E**

# Watchdog Timer

---

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

**NOTE:**

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for specific drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

<b>AH – 6FH Sub-function:</b>	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).

**Table E-1: AH-6FH Sub-function**

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

**NOTE:**

When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

**EXAMPLE PROGRAM:**

```
; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER
```

```
;
```

```
W_LOOP:
```

```
;
```

```
    MOV     AX, 6F02H      ;setting the time-out value  
    MOV     BL, 30        ;time-out value is 48 seconds  
    INT     15H
```

```
;
```

```
; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE
```

```
;
```

```
    CMP     EXIT_AP, 1    ;is the application over?  
    JNE     W_LOOP       ;No, restart the application
```

```
    MOV     AX, 6F02H    ;disable Watchdog Timer  
    MOV     BL, 0       ;  
    INT     15H
```

```
;
```

```
; EXIT ;
```

Appendix

**F**

# Intel® Matrix Storage Manager

---

## F.1 Introduction

The PCIE-Q870-i2 can provide data protection for serial ATA (SATA) disks via the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager using one of three fault-tolerant RAID levels: RAID 1, 5 or 10. When using two hard drives, matrix RAID allows RAID 0 and RAID 1 functions to be combined, where critical files can be stored on RAID 1, and RAID 0 can be used for non-critical items such as software. RAID 5 and RAID 0 can be combined to provide higher performance, capacity, and fault tolerance.



### **CAUTION!**

A configured RAID volume (which may consist of multiple hard drives) appears to an operating system as a contingent storage space. The operating system will not be able to distinguish the physical disk drives contained in a RAID configuration.

---

### F.1.1 Precautions

One key benefit a RAID configuration brings is that a single hard drive can fail within a RAID array without damaging data. With RAID1 array, a failed drive can be replaced and the RAID configuration restored.



### **WARNING!**

Irrecoverable data loss occurs if a working drive is removed when trying to remove a failed drive. It is strongly recommended to mark the physical connections of all SATA disk drives. Drive locations can be identified by attaching stickers to the drive bays. If a drive member of a RAID array should fail, the failed drive can then be correctly identified.

---



## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

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### CAUTION!

Do not accidentally disconnect the SATA drive cables. Carefully route the cables within the chassis to avoid system down time.

---

## F.2 Features and Benefits

- Supports RAID levels 0, 1, 5 and 10
- Supports connectivity to two or more disk drives
- Supported Operating Systems include: Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Vista and Windows 7

## F.3 Accessing the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager

To access the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Connect SATA drives to the system.** Connect two or more SATA drives to the system. Make sure the drives have the same capacity, are the same type and have the same speed.

---



### NOTE:

Make sure the SATA drives are EXACTLY the same when they are configured in a RAID configuration. If they are not the same size, disk drive capacity is sacrificed and overall performance affected.

---

**Step 2: Enable SATA drives in BIOS.** Start the computer and access the BIOS setup program. Enable RAID support for all SATA devices. Refer to the applicable BIOS configuration section in this user manual.

**Step 3: Configure “Option ROM Messages” BIOS option to Force BIOS.** This is to allow the “Press <CTRL+I> to enter Configuration Utility.....” message to

appear during the POST. Refer to the applicable BIOS configuration section in this user manual.

- Step 4: Save and Exit BIOS.** After the SATA support option is enabled, save and exit the BIOS.
- Step 5: Reboot the system.** Reboot the system after saving and exiting the BIOS.
- Step 6: Press Ctrl+I. during the system boot process.** Press Ctrl+I when prompted to enter the RAID configuration software.
- Step 7: Configure the RAID settings.** Use the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager to configure the RAID array. Brief descriptions of configuration options are given below.

## F.4 Installing the Operating System to the RAID Array

To install the operating system to the RAID array some extra steps are necessary during the installation process.

- Step 1: Prepare a RAID driver floppy disk on another computer.** If installing on the RAID array a RAID driver floppy disk must be made. The RAID driver floppy disk utility is on the CD in the “5-SATA/Floppy Configuration Utility” folder. The floppy disk will be formatted and the drivers installed.
- Step 2: Restart the system with a floppy drive attached.** Attach a normal floppy drive or USB floppy drive to the system.
- Step 3: Press F6 when prompted.** During the installation process, Windows OS prompts the user to press F6 to install the RAID drivers. Press F6 and choose from the drivers on the floppy disk.
- Step 4: Install the OS.** Continue with OS installation as usual.

Appendix

G

# Hazardous Materials Disclosure

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## **G.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury**

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated “Environmentally Friendly Use Period” (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would “not leak out or undergo abrupt change.” This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

## PCIE-Q870-i2 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Display	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Printed Circuit Board	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Metal Fasteners	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Cable Assembly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Fan Assembly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Power Supply Assemblies	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Battery	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有“环境友好使用期限”的标签，此期限是估算这些物质“不会有泄漏或突变”的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (CR(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚 (PBDE)
壳体	○	○	○	○	○	○
显示	○	○	○	○	○	○
印刷电路板	○	○	○	○	○	○
金属螺帽	○	○	○	○	○	○
电缆组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
风扇组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
电力供应组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
电池	○	○	○	○	○	○

○: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。  
 X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。